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This Week—

By M. I. N. I.

With the Army appropriation bill before the Senate and the Navy appropriation bill due to come up in the House next week, Congress soon will have completed its annual task of providing for the common defense. It is a task, unfortunately, to which other countries usually give much more weight and thought than does ours.

It is a tribute to the Army's administration of the camps that 200 or more members of Congress in signing the petition to the President asking that the CCC be not reduced, point out that the CCC is one feature of the New Deal that has not been subjected to adverse criticism.

Rear Adm. Adolphus E. Watson, USN, will shortly join the Navy General Board, to which Admiral Joseph M. Reeves and Rear Adm. Thomas C. Hart already have been ordered.

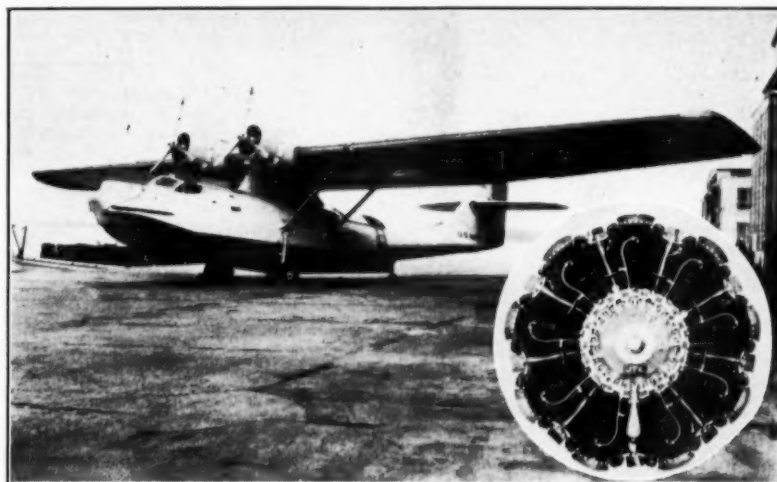
Speaking of the General Board, I understand it has three or four more weeks of work before it will be ready to draft the report on the selection system requested of it by the Secretary. In its study the Board is now analyzing returns of the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL's survey of Navy and Marine Corps promotion sentiment. Before it—valuable signatures—is not only a tabulation of returns of the vote on the JOURNAL's poll but also copies of a number of letters received by the JOURNAL and of some of the remarks containing objections and suggestions offered by officers of the services.

Recognizing the hardships of the old restrictive provision against employment of retired Army officers, the Senate Military committee wisely liberalized the clause. Acceptance of this revised amendment will be appreciated by the service.

Washington will be sorry to lose Maj. Gen. George S. Simonds, the able deputy chief of staff, but the Presidio of San Francisco will give him a warm welcome. A fine command, General.

Selection of Capt. Wiley H. O'Mohun, Inf., as Captain of the Infantry Rifle Team for 1936, recalls to mind that the National Matches are not so far off. Congress should approve the additional appropriation recommended by the Senate committee to bring the Matches back where they were before the economy program began cutting down on them.

Brig. Gen. Daniel Van Voorhis, USA, goes back to the Mechanized Cavalry as commander of the 17th Brigade at Fort Knox. First commander of the old Mechanized Force, first Commander of the First Cavalry when it was mechanized, General Van Voorhis is an outstanding expert on this new form of the art of war.



Army and Navy Aviation Advances—The Navy's record breaking patrol seaplane, holder of the international airline distance and broken line distance records for seaplanes, which is being put into production for issue of 60 of its type to the service. Inset: The new 1,000-horsepower, 9 cylinder engine, 432 of which were ordered by the Army this week. It is said to be the most powerful single row radial production aircraft engine in the world.

President Approves 651 Navy Junior Selections

The President of the United States on March 11 approved the recommendations of the Line Selection Board for the promotion of 221 officers of the grade of Lieutenant to Lieutenant Commander, and 430 officers of the grade of Lieutenant, junior grade, to Lieutenant. Promotions will be made as vacancies occur in the higher grades.

The Selection Board convened in the Navy Department on Feb. 10, by order of the Secretary of the Navy. Rear Adm. Gilbert J. Rowcliff, USN, was president of the board and additional members were: Capt. Allen B. Reed, USN, Naval Operations, Navy Department; Capt. Max M. Frucht, USN, Commanding Officer, USS Rigel and Destroyer Base, San Diego, Calif.; Capt. William R. Furlong, USN, Inspector-in-Charge, Naval Proving Ground, Dahlgren, Va.; Capt. John H. Newton, USN, Head of Post-Graduate School, Annapolis, Md.; Capt. Thomas Withers, USN, Commanding Submarine Base, New London, Conn.; Capt. Robert C. Giffen, USN, Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md.; Capt. Patrick N. L. Bellinger, USN, Bureau of Aeronautics, Navy Department; Capt. Abel T. Bidwell, USN, Bureau of Navigation, Navy Department; Lt. Comdr. Elmer S. Stoker, USN, Bureau of Navigation, Recorder.

Lieutenants Selected

Officers of the grade of Lieutenant, U. S. Navy selected for promotion to Lieutenant Commander, U. S. Navy:

L. C. Lawbaugh	E. D. Snare
H. E. Parker	Barton Gay Lake
T. G. Hoff	A. Macdonald, Jr.
J. B. Goode	T. F. Wellings
Edwin Curry Bain	A. E. True
V. W. Grady	J. C. Pollock
John Greeley Winn	Harold Willis Eaton
A. M. Granum	Keith Rogers Belch

(Please turn to Page 600)

Senate Gets Increased Army Supply Measure

Restoring the 165,000 enlisted strength authorized in the current appropriation bill, the Senate Committee on Appropriations on Thursday, March 12, reported out the War Department supply bill for the fiscal year 1937.

In the military portion of the bill, the Senate committee recommendations represent a net increase of \$7,833,316 over the measure as passed by the House. This was in spite of the fact that the committee recommended elimination of \$6,725,000 in seacoast defenses and \$7,500 in ordnance service and supplies. The total of the sums added to the military section of the bill by the Senate committee was \$14,505,816.

Many important changes were made in the bill by the Senate committee. In addition to providing 165,000 enlisted men instead of the 147,000 as provided in the House bill, the Senate committee increased the authorized commissioned strength by 350. Of this officer increase, it is contemplated that 50 are to result from the provisions of the Thomason bill (that is, are to come from reserve second lieutenants who are Reserve Officers Training Corps graduates or from graduates of the Air Corps Training Center); 200 would be additional medical corps officers, and 100 additional dental officers. As recommended by the Subcommittee the bill carried a provision increasing the authorized strength of the medical and dental corps so that the increases could be made. However, the full committee eliminated this authorization but did not change the total authorized strength of the army nor eliminate the additional funds to make the increase. Members of the committee stated the authorization for the medical (Please turn to Page 600)

Journal's Poll Result To Navy General Board

At the request of the Navy General Board, which is carrying forward its restudy of the selection system, the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL this week turned over to it tabulated returns of the JOURNAL's promotion survey and copies of the suggestions submitted therein by officers as to changes in the system.

A compilation of the returns of the JOURNAL survey, tabulated when the General Board investigation was started, was furnished the Board, together with copies of letters and remarks submitted in conjunction with the survey. The letters and comments given the Board were those heretofore published in the JOURNAL, together with printed copies not yet published. In all cases the names of the signers, of course, were kept confidential by the JOURNAL and not given to the Board.

While other projects have occasionally had to be considered briefly, the restudy of the selection system has held the day to day attention of the General Board since the latter part of January. The Board, concluding its seventh week of the investigation, has been occupied the past two weeks with hearing the views of the various Navy Department bureaus. Previously the members of the Board had been going over a great wealth of preliminary data—the history of the selection system, reasons for the various changes in the law, and the future effect of the present system as contemplated by the Bureau of Navigation.

Concluding this preliminary phase of the investigation and after hearing the official views of the Bureau of Navigation and various Staff Bureaus, the Board proceeded to consideration of proposals of various officers and groups of officers. It has called upon officers near to Washington to appear and present their views in person and to those away from the Capitol to send to them any plans or proposals or ideas they may have on the subject. The many letters received by the JOURNAL on the question were particularly asked for by the General Board in its request for the results of the JOURNAL survey.

Meanwhile, on Capitol Hill the situation as regard to the investigation of the operation of the Marine Corps selection act remains as before, except for a false start in the Senate Naval Committee this week. The episode proved as naught except to show that the House Naval Committee is in earnest in its long delayed hearings on the Vinson bill to revise the Marine Corps personnel law.

On Tuesday morning, March 10, a meeting of the Senate Naval Committee, was called for that same morning. It had not been announced previously. At the scheduled time, a large contingent of officers from Marine Corps Headquarters, headed by Maj. Gen. John H. Russell, Commandant of the Corps, were present at the Naval Committee rooms in the Senate Office Building, equipped with charts and data designed to show the need for the repeal of Section 16 of the Marine personnel law, which would (Please turn to Page 600)

British White Paper in Accordance with Trend of Europe—Editors

Seeing the recent British White Paper as only to be expected, the editors of the nation this week discuss Great Britain's plan to increase its armaments. All seem to feel that the Paper is in accordance with the general trend of Europe. One editor says it further brings out Mr. Baldwin's statement that the British frontier "is now the Rhine." The determination and importance to the British of keeping its trade-routes open is also brought out.

"Neither the apologetics nor the information contained in the British White Paper on rearmament is new," says the *Baltimore Sun*. "The world has known that Britain intended to rearm; that this rearmament would be on a large scale, and that among the explanations offered would be the failure of other nations to follow Britain's example in 'disarmament.'"

"The importance of the British White Paper lies in its remarkable candor in emphasizing the importance of the time factor in Britain's rearmament. It refers to a 'fresh examination of the position' which has led to a speeding up of defense measures. It also refers to the need to provide 'as rapidly as possible necessary reserves of stores of ammunition and equipment and organizes industrial resources of the country in such a way as to allow immediate expansion of productive capacity in case of an emergency.' It further states that 'it will be important . . . to see that the work is not delayed by over-elaboration of financial safeguards.' In this connection it cannot be forgotten that only last week the British Air Minister intimated that the country could no longer afford to work on the hypothesis that a decade of peace lay ahead. * * *

"That Britain's great influence will be used on the side of peace may be taken for granted. That she believes peace will be more and more seriously menaced in the future readily appears from the investment which she intends to make in armaments. Powerful armed forces may be used to bolster collective security; but their creation argues the lack of any great faith in the present efficacy of that collective system. Indirectly, as well as explicitly, the White Paper is, indeed, not so much of a disclosure of British policy as a comment upon the European scene at large."

"Probably the rearmament scheme announced by the British Government in a White Paper will have a mixed reception in the House of Commons," states the

Philadelphia Inquirer. "Some of those who were loudest in their demands for sanctions ignore the necessity of effective sea, land and air forces if the nation is to bear its share of the burden of collective security."

"Though the increase in armaments is considerable, it does not appear to be greater than the present disturbed condition in Europe demands. So far as the navy is concerned, many of the existing ships are over-age. The additions will presumably be in harmony with the agreement reached by Great Britain, France and the United States at the London Conference. * * *

"The strengthening of the air forces is a logical consequence of Mr. Baldwin's statement that 'our frontier is now the Rhine.'"

"There is no reason to suppose that an offensive policy is contemplated. But isolation is impossible in the face of the vast air fleets of other countries, which have made Great Britain no longer an island protected by 'the silver sea.'"

"Great Britain," comments the *San Antonio, Tex. Express*, "is planning to bring the Royal Navy up to a million tons. The dominions have a few cruisers, destroyers and submarines, which are not under the Admiralty's jurisdiction in peacetime and might be operated independently even in war."

"The British Empire is determined to keep its trade-routes open at any cost. The shortest sea-route between Great Britain and India touches at Gibraltar and Malta, traverses the Suez Canal, passes close to Aden and goes on to Bombay, Madras and Calcutta. It skirts Italian Libya and Eritrea, and the British Government will keep it from being menaced by any Continental European Power."

"Doubtless our Government will be tempted to borrow an answer from the British White Paper," says the *New York Times*. "In Washington, no less than in London, the opinion has gained ground that national defenses are inadequate in view of the present increase of armaments elsewhere. But what is adequate one day frequently ceases to be adequate when other nations build what seems adequate to them. This is the unhappy consequence of the failure of the long effort at Geneva to call a truce on arming, and this failure, in turn, must be attributed primarily to the economic nationalism of the times and to the fashion set for the rest of the world by the military dictatorships. Recovery from economic crisis and revival of faith in democratic processes are needed to break the vicious circle of rearmament."

West Point Celebration Tonight

West Point men around the globe, from the Academy to Russia, China, Alaska, Panama and the Philippines will take part in a world-wide celebration of the 134th anniversary of their alma mater over an NBC-WJZ network to-night, March 14, from 8:00 to 9:00 P. M., E. S. T.

Their words of greeting will be carried to West Point banquets in major cities throughout the United States and many other parts of the world. The glory of the Academy will be recalled in a dramatization of its history by Frank Wilson, of the NBC continuity staff, and songs of their school days will be sung and played by the Cadet choir and the West Point band.

The broadcast will open in West Point, with the familiar bugle call, "Assembly," following which the band will play "On, Brave Old Army Team."

An announcer at the Academy will then tell the purpose of the celebration, and describe the West Point of today. Maj. Gen. W. D. Connor, Superintendent of the Academy, will send greetings to alumni in all parts of the world from a banquet at the Hotel Astor.

General Malin Craig, Chief of Staff of the Army, then will speak from Washington, following which the nine corps area headquarters in this country will report in code; alumni in Moscow, London, Honolulu and Manila will speak by radio-telephone, and others will send greetings in code from Alaska, China, the Canal Zone, and the Virgin Islands.

The senior graduates of the Academy who will be at sea at the time of the celebration also will send greetings to their fellow alumni—Col. Frederick C. Test, aboard the USS Republic in the Atlantic, and Lt. Col. Joseph D. McCain aboard the Army transport Grant enroute from the Philippines to the United States.

After "Alma Mater" is sung by the West Point Choir, the dramatized history of the Academy will be given from NBC's studios in New York.

Then bombing squadrons over San Francisco harbor will radio a message to the alumni gatherings, following this with a dipping of planes in salute to the Academy, and an 8,000 foot power dive that will be described for the radio audience. Big guns of the Coast Artillery in San Francisco also will boom out a salute.

The program will return to West Point to conclude with the singing of "The Corps" by the choir, a description of the start of the colorful West Point

hop, and the bugle call, "Cavalry route order."

Air Bombing Off Bataan

Manila, P. I.—An event of unusual importance, to those interested in Air Corps training took place off the Bataan coast on the afternoon of Saturday, Feb. 8. This was an attack by pursuit and bombing planes upon a battleship—the ship being represented by two coast artillery targets towed by a tug; the targets being over one hundred feet apart.

The day was ideal for the purpose, the low ceiling of the past several days had disappeared.

The Department Commander, Maj. Gen. Charles E. Kilbourne, who accompanied Col. Albert L. Sneed, Department Air Officer, in the command plane, expressed himself as greatly pleased with the exercise and especially surprised at the accuracy of the ranging. Capt. Robert H. Kreuter, aide-de-campe, accompanied the Department Commander in a plane piloted by Lt. E. H. Porter.

Promptly at two o'clock the practice started. Following the signal of the commander the pursuit planes, six in number, which had been circling the target at low altitude, closed in and made a diving attack. General Kilbourne, in describing the attack upon his return to Manila stated, "for about five minutes the target was under a continuous rain of machine gun bullets and small bombs, the planes following each other with bewildering speed. In his interest, the spectator forgot the danger to the participants of this wonderful game!"

After seeing this practice fairly under way, Colonel Sneed, the commander, climbed rapidly to join the flight of bombers hovering over five thousand feet above. Passing before them, he gave the signal to attack and was promptly obeyed. First the planes passed over the target once for a trial shot and then for a well-placed salvo.

This event was part of the general maneuvers of the division and air corps troops which have been under way since January 20. The problem just described constituted a part of the operations against an assumed enemy threatening the Olongapo Area.

Wins USMA Appointment

As a result of competitive examination, William Kneeder Cummins, son of Lt. Col. Richard E. Cummins, Fourth Cav. Fort Meade, So. Dak. has been given a principal appointment to West Point by Senator Peter Norbeck.

Did You Read—

the following important service stories last week:

Navy General Board institutes formal hearings in its restudy of the selection system; Text of General Malin Craig's testimony before the House Military committee on the subject of Army Housing; Text of new "Guide for Preparation of Efficiency Reports" issued by Army; Progress in plan to equip Cavalry Division with new howitzers; Roster of Air Corps primary flight class?

If not you did not read the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL. You can not get this vital information from any other source.

Lieutenant Commander Promotions

According to the Bureau of Navigation Bulletin, the senior thirteen Lieutenant Commanders recently selected for promotion will become eligible for promotion on June 30, 1936. It is estimated the next twenty-three will become eligible on July 1, 1936. These officers may be examined in accordance with the schedule outlined in Bureau of Navigation Circular Letter No. 58-36, if they submit official requests. Otherwise, examination will be ordered about July 1, 1936 for those in the Fleet, and the period from May 1, 1936 to June 30, 1936 for those otherwise assigned. Other officers will become due for promotion as vacancies occur from time to time.

Extracts From Fitness Reports

The Bureau of Navigation is receiving an increasing number of requests from officers desiring extracts from their fitness reports. Work of this nature, the Bureau states, must be done after office hours because of the limited clerical force in the bureau. However, officers requesting extracts from his records may pay for this work at \$1 per hour. The cost rarely exceeds \$5, the bureau reports.

Coast Guard Ice-Patrol

The annual Coast Guard ice-patrol for the Strait of Mackinaw will begin within the next two weeks, the Coast Guard announces. The ice which caused so much damage the last three months has cleared up in nearly all sections except along the Great Lakes region.

N. G. and Reserve Students

Ft. Sill, Okla.—Fifty-two National Guard and Field Artillery Reserve Officers reported March 2 for the opening of their special course at the Field Artillery School here.

The course, which ends May 30, will major Gunnery—a total of 233 hours being allotted to that subject. 130 hours will be taken by the Material Department, while Tactics and Communication will occupy 88 hours. The balance of the instruction will be devoted to Fire Direction and Field Exercises.

The students attending this course are:

Capt. O. E. McKenzie, Okla.-NG; Capt. P. Thatcher, 145th FA, Utah-NG; Capt. T. J. Kelly, FA-Res., Montgomery, Ala.; Capt. H. J. Trees, FA-Res., Louisville, Ky.; Capt. O. L. Creelius, 139th FA, Indiana-NG; Capt. E. T. Fish, 135th FA, Ohio-NG; Capt. M. W. Jones, 218th FA, Ore.-NG; Capt. M. Kuhn, FA-Res., Millersburg, Ohio; Capt. E. Moshberger, 218th FA, Ore.-NG; Capt. H. J. Voeltz, 107th FA, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Capt. J. Soelberg, 145th FA, Utah-NG; Capt. O. S. J. Albert, FA-Res., Paris, Ill.; Capt. J. E. Waller, FA-Res., Des Moines, Ia.; 1st Lt. H. E. Peterson, 222nd FA, Utah-NG; 1st Lt. H. L. Muldrow, Jr., 70th FA Brigade, Okla.-NG; 1st Lt. R. S. Ellis, 106th FA, N. Y.-NG; 1st Lt. R. M. Frink, 182nd FA, Mich.-NG; 1st Lt. A. E. Duran, FA-Res., San Antonio, Tex.; 1st Lt. D. P. Latham, 114th FA, Miss.-NG; 1st Lt. F. R. Bowlin, 115th FA, Tenn.-NG; 1st Lt. M. M. Wallace, FA-Res., Richmond, Va.; 1st Lt. J. J. Wilkie, FA-Res., Dorchester, Mass.; 1st Lt. J. A. Seltz, FA-Res., Washington, Mo.

1st Lt. E. N. Warner, 151st FA, Minn.-NG; 1st Lt. P. McG. Keirstead, 152nd FA, Maine-NG; 1st Lt. E. N. Vestner, FA-Res., Bronxville, N. Y.; 1st Lt. B. Mikuleky, FA-Res., Racine, Wis.; 1st Lt. J. G. Wallace, 103rd FA, R. I.-NG; 1st Lt. J. L. Rush, 192nd FA, Conn.-NG; 1st Lt. B. W. Crain, 258th FA, N. Y.-NG; 1st Lt. T. S. O. FA-Res., Denver, Colo.; 1st Lt. T. J. J. titia, FA-Res., Jamaica, N. Y.; 1st Lt. J. L. Murtha, 105th FA, N. Y.-NG; 1st Lt. L. Lee, 109th FA, Penn.-NG, Luzerne Co., Pa.; 1st Lt. H. J. Pearson, 103d FA, R. I.-NG; 1st Lt. E. B. Anderson, FA-Res., Augusta, Ga.; 1st Lt. E. M. Young, Jr., 111th FA, Va.-NG; 1st Lt. J. M. Pon, 124th FA, Ill.-NG; 1st Lt. W. P. Davis, 3d, 108th FA, Penn.-NG; 1st Lt. A. R. Willey, 112th FA, N. J.-NG; 1st Lt. A. D. Angel, FA-Res., Paoma, Calif.; 2nd Lt. J. W. Johnson, 132d FA, Tex.-NG; 2nd Lt. D. S. Mathews, 117th FA, Ala.-NG; 2nd Lt. W. M. Gosman, 101st FA, Mass.-NG; 2nd Lt. W. M. Keane, 102nd FA, Mass.-NG; 2nd Lt. S. C. Ronald, Jr., 106th FA, N. Y.-NG; 2nd Lt. L. I. Lehan, 176th FA, Penn.-NG; 2nd Lt. W. O. Eitz, 62d 132nd FA, Tex.-NG; 2nd Lt. W. I. Leland, FA Brig., Ohio-NG; 2nd Lt. W. I. Leland, 152nd FA, Me.-NG; 2nd Lt. R. D. Holder, FA-Res.

Progress in Meningitis Control

An announcement of far reaching importance in epidemic control was made March 10 before the Spring Medical-Military Symposium held under the auspices of the Kansas City Southwest Clinical Society by Capt. Dwight M. Kuhns, MC, USA, of Ft. Leavenworth, Kans., who described the work he and his associates were doing in the control of meningococcus meningitis (cerebro-spinal meningitis) with meningococcus soluble toxin.

In his address to the Society Captain Kuhns described the epidemic of meningococcus meningitis which occurred in Atchinson County, Mo., in the spring and summer of 1935. At this time, Captain Kuhns said, there were 17 cases, nine of which were in CCC Camp Crystal at Tarkio, Mo., four cases in the adjacent town of Tarkio, three in Fairfax, Mo., a small town 8 miles distant, and one case on a nearby farm.

The causative organism in this epidemic, according to Captain Kuhns, was a particularly virulent one, having a mortality of 83% in six untreated cases outside the CCC camp. Due to this virulence and continued spread of the disease it was demonstrated that all known methods of control were inadequate to cope with the situation.

Although the greatest number of cases of this disease occurred originally in Camp Crystal where there was the greatest density of population, after the enrollees of this camp were skin tested and immunized by Captain Kuhns and his associates, no further cases appeared in camp, although cases continued to appear in the adjacent civilian communities.

Due to the fact that a great deal of confidence has for a long time been placed in the control of epidemics of certain infectious and contagious diseases by culturing and isolating the carriers, a cultural study of Camp Crystal was undertaken in an attempt to determine the value of this procedure in this particular epidemic.

Although a toxin somewhat similar to that developed by Captain Kuhns had been previously described in 1931 and again in 1935 by Ferry, Norton, & Steele, it had never been used in the presence of an epidemic of meningitis.

Captain Kuhns' methods in this epidemic were to culture all 250 CCC enrollees in Camp Crystal, both positive and negative, on four successive weeks; also to culture another non-epidemic camp, some 20 miles distant, as a control, then to determine if the carrier rate was higher in the epidemic camp than in the non-epidemic camp. The difference in the number of carriers in the epidemic camp and in the non-epidemic camp was hardly significant, showing that there were almost as many carriers in a normal group of individuals as there are in an epidemic group.

These tests also tended to prove that the most important factor in the spread of meningitis is lowered resistance of the individual, rather than its spread by carrier. With this in mind Captain Kuhns immediately began his work of immunizing the enrollees. So successful were the results of this immunization that, as they became known, the fears of the civilian public to new toxins was markedly lessened, there was a marked change in the confidence and morale of the CCC enrollees, and finally, there was a request from the Health Officer and School Board of Tarkio that the children of the High School and Grade School be given the same treatment that Captain Kuhns was giving the enrollees in Camp.

With the cooperation of the Missouri State Board of Health, the Camp Surgeon at Camp Crystal carried out skin testing and immunization in the schools of Tarkio. After this immunization no further cases occurred in the schools and in the seven months which have elapsed since the children in these schools were immunized no more cases have developed although four additional cases have occurred among other individuals who did not receive the immunization.

Captain Kuhns in his address told the Society that the ideal situation in which



CAPT. DWIGHT M. KUHN,
MC, USA

to use active immunization is, obviously, not after the epidemic has progressed, but at the onset of the epidemic. Such a situation, according to Captain Kuhns, was presented to him in a CCC camp, Camp Coffey, Burlington, Kansas. Here again all known control measures were used after the first case occurred, but they did not prevent a second case from occurring within 12 days. Upon the development of this second case, skin testing and immunization were begun by Captain Kuhns. At the same time a culture study of the camp was made by Dr. R. L. Laybourn, Kansas State Bacteriologist. In this test approximately the same number of carriers were found as in the Tarkio tests.

In the development of this new toxin Captain Kuhns secured cultures from victims of meningitis and developed these in a broth medium. The living bacteria were then filtered from this medium, and this filtrate used as a testing and immunizing substance. This toxin was next subjected to all safety tests used by the United States Public Health Service prior to its use on any living thing.

Not content with this and realizing the public's antipathy to any new serum or toxin, Captain Kuhns and his associates subjected themselves to tests by this new toxin before using it in any of the epidemics which were then in progress. In addition, CCC enrollees receiving this new toxin did so on a purely voluntary basis.

Captain Kuhns emphasized in his address that although the checking of two virulent epidemics does not prove conclusively that his new toxin will absolutely prevent meningitis, it has proved that there is no danger in taking the toxin. It has further demonstrated its value in the two epidemics where it has been given the opportunity.

Captain Kuhns is being urged by those who are familiar with his work in these recent epidemics to continue his studies so that this skin test and immunization will be available, not only to all the CCC camps, but also for epidemics in civilian communities.

Promotion of Non-Coms

Representative McSwain of South Carolina introduced the following bill in the House of Representatives on March 10:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That any noncommissioned officer of the United States Army, ranking in the first three grades and having more than fifteen years' service, who during his period of service shall have been rejected for promotion to a higher rank or grade because of a physical disability not the result of his own misconduct, after having passed the mental and professional examination for such higher rank or grade, may, at his request, be placed on the retired list with the rank, retired pay, and allowances of the rank or grade for which he was rejected for promotion.

Approve Airplane Program

A five-year aviation building program destined to increase the strength of the Army Air Corps to four thousand aeroplanes was approved by the House Military Affairs Committee this week.

The Committee voted in executive session March 12 to report HR 11140, which authorized the procurement of not to exceed 4,000 planes, so as to complete the equipment and organization of the Air Corps, maintain the GHQ Air Force, and provide for the defense of the overseas possessions, together with 25 per cent reserves. It is expected that the bill will be reported to the House next week, and a vote sought on it in the near future. The measure provides in part as follows:

That the authorized strength in airplanes, equipment, and accessories of the Army Air Corps established by the Act approved July 2, 1926 (44 Stat. 780), is hereby increased to such numbers as will permit the Secretary of War to complete the equipment and organization and to maintain in the Army Air Corps the special Army air organization known as G. H. Q. Air Force, and our overseas defenses, together with a 25 per cent reserve for such forces, and to procure such other airplanes and equipment, including spare parts, supplies, and accessories, for such other purposes as are necessary to provide for the mission of the Army Air Corps: Provided, That of the increase authorized herein not to exceed four thousand serviceable airplanes, including equipment and accessories, shall be attained at any time during the next five years.

Warrant Officers' Pay

Legislation granting warrant officers of the Army the longevity pay of commissioned officers was considered by a subcommittee of the House Military Affairs Committee this week.

The endorsements of four general officers of the Army to the proposal were presented by representatives of the Warrant Officers' Association at a hearing March 11. Letters from Maj. Gen. Frank Parker, Maj. Gen. Paul B. Malone, Maj. H. A. Drum, and Maj. Gen. Frank R. McCoy, to the Adjutant General of the Army recommending higher pay for warrant officers were presented during the hearings.

Warrant Officer George Dobert, assistant commandant of the Finance School, Warrant Officer L. S. Whitehouse, of Ft. Myer, Va., and Warrant Officer S. F. Ackley, retired, appeared before the subcommittee in support of the bill. Mr. Dobert, the principal witness for the bill, testified in part as follows:

"It will be observed that under the Act which established our grade, warrant officers were entitled to longevity pay on the same basis as commissioned officers, i. e., an increase of 10 per centum of our base pay for each four years of service not to exceed 40 per centum, while 'The Pay Readjustment Act' limits us to a maximum of 25 per centum or a decrease of 15 per centum of our base pay.

"We admit 'The Pay Readjustment Act' increased the base pay of warrant officers from \$1,320 to \$1,776 a year or approximately 34 per centum. It may be mentioned at this time that this Act was a general increase of pay and allowances throughout the entire Army and the following comparison is of interest:

Enlisted men	Base pay under		Per centum increase
	Act of June 4, '20	Act of June 10, '22	
1st grade	\$888.00	\$1,512.00	70%
2nd grade	626.00	1,068.00	63%
3rd grade	540.00	864.00	62%

"May I also bring to the attention of the Committee that while warrant officers of the Marine Corps are limited to the same longevity pay restrictions as are warrant officers of the Army, that is an increase of 5 per centum for four years of service not to exceed 25 per centum of their base pay. In actual application of the law they suffer practically no restriction whatever or at the most for one longevity pay period only. This is due to the fact that after 6 years of service in grade they are promoted to commissioned warrant officers and as such receive the same longevity credits as do commissioned officers or an increase for each 3 years of service up to include 30 years. The Army warrant officer has no such advancement or promotion of any kind but is forever limited

to the maximum of 25 per centum increase of his base pay for over 30 years service.

"Had we been permitted to remain under the Act of June 4, 1920 as to pay and allowances, warrant officers would have benefitted in the amount of \$219 a year notwithstanding the increase of our base pay from \$1,320 to \$1,776 a year under the provisions of 'The Pay Readjustment Act' of June 10, 1922. It is obvious that instead of being an increase, it was in fact a decrease of total compensation.

"The increased cost of this Bill including members of our grade on the retired list is \$294,316.20 a year, which was determined by accurately computing the service of each individual warrant officer, active and retired. The average additional cost as shown by the War Department's estimate is \$305,583.00 a year for warrant officers on the active list only is greatly overestimated as proven by our accurate computation of each individual."

Excerpts from the letters of general officers endorsing the project follow:

General Parker: "In discussions attendant upon Army promotion legislation, stagnation in grade has been mentioned. As to promotion the grade of Army Warrant Officer is unquestionably stagnant. By providing a system wherein the warrant officer would be stimulated by a reasonable rise in his pay, corresponding relatively to the pay periods of the lieutenant commissioned grade, this stagnation could be eliminated. It is believed that remedial legislation along these lines would be a benefit to the service and I urgently recommend favorable action."

General Malone: "The limiting of longevity periods for pay purposes to twenty years' service results in a highly undesirable and detrimental stagnation in the grade, and it is believed that a return to the longevity basis prescribed in the original Act would be but a simple matter of justice. Ten years of service as an enlisted man being required as a prerequisite to eligibility for appointment to the grade, there is left but ten years of longevity benefits to accrue while such appointees serve as warrant officers.

"The foregoing recommendations are prompted at this time because of the new appointments to the grade soon to be made. An adjustment in the pay and allowances now would offer a worthwhile inducement for the best available enlisted material to attain the grade. I am firmly convinced that remedial legislation along the lines suggested above will prove of benefit to the service, both as to increased efficiency and contentment of the present personnel and the higher grade of material to be attracted to fill ensuing vacancies."

General McCoy: "I am strongly of the opinion that the pay and allowances of this grade should be in keeping with the standard of living expected of this personnel. Most of them are assigned to duty at a headquarters located in the larger cities, where the costs of living are high, and I have always believed that all Army Personnel should be provided with adequate allowances in order that they may secure quarters for themselves and their families in the most respectable portion of the cities to which they are assigned. This matter to my mind, is not class legislation, but is an adjustment of what appears to have been an error in the Act of June 10, 1922, and I recommend its correction."

General Drum: "As a body our Warrant Officers have demonstrated through years of faithful service that they play no small part in the office organization of our various headquarters and contribute marked efficiency thereto. They are worthy of the consideration of the War Department in this case and merit favorable action in the premises. We create a grade as a reward for deserving non-commissioned officers and yet, by legislation, nullify to a great extent the benefits to be derived from the promotion. This, in itself, requires remedial action and I desire to make my favorable recommendation as a matter of record."



THE UNITED STATES ARMY



General Harbord on Motor Transportation

The enormous problem of providing motor transportation for the A. E. F. forms an interesting portion of Maj. Gen. James G. Harbord's new book, "The American Army in France." In view of the progress that has been made and is now in view for the Army in this important phase of military activity it is particularly interesting to read what this distinguished soldier and author has to say on the subject.

"The Motor Transport Corps was built from the ground up after war began," General Harbord says. "Some motor trucks operated under Pershing in Mexico in that year, but the Army in general still used wagons and mules for transport. When we entered the World War there were six services that were interested in motor transport. The Motor Transport function for some months in the Quartermaster Corps but was made a separate Corps in July 1918. It was charged with the technical supervision of all motor vehicles and with the procurement of spare parts, tools, accessories and necessary supplies for all classes of motor vehicles. One of its branches established and operated garages, parks and repair shops. Another trained and organized motor transport personnel.

"The salvage and evacuation of motor vehicles was done by the Corps. It also operated practically all motor vehicles in the Services of Supply. Reception parks at the ports and supply depots and sub-depots for spare parts were a part of its equipment. A motor transport school, and repair shops ranged from truck units with troops to a reconstruction plant where any vehicle could be entirely rebuilt. Like others it was handicapped by a continuous shortage of both personnel and equipment. It has normally about thirty percent of the required personnel and fifty percent of the needed equipment. Organized in the midst of the exciting days of July, 1918, it was immediately overwhelmed with clamor from the Staff at G. H. Q. for

vehicles and men that it never had, and the Staff was too busy to make allowance for failure to produce under impossible conditions."

General Simonds to 9th CA

War Department orders this week announced the relief of Maj. Gen. George S. Simonds, USA, as deputy chief of staff, and his assignment to command of the 9th Corps Area. General Simonds will sail from New York June 2 arriving at the Presidio of San Francisco to relieve Maj. Gen. Paul B. Malone, present corps area commander, who will become due for retirement.

It was also announced in dispatches from San Francisco that General Malone upon his retirement from the Army will become administrator of the California brewing industry.

No announcement has been made regarding a selection for a new deputy chief of staff.

Aircraft Purchases

In accordance with the War Department's recommendations the Senate Appropriations committee has recommended that the provision in the War Department appropriation bill limiting profits on aircraft and ordnance material to 10 per cent be stricken from the measure. It was put in on the floor of the House.

In urging its elimination Assistant Secretary Woodring wrote to the committee stating, "The section which it is recommended be omitted is objectionable because it will (1) greatly increase the complexity and delay of procurements; (2) stifle research and development; (3) reduce competition; (4) give rise to colossal difficulties of administration; and (5) tremendously increase the cost of checking the books of contractors and necessitate the employment of many more cost accountants than have heretofore been employed on Government contracts."

General Malin Craig, in testifying before the Senate committee, also recommended elimination of the restriction, saying:

"The proposed section would stifle research and development in the industry insofar as military airplanes are concerned. At present, the War Department system places research and development squarely on the shoulders of the industry, where we think it belongs. If these costs are not allowed to enter and be paid for, the War Department will be confined to the product of the brains

of a few Army officers and civilian employees in its experimental plant at Wright Field; all good men, indeed, but they do not represent the sum of experience now at the disposal of the War Department. It will be necessary, I believe, to vastly increase the plant at Dayton which now has means only for test and investigation in the acceptance or rejection of bids and for development of improvements in accessories.

"Such a law is liable to stifle the industry also through lack of competition. It may increase the possibility of collusion for the reason that in order to establish those costs which may be permitted to enter, many advance conferences must be had with representatives of the industry in order that common understanding may be had in the submission of bids.

"It may starve the industry for the reason that if an aircraft corporation is always to be limited to an absolute maximum of profit on a contract, it has no means of recouping the losses which it inevitably takes on some contracts, particularly those of an experimental nature. This might tend to wreck the smaller firms and put all the business into the hands of a few strong ones. If the industry is crippled the Government would have to go into business.

"It has another bad feature; with the return of good times, the more important factories, having adequate research and development facilities will not take a Government contract.

"That has appeared already in correspondence from one of the men we deal with. He will not touch it.

"Section 10 of the act approved July 2, 1926, provides a most careful system of procurement of aircraft. The War Department's auditors go carefully into every cost before a contract is awarded, and are in the factory during the life of the contract. The Department is zealous in its administration. To complicate it by adopting further law without mature consideration is highly dangerous to national defense.

"Ordnance procurement is governed by many laws reaching far back. In the main, it is satisfactory. Much work is done in peace time in our own arsenals. I do not believe further restriction of law is necessary.

"The administration of this provision will be very expensive. Our auditing force would have to be greatly increased and would require greatly increased

travel and per diem allowance. Much of the economy sought might be eaten up this way."

Honor General Mitchell

The House Military Affairs Committee on March 12 approved a resolution posthumously conferring a Medal of Honor on the late Brig. Gen. William Mitchell, resigned. The measure, introduced by Representative John J. McSwain, chairman of the committee, was ordered reported to the House. A similar resolution has been introduced in the Senate.

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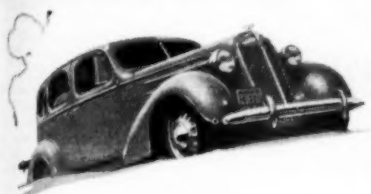
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THE U. S. NAVY



THE U. S. MARINE CORPS

Navy-Marine Corps Promotion (Continued from First Page)

bring about the retirement of majors and lieutenant colonels not selected for promotion.

There were no opponents of the bill present. Headquarters officials were hopeful that the measure, which opponents of the selection system had long blocked, could be put through the committee without objection being raised, and then pushed through the Senate to enactment. They were disappointed. At the hour of the scheduled meeting it was announced that the hearing was postponed "for several weeks." The action, it was stated, was taken at the request of Representative Vinson, chairman of the House Naval Committee, which committee, it was said, was taking up a proposal "intimately tied up with the bill to repeal Section 16."

The hope of proponents of the move to amend the Marine Corps Selection act rests in Section 16. Marine Corps Headquarters can block any bill to force the selection of passed over officers or amend the present system. That opponents of the selection act can block passage of the bill to repeal Section 16 was demonstrated this week. A compromise is looked for, with passage of the repeal of Section 16 tied up with some proposal whereby selection boards are required to select a certain percentage of passed over officers.

Hearings on the Vinson bill have not yet been definitely set, but it predicted that they will start next week.

Navy MC and SC Selection Boards

The Secretary of the Navy has ordered two selection boards to convene in the Navy Department on March 23, 1936, to recommend officers of the Medical Corps and the Supply Corps of the Navy for promotion to the next higher grade.

The Medical Corps Selection Board has been instructed to recommend not more than 24 commanders for advancement to the rank of captain and such number of lieutenants and lieutenant, junior grade, who are deemed fitted to assume the rank of lieutenant commander and lieutenant in that corps. This Board will consist of:

Rear Adm. John B. Dennis, (MC), USN, President
Capt. Charles M. Oman, (MC), USN, member
Capt. Frederick E. Porter, (MC), USN, member
Capt. Henry L. Dollard, (MC), USN, member
Capt. Lucius Johnson, (MC), USN,

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Comdr. Louis H. Roddis, (MC), USN, Recorder.

The Supply Corps Selection Board has been instructed to recommend for advancement to the ranks of lieutenant commander and lieutenant such number of lieutenants and lieutenants, junior grade, who are deemed fitted to assume the duties of these ranks in that Corps. This Board will consist of:

Capt. John H. Merriam, (SC), USN, President
Capt. Donald W. Nesbit, (SC), USN, member
Capt. William N. Hughes, (SC), USN, member
Capt. William J. Hine, (SC), USN, member
Capt. George P. Shamer, (SC), USN, member
Capt. Manning H. Philbrick, (SC), USN, member
Lt. Comdr. Wilson S. Hullfish, (SC), USN, Recorder.

Navy Nominations

The following Navy nominations were sent to the Senate March 11:

Comdr. J. J. Broshek, additional number in grade, to be captain.
Lt. Comdr. S. R. Shumaker to be commander.

Lt. J. H. Seyfried to be lieutenant commander.

Following lieutenants to be lieutenant commanders: G. W. Mead, Jr., H. D. Power, J. H. Doyle.

Lt. C. L. Surran to be lieutenant commander.

Lt. N. S. Ives to be lieutenant commander.

Lt. (jg) T. J. Kimes to be lieutenant.

Lt. (jg) J. V. Query, Jr., to be lieutenant.

Lt. (jg) W. B. Sampson to be lieutenant.

Ens. E. T. Hydeman to be lieutenant (jg).

Following citizens to be assistant dental surgeons with the rank of lieutenant (jg):

Bernard H. Paulblon, Jack H. Sault, John H. Paul, Carl A. Schlack, Benjamin W. Oesterling, Galen R. Shaver, Frank M. Keyes,

Eric G. F. Pollard, Lloyd W. Colton, James R. Justice, Elmer S. Boden, Gerald L. Parke,

Thomas O. Dillard, William M. Fowler, Edward J. Holubek, Kenneth O. Turner, John J. Flatherty, Arthur R. Frechette, Stanley W. Brown, Lewis H. Daniel, Robert S. Snyder, Jr., Rush L. Canon, Frank E. Jeffreys,

George R. Tucker, Aloysius C. Grosspietsch, William H. Snyder, John P. Crampton, Stephen T. Kasper, Kenneth M. Broesamle,

Reimers D. Koepke, Walter W. Crowe, Ralph Bates.

Carpenter L. J. Sharpard to be chief carpenter rank with but after ensign.

Following pay clerks to be chief pay clerks rank with but after ensign. C. W. Harvey, John Peak.

Propose New Reserve Bill

Establishment of a new set-up for the Naval and Marine Corps Reserve, involving an Assistant Secretary of the Navy for Reserves, a Naval Reserve Bureau, headed by a Reserve officer holding the rank of rear admiral, and numerous Reserve officers on active duty, was introduced in the House this week by Representative Melvin Maas, Rep. of Minn.

The bill providing a new basic law for the Reserve, will be considered by the special subcommittee of the House Naval Committee drafting Naval Reserve legislation. The subcommittee is now at work attempting to work out some solution of the deadlock which has developed between the conflicting view-

points of the Navy Department and the Naval Reserve Officers Association. During the hearings sometime ago, the Association asked that Reserve officers be given some say in administration, of the Reserve charging that in the past Regular Navy officers administering it have been unsympathetic.

Representative John J. Delaney, Dem. of N. Y., chairman of the subcommittee told the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL this week that he hopes to have a bill drafted and a report ready for the Naval Committee sometime before the end of the Congress, but was rather pessimistic as to the chances of passing any legislation this year. The subcommittee has been meeting in executive session this week and will hold further meetings.

Under the bill introduced by Congressman Maas, a member of the subcommittee and also a lieutenant colonel of Marine Corps Reserve Aviation, there would be set up a Naval Reserve Policy Board in addition to an Assistant Secretary and a Chief of a Reserve Bureau composed of one half Regular and one half Reserve officers. All special boards would be of the same composition.

Assignment of five hundred Reserve officers to a year's active duty would be authorized by the bill, and the appointment of 20 Reserve officers to the Regular Navy and five to the Regular Marine Corps annually is also provided. When mobilized in a national emergency, Reserve officers will be given a running mate of the Regular Navy, under the bill. Age in grade retirement is provided as followed with discretion allowed as to fitness; ensign or lieutenant, junior grade, 40 years; lieutenants, 46; lieutenant, 52; commander, 58; captain or above and warrant officers, 64. Graded retirement with pay is also provided for Reserve officers and men who have spent 20 years or more on active duty.

Provision is made in the bill for the submission of separate budget estimates for the Reserve. It also provides that the name of the organized reserve continued to be the Fleet Reserve, and that the transferred enlisted men of the Regular Navy be placed on a graded retired list of the Regular Navy as provided in a companion bill introduced by Representative Maas.

Increase USNA Appointments

In accordance with the Act passed by Congress Feb. 27, the Navy Department has drawn up regulations governing the appointment of 20 additional midshipmen each year to the Naval Academy. Appointments, under the Act, will be made from among honor graduates of designated "Honor Schools" and from the members of the Naval Reserve Officers' Training Corps.

The "honor schools" will be those designated each year by the War Department and three honor graduates, as defined by the Army Regulations, may be designated each year by the Head of each such school. Eight candidates will be nominated each year by the Presidents of the six educational institutions in which a Naval Reserve Officers' Training Corps is established.

Appointment of these candidates to the Naval Academy will be made as a result of a competitive examination to be held on the third Wednesday in April each year. The examination will be the regulation mental examination for entrance to Annapolis, and the twenty candidates with the highest ratings, if physically qualified, will be appointed in the order of their standing on the list. In case of the failure of any of these candidates to pass physically, the qualified candidate next on the list will be called in the order of his standing in the competitive mental examination.

The following additional regulations were approved March 2, 1936, by the Navy Department for insertion in the "Regulations Governing the Admission of Candidates into the U. S. Naval Academy as Midshipmen" under Paragraph:

"(8) Appointments from among the

honor graduates of educational institutions which are designated as "Honor Schools" by the War Department, and the members of the Naval Reserve Officers' Training Corps.

"(1) An Act of Congress approved Feb. 27, 1936, reads as follows: 'That the Secretary of the Navy is authorized to appoint not more than twenty midshipmen annually to the Naval Academy from among the honor graduates of educational institutions which are designated as "honor schools" by the War Department, and the members of the Naval Reserve Officers' Training Corps: Provided that such appointments shall be made under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Navy may prescribe.'

"(2) The twenty appointments authorized in the above law will be made as a result of a competitive examination to be held on the third Wednesday in April of each year. This examination will be open to candidates selected in accordance with paragraph (1) and all of the candidates selected will take this examination in competition with each other. This examination will be the regular mental examination for entrance into the U. S. Naval Academy, the general character of which is shown in paragraphs 36 to 42, inclusive, of the 'Regulations Governing the Admission of Candidates into the U. S. Naval Academy as Midshipmen' to be issued in May, 1936. In the 1935 issue of these Regulations, the paragraphs are 38 to 44, inclusive.

"(3) The candidates for the competitive examination outlined in paragraph (2) will be selected in accordance with the following:

"(a) The Navy Department will obtain a list of 'honor schools' from the War Department each year, and three honor graduates as defined by the Army Regulations may be designated each year by the Head of each such school. The candidates from these "honor schools" whose standing indicates that they will be honor graduates of said schools in June of the year in which the examination will be held will also be eligible to be nominated as one of the three candidates from such schools to compete in the examination, but will not be considered for appointment in case they do not fulfill the requirements which would entitle them to be honor graduates at the time of their graduation.

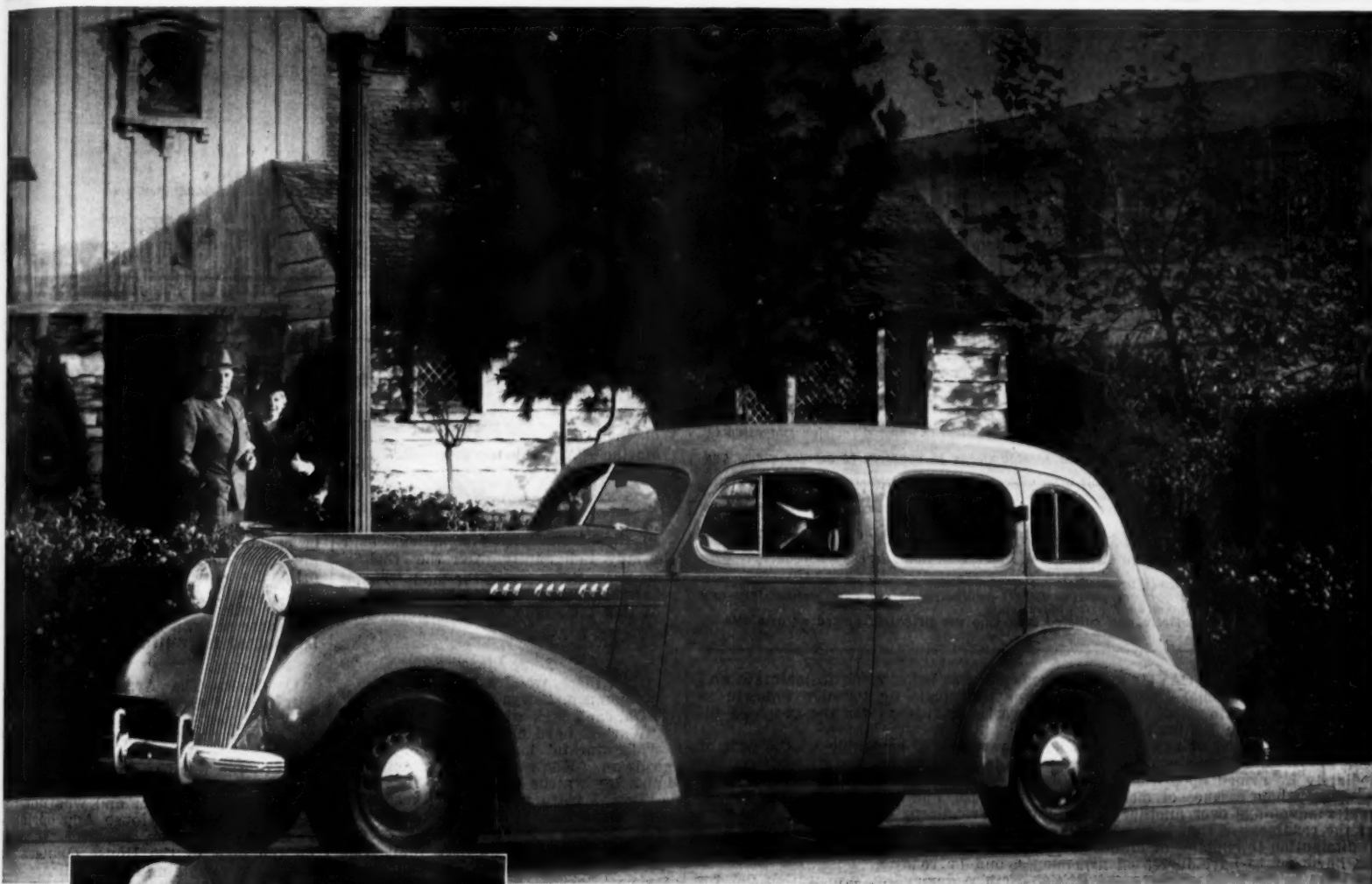
"(b) Eight candidates may be nominated each year by the President of each of the six educational institutions in which a Naval Reserve Officers' Training Corps unit is established. Each such candidate must be a regularly enrolled student in the Naval Reserve Officers' Training Corps and must have completed a minimum of one year's scholastic work in attendance at the institution from which he is designated.

"(c) All students nominated as candidates in accordance with paragraphs (a) and (b) above must meet the requirements as to age, moral qualifications, etc., as set forth in the 'Regulations Governing the Admission of Candidates into the U. S. Naval Academy as Midshipmen.'

"(4) The examination outlined in paragraph (2) will be the only mental examination required for entrance into the U. S. Naval Academy, and examination papers will be marked on a competitive basis. The twenty candidates passing this mental examination with the highest rating will, if physically qualified, be appointed in the order of their standing on the list. In case of the failure of any of these candidates to pass physically, the candidates passing the examination with a standing below that of the first twenty on the competitive list will be called for physical examination in the order of their mental standing to fill the vacancies caused by physical failure or rejection for any other reason of candidates who have qualified mentally above them on the list."

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SATURDAY, MARCH 14, 1936

"It becomes evident to me that * * * you must have good officers, there is no other possible means to obtain them but by establishing your army upon a permanent footing and giving your officers good pay."—GEORGE WASHINGTON.

OUR PRIORITY LIST

1. A restudy of the entire pay schedule with a view to the upward revision suggested by Secretaries Dern and Swanson.
2. Promotion systems in the Navy and Marine Corps to conform to service views and stimulate morale.
3. Repeal of the ban on reenlistment allowances; reform of retirement laws for enlisted men, particularly to assure reasonable disability retirement and adequate retirement pay; and an increase in the grades and ratings to provide better promotion prospects for enlisted men of the Army.
4. Fulfillment of War Department's modernization program for the Army; Baker Board strength for the Air Corps; and Treaty Strength for the Navy.
5. Revision of pension laws to assure widows of the Regular Services adequate, certain incomes.
6. Repeal of all laws limiting employment opportunities of retired officers.
7. Funds to carry out the act putting ROTC graduates on extended active duty and commissioning a limited number in the Regular Army.
8. Compensation for officers and enlisted men who use privately owned automobiles on Government business.

TO THOSE WHO CAVIL AT THE expenditures being made to maintain and strengthen our National Defense, an answer was made by Premier Baldwin in explaining to the House of Commons this week the reasons for the proposed increase in the three British arms:

"I am convinced of this: You will not prevent war beginning on the part of some aggressor unless the aggressor knows his advent into war will be met immediately by armed opposition.***

"The whole essence of modern war is surprise, and what gives one power a greater advantage over another is not only the readiness of that power for war, but the readiness of that power having embarked in war, to continue the war with no diminution in supplies of munitions. ****To secure peace in the name of peace, you have got to have increased armaments, and be ready."

Here is the head of the great British Empire demanding preparation not for but against war, and warning of the dire consequences of failure to make it. Disappointing results from disarmament negotiations growth of armaments in other countries, and development of a number of disquieting features of the international situation, these, he pointed out to the Commons, required the government to put its hand to what he termed "the task of repairing deficiencies" in the British Army, Fleet and Air force. Fortunately, the United States is free from one of the obligations of the British Empire designated by the Premier, that of fulfilling the duties imposed by membership in the League of Nations, but in common with that Empire we have another which, to use the words of Mr. Baldwin, is "to safeguard ourselves." Probably Hitler's reoccupation of the Rhineland will not precipitate war at this time, but what he has done has brought the thunder of cannon appreciably nearer to our ears. Further the greater control of the Japanese government by the military, with its certainty of continued activity in North China and threat to Soviet Russia, forecasts repercussions that will affect, if they do not drive an inadequately prepared United States into conflict. In view of the gravity of the situation both east and west, common sense calls for sea, land and air armaments which will cause an aggressor nation to hesitate from embarking upon measures harmful to our interests. We will be put farther on our way to such a condition by Congressional approval of the pending Army and Navy appropriation bills, with such additions as are regarded as necessary by the General Staff and the General Board of the Navy.

ALTHOUGH AWARE OF THE EXPENSE to which officers and enlisted men of the Services are put by reason of the use of their automobiles on government business, there is surprising slowness on the part of Congress to provide for their reimbursement. The War Department subcommittee of the House Appropriations Committee examined into the matter both in the field and during the hearings it held on the Army bill, but while agreeing that compensation should be granted similar to that allowed for horses, it was decided that before an appropriation could be made specific authorization would be necessary, and such authorization must be obtained by appropriate legislation. The source of such legislation is the House Military Committee, and on occasions, Chairman McSwain has indicated he would introduce a bill and hold hearings on it. We appeal to Mr. McSwain to give this matter immediate attention in order that the small pay of officers and enlisted men may not be reduced by expenditures which are compelled by the obligation of performing government duty.

OFFICIAL MESSAGES have gone to the British Government and people expressing the sympathy of the United States and particularly the Navy in connection with the death of Earl Beatty. Those messages, however, cannot convey the high admiration which our service entertains for that distinguished British seaman. He exemplified in his dash, his personal bravery, his sound tactical judgment, the qualities which are a part of the fine traditions of the British Navy. In the seven-hour fight with von Hipper's command at Jutland, he suffered the loss of the Indefatigable and the Queen Mary and when a signalman reported the Princess Royal blown up he calmly observed to his flag captain: "Chatfield, there seems something wrong with our damned ships today. Turn two points to port." That order meant two points nearer to the enemy which had become superior to his squadron in the ratio of five to four. In spite of the questions as to whether or not Beatty should have awaited closer junction with his battleships before engaging, the fact is he was the outstanding figure of Jutland, and so long as England exists he will be a shining example of courage and decision which his successors will and should seek to emulate.

Service Humor

A Reason

Marine—"I'm requesting a transfer from this company."

Ditto—"Why, I thought you liked it. What has come over you?"

Marine—"A tough top sergeant."

—The USS Colorado Lookout.

Startled

"I turned the way I signalled," said the lady, indignantly, after the crash.

"I know it," retorted the man, "That's what fooled me."

—2nd CA Radio Amateur Bulletin.

Navy Lingo

"Hi'lo, there, woddya know?"

"Nommuch, howya makin' out?"

"Oh, can't kick with both feet off."

"Workin' hard are ya?"

"Me workin' hard? Ha, ha! thassa goodwun. Know anymore funnyones, huh? Say watcha on now?"

"Boy, I gotta soft billet, I mean it's soft. Onna Pennsy. Master'tarms force onna Pennsy. Whereyn now?" "Onna We Vee. Best ship inn fleet, takit from me. Say, ever see that little blonde in Newport again, huh?" "Member that time we stepped ashore and killed couplaquarts, huh? Them was the days." "Boy you seddit. Ha ha! Say member that guy in Brooklyn that thought he was hard? That was when we was onna Mary. Good ship, Mary." "Never was onna Mary. Must have me mixed up wit sumbuddy else."

"Well, alntcha Joe-er-Jo Hagan, used to be cox'n onna number four motor saller onna Mary, alntcha?" "Naw m'names Pacoti. Never was onna Mary. Did dooty wid you onna Florida onna East Coast." "Nomme, mate. Never was onna Florida. Did all m'time onna destroyers and onna Mary. Guess we had each other wrong, eh? Ha ha!"

"Guess we did, Ha ha. Funny how you'll see a guy." "Yeh, and think ya know him, Ha ha! Thassa goodwun on us awright!" "Damned if taint. Well, ya know the old joke—it musta been two other guys! Ha ha! Well, see ya again!" "Yeh so long, mate!"

—USS Arkansas ArkLite.

Too Much

Bos'n Mate—"I suppose you think I'm a perfect idiot?"

Sea—"Oh, none of us are perfect."

—USS Tennessee Tar.

O. K.

"How you fixed, old man?"

"For what?"

"Why, I'd like to borrow \$10.00."

"Just right. I haven't a cent."

—Bamboo Breezes.

No Leisure

A farmer who went to a large city to see the sights engaged a room at a hotel and before retiring asked the clerk about the hours for meals.

"We have breakfast from 7 to 11, dinner from 12 to 3, and supper from 6 to 8," explained the hotel clerk.

"Look here," inquired the farmer in surprise, "What time am I gonna see the town?"

—USNA Log.

ASK THE JOURNAL

SEND your queries to the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL QUESTION EDITOR and an answer will be given in this column as soon as possible after receipt.

S. J. A.—The Bureau of Navigation informs us that enlisted service in the Regular Navy and enlisted service on active duty in the Naval Reserve may be counted for pay purposes by a commissioned officer in the Navy if he was originally appointed prior to June 10, 1922. Such service can not be counted if the officer was commissioned after that date nor can any such service ever be counted for retirement purposes.

D. J. R.—The Army Appropriation Bill for the fiscal year beginning next July first, as it passed the House Feb. 14, carries funds for the assignment of 1000 Reserve Officers to a year's active duty in the Regular Army. The money for this purpose was disapproved by the Bureau of the Budget and was not recommended by the House Appropriation Committee. It was, however, inserted on the floor of the House changes for the funds remaining in the bill are very good and if finally approved the assignments will be made beginning the first of next July.

I. Y.—You need not wait until you have completed 30 years' service in the Army to submit your application for retirement as an enlisted man. You may send it in before becoming eligible to take effect in the future.

IN THE JOURNAL

10 Years Ago

Maj. Campbell B. Hodges, Inf., USA, who has just been announced as Commandant of Cadets at the U. S. Military Academy, will assume his duties about Mar. 23.

20 Years Ago

A new testing range for guns has been completed by the Bethlehem Steel Company on Delaware Bay six miles from Cape May, N. J.

30 Years Ago

The Bureau of Yards and Docks has issued specifications and advertised for bids for the construction at the New York yard of a central power plant which will do the work of all those now in operation.

50 Years Ago

Estimates and plans for the construction of a necessary building for a two company post at Fort Porter, New York, have been submitted to the House by the Secretary of War.

70 Years Ago

All enlisted men belonging to the Volunteer service, imprisoned for desertion within the Department of Washington, have been discharged and furnished with transportation to their homes.

War Department
Organized Reserves

OFFICIAL ORDERS

Navy Dept.
Marine Corps

ARMY ORDERS

GENERAL OFFICERS

Maj. Gen. George S. Simonds, from Washington, D. C., to command of the 9th Corps Area, Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., sailing from N. Y. June 2.

Brig. Gen. Daniel Van Voorhis, from Hawaiian Dept., to 7th Cav. Brig. (Mech.), Ft. Knox, Ky.

Brig. Gen. Sherwood A. Cheney, from Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., to 1st Cavalier, Boston, Mass., sailing from S. F. July 18.

GENERAL STAFF CORPS

GENERAL MALIN CRAIG, C. of S. Col. De Witt C. Jones (CE), from detail QMC and Washington, D. C., to assistant division engineer, lower Mississippi Valley, Vicksburg, Miss.

Maj. Victor Haskell Smith (FA-Res.), is continued on active duty for a period of one year, beginning May 30.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT

MAJ. GEN. E. T. CONLEY, AG. Col. William F. Pearson, from Washington, D. C., to Panama Canal Dept., sailing from N. Y. Aug. 14.

Lt. Col. Henry N. Sumner, from Washington, D. C., to Panama Canal Dept., sailing from N. Y. Aug. 14.

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ing from N. Y. July 3.

Maj. James T. Menzie, previous orders revoked.

JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL'S DEPT.
MAJ. GEN. ARTHUR W. BROWN, JAG. Lt. Col. Lucius M. Smith, from Washington, D. C., to Hawaiian Dept., sailing from N. Y. Aug. 1.

QUARTERMASTER CORPS

MAJ. GEN. LOUIS H. BASH, QMG. Maj. Eugene J. Heller, from Philadelphia, Pa., to Washington, D. C.

Maj. Charles Perfect, from Ft. Lewis, Wash., to Erie Ordnance Depot, LaCrosse, Ohio, sailing from S. F. May 5.

Maj. Chester M. Willingham (Inf.), from detail in QMC, and assigned to duty with that corps.

Maj. Chester M. Willingham (Inf.), previous orders revoked. From detail in QMC and Ft. Myer, Va., to 6th Inf., Jefferson Bks., Mo.

Capt. Jacob H. Osterman, from Ft. Monmouth, N. J., to Ft. Bliss, Tex., sailing from N. Y. Aug. 14.

Capt. Paul P. Logan, from Chicago, Ill., to Washington, D. C.

Capt. John R. Bailey, upon his own application after more than 16 years' service is retired March 31. From Philadelphia, Pa., to his home.

Capt. Harry L. Calvin, from Ft. Lawton, Wash., to Ft. Monmouth, N. J.

Capt. Carey E. Goodwyn, from Washington, D. C., to instructor QMC, Tex. NG, Austin, Tex.

1st Lt. Carl M. Sciple, from Ft. Benning, Ga., to Ft. Knox, Ky.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT

MAJ. GEN. CHARLES R. REYNOLDS, SG.

Medical Corps

Col. Herbert C. Gibner, from Hawaiian Dept., to Carlisle Bks., Pa.

Lt. Col. Henry B. McIntyre, from Hawaiian Dept., to Ft. Douglas, Utah.

Lt. Col. Sidney L. Chappell, from Washington, D. C., to Letterman General Hospital, San Francisco, Calif., sailing from N. Y. Aug. 1.

Lt. Col. Paul W. Gibson, from Washington, D. C., to Hawaiian Dept., sailing from N. Y. Aug. 14.

Lt. Col. Condon C. McCormack, from Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., to Hawaiian Dept., sailing from S. F. June 24.

Maj. Clyde M. Beck, from Ft. Myer, Va., to Panama Canal Dept., sailing from N. Y. July 3.

Maj. Edwin L. Brackney, from March Fld., Calif., to Ft. Snelling, Minn., sailing from S. F. May 5.

Maj. Walter F. Macklin, previous orders amended to read: to Hawaiian Dept., sailing from N. Y. June 2.

Maj. Herbert W. Taylor, from Washington, D. C., to Hawaiian Dept., sailing from N. Y. Aug. 14.

Maj. James N. Williams, from El Paso, Tex., to Balboa Heights, C. Z., sailing from S. F. July 18.

Maj. Sewell M. Corbett, from Ft. Bragg, N. C., to Balboa Heights, C. Z., sailing from N. Y. Aug. 1.

Maj. Clyde C. Johnston, from Henry Bks., Puerto Rico, to instructor, Tex. NG, Ft. Worth, Tex.

Following from station after name to Balboa Heights, C. Z., sailing from N. Y. Aug. 1:

Maj. Claude DuV. Holmes, Ft. Thomas, Ky.

Maj. James M. Miller, Edgewood Arsenal, Md.

Following from Panama Canal Dept., to station after name: Maj. Arthur G. Compton, to Ft. Du Pont, Del.; Capt. Paul C. Gilliland, to Hamilton Fld., Calif.; Capt. Jonathan M. Rigdon, to Station Hospital, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.

Capt. Clifford A. Gray, from Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., to Ft. Leavenworth, Kans., sailing from S. F. May 5.

Capt. Frederick C. Kelly, from Philippine Dept., to Army and Navy General Hospital, Hot Springs National Park, Ark.

Capt. Norman W. Anderson, from Ft. Leavenworth, Kans., to Balboa Heights, C. Z., sailing from N. Y. July 3.

Capt. Robert J. Wilson, from Hot Springs, Ark., to Panama Canal Dept., sailing from N. Y. July 3.

Capt. John E. Plueneke, from Randolph Fld., Tex., to Panama Canal Dept., sailing from N. Y. July 3.

The appointment of 1st Lt. Bryan Coleman Thomas Fenton, Med.-Res., as 1st Lt. in MC, Regular Army, is announced. To Ft. Omaha, Neb., for duty.

Dental Corps

Maj. Beverley M. Epes, from Boston, Mass., to Balboa Heights, C. Z., sailing from N. Y. July 3.

Maj. Samuel J. Rhode, from Ft. Benning, Ga., to Ft. Knox, Ky.

(Please turn to Page 595)

NAVY ORDERS

March 5, 1936

Comdr. Francis W. Rockwell, det. command USS Medusa about May 31; to duty with Budget Officer, Navy Dept.

Comdr. Richard W. Wuest, det. USS Wyoming in May; to 4th Nav. Dist. as Intelligence Officer.

Lt. Comdr. Marshall B. Arnold, det. USS Houston about April 4; to 15th Nav. Dist. as dist. communication officer.

Lt. Comdr. Joseph H. Chadwick, det. USS Nevada in April; to home, relieved all active duty.

Lt. Comdr. Thomas B. Inglis, det. staff, Comdr. Battle Force, about April 1; to USS Houston as nav. officer.

Lt. Comdr. Ralph Kiely, det. USS New Orleans in April; to home, relieved all active duty.

Lt. Comdr. John J. Mahoney, det. USS Lexington in April; to command USS Kanaeha.

Lt. Edward A. McFall, ors. Jan. 23 revoked. Continue duty USS Portland.

Lt. Rufus G. Thayer, det. USS Fox in June; to Navy Yard New York, N. Y.

Lt. (jg) Harry S. Cook, det. USS Dent on April 1; to resignation accepted effective April 1.

Lt. (jg) Maxim W. Firth, det. USS Wasmuth in April; to c. f. o. USS Reid and on bd. when commissioned.

Lt. (jg) Joseph R. Hamley, det. Nav. Mine Depot, Yorktown, Va., in May; to USS Colorado.

Capt. John L. Neilson, (MC), det. Navy Yard, Portsmouth, N. H., about June 1; to 1st Nav. Dist., as Dist. Medical Officer.

Comdr. Clarence J. Brown, (MC), det. Nav. Dispensary, Navy Dept., in May; to USS Relief.

Lt. Comdr. Norman Roberts, (MC), det. Nav. Academy in May; to Navy Yard, Pearl Harbor, T. H.

Lt. (jg) Thomas M. Arnett, (MC), det. Nav. Torp. Sta., Newport, R. I., on March 6; to resignation accepted effective March 6.

Capt. Donald W. Nesbit, (SC), det. Norfolk Navy Yard, Portsmouth, Va., in June; to Navy Yard, Charleston, S. C.

Lt. Comdr. Verna Carroll, (SC), det. Nav. Clothing Depot, Brooklyn, N. Y., in March; to USS Neches.

Lt. Comdr. Herman F. Gingrich, (SC), det. USS Neches in April; to Bu. S. & A., Navy Dept.

Lt. Comdr. Marvin McCray, (SC), granted sick leave absence 3 months; wait orders at San Diego.

Comdr. Wilford R. Hall, (CHC), det. USS Ranger in June; to 12th Nav. Dist.; and addl. duty Receiving Ship at San Francisco, Calif.

Lt. Comdr. Thornton C. Miller, (CHC), det. USS Maryland in June; to Nav. Air Sta., San Diego, Calif.

Lt. Comdr. Alfred deG. Vogler, (CHC), det. USS Texas in April; to Marine Barracks, Quantico, Va.

Bosn. Horace B. Spence, det. USS Holland about March 1; to USS Thrush.

Mach. Joseph A. Nevus, det. USS Altair about March 7; to USS Astoria.

Mach. Albert D. Robbins, det. USS Oklahoma about March 7; to USS Marblehead.

March 6, 1936

Rear Adm. George T. Pettengill, det. as Comdr. Battleship Div. 2, Battle Force, in June; to duty as Cdt. Navy Yard and Supt. Nav. Gun Factory, Washington, D. C.

Comdr. Alfred H. Donahue, det. as Comdr. Subm. Div. 4, in June; to duty as Off. in Chge. Nav. Reserve Educational Center, New York, N. Y.

Comdr. Leon B. Scott, det. Army Industrial College, Wash., D. C., about June 15; to duty as Comdr. Subm. Div. 4.

Lt. Comdr. Moses B. Byington, jr., det. USS San Francisco in April; to Nav. Sta., Guam, as attorney general.

Lt. Comdr. Charles F. Fielding, det. command USS Brooks about June 8; to Nav. Operations, Navy Dept.

Lt. Comdr. William E. Hilbert, det. USS Omaha about June 8; to Office of Judge Advocate General, Navy Dept.

Lt. Comdr. Harold B. Sallada, det. USS Langley about June 8; to Bu. Aero., Navy Dept.

Lt. George H. DeBaun, det. USS Lexington about June 8; to Bu. Aero., Navy Dept.

Lt. Samuel Gregory, det. Navy Yard, Puget Sound, Wash., about March 31; to USS Bushnell as navigating officer.

Lt. Daniel J. McCallum, duty as asst. engr. officer, USS Houston.

Lt. John R. Ruhsenberger, det. VF Sqdn. 3B (USS Ranger) about June 8; to VP Sqdn. 14F (USS Wright).

Lt. William L. Wright, det. command USS S-28 in May or June; to Navy Yard, Mare Island.

(Continued on Next Page)

MARINE CORPS

March 9, 1936

Col. Presley M. Rixey, about April 18, 1936, detached MD, American Embassy, Peking, China, to Hdqrs., Marine Corps, Wash., D. C. Authorized to delay in reporting until June 25, 1936.

Col. Charles F. B. Price, about March 23, 1936, detached 1st Marine Brig., FMF, MB, Quantico, Va., to duty as Commanding Officer, 4th Marines, Shanghai, China.

Lt. Col. Harry Schmidt, APM, detached 4th Marines, Shanghai, China, to Dept. of Pacific, San Francisco, Calif., via USS Chaumont, due San Francisco, June 1.

Maj. Galen M. Sturgis, on April 1, 1936, detached MB, NS, Olongapo, P. I., to 4th Marines, Shanghai, China.

Maj. Blythe G. Jones, on March 31, 1936, detached MB, Navy Yard, Cavite, P. I., to MB, NS, Olongapo, P. I.

Capt. Frank R. Armstead, on or about March 7, 1936, detached MB, Quantico, Va., to duty as Inspector-Instructor, 11th Bn., FMRC, Seattle, Wash., via USAT Republic, sailing New York, N. Y., March 14.

Capt. Edgar G. Kirkpatrick, detached 1st Marine Brig., FMF, MB, Quantico, Va., to MB, Navy Yard, Boston, Mass.

Capt. William J. Mosher, retired as of May 1, 1936.

Capt. Lewis B. Puller, detached MD, USS Augusta, to Dept. of Pacific, San Francisco, Calif., via USS Chaumont due San Francisco, June 1.

Capt. Tilghman H. Saunders, on April 16, 1936, detached 4th Marines, Shanghai, China, to MD, USS Augusta.

Capt. George Esau, about March 22, 1936, detached 1st Marine Brig., FMF, MB, Quantico, Va., to MD, Rifle Range, Cape May, N. J.

Capt. Delmer Byfield, about March 7, 1936, detached 1st Marine Brig., FMF, MB, Quantico, Va., to MCB, NOB, San Diego, Calif., via USAT Republic, sailing from New York, N. Y., March 14, 1936.

1st Lt. Matthew C. Horner, detached 4th Marines, Shanghai, China, to Dept. of Pacific, San Francisco, via USS Chaumont, due San Francisco, June 1.

1st Lt. Robert E. Hill, on April 1, 1936, detached 1st Marine Brig., FMF, MB, Quantico, Va., to MD, USS Henderson. Authorized to delay one month in reporting.

1st Lt. Nelson K. Brown, about March 20, 1936, detached MB, Quantico, Va., to MD, Rifle Range, Cape May, N. J.

Ch. Mar. Gnr. Charles A. Johnson, detached 4th Marines, Shanghai, China, to Dept. of Pacific, San Francisco, via USS Chaumont, due San Francisco, June 1.

Ch. Pay. Clk. Guy B. Smith, detached MD, American Embassy, Peking, China, to Dept. of Pacific, San Francisco, via USS Chaumont, due San Francisco, June 1.

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Navy Orders

(Continued from Preceding Page)

Lt. (jg) Richard R. Ballinger, det. VP Sqn. 4F in May; to VO Sqn. 2B (USS Arizona).

Lt. (jg) James O. Biglow, det. VO Sqn. 2B (USS Tennessee) about June 8; to VP Sqn. 6F, Pearl Harbor.

Lt. (jg) Whitmore S. Butts, det. VP Sqn. 5F in May or June; to VS Sqn. 9S (USS Salt Lake City).

Lt. (jg) Charles R. Carroll, det. VB Sqn. 1B (USS Ranger) about June 8; to Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola.

Lt. (jg) Edgar G. Chase, det. USS Worden about March 6; to Asiatic Station.

Lt. (jg) Harrington M. Drake, det. VF Sqn. 1B (USS Langley) about June 8; to VP Sqn. 4F, Pearl Harbor.

Lt. (jg) Christian H. Duborg, det. VS Sqn. 11S (USS New Orleans) in May or June; to VP Sqn. 14F (USS Wright).

Lt. (jg) John Hulme, det. VO Sqn. 1B (USS Texas) in May or June; to VP Sqn. 2F, Coco Solo, C. Z.

Lt. (jg) Justin A. Miller, det. VB Sqn. 5B (USS Lexington) in May or June; to VS Sqn. 112S (USS Astoria).

Lt. (jg) Donald L. Mills, det. VJ. Sqn. 1F (USS Wright) in June; to Ft. Air Base, Pearl Harbor, T. H.

Lt. (jg) George G. Moulumphy, ora. by C. in C. Asiatic modified. To USS Omaha instead 12th Nav. Dist.

Lt. (jg) Allan L. Reed, det. 12th Nav. Dist., San Francisco; to USS Milwaukee.

Lt. (jg) Ward T. Shields, det. VB Sqn. 6B (USS Lexington) in June; to VS Sqn. 12S (USS Tuscaloosa).

Lt. (jg) Victor H. Soucek, det. VB Sqn. 5B (USS Lexington) about June 8; to Nav. Aircraft Factory, Navy Yard, Phila., Pa.

Ens. Harold D. Still, desp. ora. Jan. 3, and modification Jan. 30 revoked. Det. USS Bernadou; continue trmt. Nav. Hosp., Mare Island, Calif.

Lt. (jg) Lowell W. Williams, det. VO Sqn. 2B (USS Tennessee) about June 8; to VP Sqn. 1F, Pearl Harbor.

Ens. Harold D. Fuller, det. USS California; to duty as aircraft gunnery observer, VO Sqn. 4B (USS California).

Comdr. James F. Hooker (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., Pearl Harbor, T. H., in June; to Nav. Dispensary, Wash., D. C.

Comdr. Raymond B. Storch (MC), desp. ora. Sept. 20 modified. To Nav. Torp. Sta., Newport, R. I., instead Rec. Sta., Norfolk, Va.

Lt. Comdr. Carl J. Robertson (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., Annapolis, Md., in May; to USS Trenton.

Lt. Comdr. Ralph W. Swearingen (SC), det. USS Beaver; continue trmt. Nav. Hosp., Pearl Harbor, T. H.

Lt. Comdr. Noble R. Wade (SC), det. Navy Yard, Mare Island, Calif., in March; to USS Beaver.

Lt. Arthur L. Walters (SC), det. USS Ranger about June 8; to instn., Army Industrial College, Wash., D. C.

Ch. Gunner John S. Conover, des. ora. Feb. 1, revoked. Continue duty Nav. Trng. Sta., San Diego, Calif.

Actg. Pay Clk. Rodney N. Gray, uncompleted portion desp. ora. Jan. 27, revoked. To duty USS Minneapolis.

March 7, 1936

Comdr. Leslie C. Davis, det. as Retg. Insp., Southeastern Div., Baltimore, Md., on May 1; to home, relieved all active duty.

Comdr. Howard M. Lammers, det. 15th Nav. Dist., in April; to home, relieved all active duty.

Comdr. James G. Stevens, det. command USS Hannibal, in April or May; to home, relieved all active duty.

Lt. Comdr. Frank E. Beatty, det. USS Richmond, about March 25; to Nav. Mine Depot, Yorktown, Va.

Lt. Comdr. Archer E. King, jr., det. Norfolk Navy Yard, Portsmouth, Va., on May 1; to home, relieved all active duty.

Lt. Comdr. Forrest K. Libenow, det. USS San Francisco in April; to home, relieved all active duty.

Lt. Comdr. Thomas L. Sprague, det. USS Saratoga about June 8; to USS Langley as nav. officer.

Lt. (jg) James D. L. Grant, det. USS King in June; to instn. Naval Academy.

Lt. (jg) Francis S. Stich, det. USS King in June; to instn. Naval Academy.

Comdr. Truman P. Riddle (CHC), det. staff, Comdr. Battle Force about April 1; to Navy Yard, Puget Sound, Wash.

Ch. Gunner John S. Conover, det. Nav. Trng. Sta., San Diego, Calif., on May 1; to home, relieved all active duty.

March 9, 1936

R. Adm. Sinclair Gannon, det. as Comdr. Destroyers, Setg. Force, about June 24; to duty as Comdr. 11th Nav. Dist., and Cdt. Nav. Operating Base, San Diego, Calif.

R. Adm. James O. Richardson, det. as ch. of staff, USS Flt., about June 24; to duty as Comdr. Destroyers Setg. Force.

Capt. Robert L. Ghormley, det. command

USS Nevada about June 24; to staff, C. in C., US Flt., as operations officer.

Comdr. John C. Cunningham, det. command USS Sirius about May 1; to home, relieved all active duty.

Comdr. Charles H. Davis, det. command USS Neches in April; to home, relieved all active duty.

Comdr. Dallas C. Laisure, det. USS Idaho in April; to home, relieved all active duty.

Comdr. James C. Van de Carr, det. command USS Ramapo in April; to home, relieved all active duty.

Comdr. Clyde G. West, det. command USS Kanawha in April; to home, relieved all active duty.

Lt. Comdr. Matthias B. Gardner, det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla., in May; to USS Saratoga.

Lt. Comdr. William J. Lorenz, det. USS Northampton in April; to home, relieved all active duty.

Lt. Comdr. George A. Ott, det. command VS Sqn. 5B; continue trmt. Nav. Hosp., San Diego, Calif.

Lt. Comdr. Myron J. Walker, det. USS Indianapolis in April; to home, relieved all active duty.

Lt. Anthony R. Brady, det. VS Sqn. 11S (USS New Orleans) in May or June; to Fleet Air Base, Coco Solo, C. Z.

Lt. Cameron Briggs, det. VS Sqn. 4B (USS Langley) in May or June; to VP Sqn. 5F, Coco Solo.

Lt. Lawrence W. Curtin, det. USS Saratoga in May; to Fleet Air Base, Coco Solo, C. Z.

Lt. Earl R. DeLong, det. USS Nevada about June 8; to Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.

Lt. Stanley E. Martin, det. USS Oklahoma about April 1; to Navy Yard, Puget Sound, Wash.

Lt. Thomas G. Richards, det. VF Sqn. 1B (USS Langley) about June 8* to Ft. Air Base, Pearl Harbor.

Lt. Orson R. Sutherland, det. Nav. Trng. Sta., Norfolk, Va., in May; to USS Arkansas as asst. engineer officer.

Lt. (jg) Norman E. Blaisdell, det. Setg. Force about April 15; to communication duty, C. in C. US Flt.

Lt. (jg) Henry T. Dietrich, det. VF Sqn. 1B (USS Langley) in May or June; to VP Sqn. 3F, Coco Solo.

Lt. (jg) Joseph E. Dodson, det. VB Sqn. 5B (USS Lexington) in May or June; to VP Sqn. 3F, Coco Solo.

Lt. (jg) Richard K. Gaines, det. VP Sqn. 5F in May or June; to c.f.o. USS Yorktown and on bd. when commissioned.

March 10, 1936

R. Adm. Adolphus E. Watson, det. as Pres., Nav. Examining Board, Navy Dept., in March; to duty General Board, Navy Dept.

Comdr. Van Leer Kirkman, det. Bu. Nav., Navy Dept., in April; to USS Chicago as exec. officer.

Comdr. Thomas C. Latimore, det. Office of Judge Adv. Genl., Navy Dept., about May 1; to c.f.o. USS Balch and in command when commissioned.

Lt. (jg) Julian D. Greer, det. USS Oklahoma in March; to VP Sqn. 12F (USS Wright).

Lt. (jg) Robert B. Pirie, det. USS Raleigh in June; to Naval Academy.

Lt. (jg) George C. Seay, det. USS Maryland about March 31; to USS Nitro.

Lt. (jg) John S. Tracy, det. VS Sqn. 11S (USS San Francisco) in May or June; to Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.

Ens. Charles C. Coley, det. USS Maryland about April 1; to USS Nitro.

Ens. Howard E. Day, jr., det. USS California in April; to c.f.o. USS Drayton and on board when commissioned.

Ens. Morgan Clayton, orders Jan. 24 modified. To c.f.o. USS Reid instead USS Flusser and on board when commissioned.

Lt. Willard S. Sargent (MC), det. USS Relief in May; to USS Bushnell.

Lt. (jg) Omar J. Brown (MC), det. Nav. Med. School, Wash., D. C., in May; to Subm. Base, Coco Solo, C. Z.

Capt. Victor S. Jackson (SC), addl duty as Dist Supply Officer, 5th Nav. District.

Comdr. James P. Helm (SC), det. Navy Yard, Pearl Harbor, T. H., in May; to home, relieved all active duty.

Ch. Bosn. Thomas O. Kirby, det. USS Bobolink on May 1; to home, relieved all active duty.

Ch. Gr. Del L. Young, det. Nav. Ammun. Depot, Hingham, Mass., about May 4; to Asiatic Station.

Asiatic Despatch Orders March 9, 1936

Lt. Comdr. Richard W. Webb, det. USS Augusta; to Bu. Nav., Navy Dept., Wash., D. C.

Lt. (jg) Charles T. Mauro, jr., to 3rd Nav. District.

Capt. Roland W. Schumann (SC), det. staff, Asiatic Flt.; to Bu. S. and A., Navy Dept.

Lt. Comdr. Harold C. Shaw (SC), to Navy Yard, Charleston, S. C.

Ch. Mach. Robert E. Sammons, det. USS Canopus; to trmt. Nav. Hosp., Canacao, P. I.

March 11, 1936

R. Adm. Hayne Ellis, det. as Comdr. Trng. Sqn., Setg. Force about May 26; to instn. Naval War College, Newport, R. I.

R. Adm. Thomas Charles Hart, det. as Comdr. Cruisers, Setg. Force, about June 24; to General Bd., Navy Dept.

Capt. Roland M. Bralnard, det. as Asst. Ch. of Bu. Ord., Navy Dept., in June; to instn. Naval War College, Newport, R. I.

Capt. Wilson Brown, det. as Nav. aide to President, Wash., D. C., about May 11; to duty as Comdr. Trng. Sqn., Setg. Force.

Capt. William R. Furlong, det. as Insp. of Ord. in Chge., Nav. Proving Ground, Dahlgren, Va., on May 15; to command USS West Virginia.

Capt. Nelson H. Goss, det. Hdqrs., 13th Nav. Dist., about June 15; to instn. Nav. War College, Newport, R. I.

Capt. Charles C. Hartigan, det. Office of Nav. Operations, Navy Dept., in June; to instn. Naval War College, Newport, R. I.

Capt. Emanuel A. Lorquist, det. command USS Dobbin about June 10; to instn. Naval War College, Newport, R. I.

Capt. John J. London, det. command USS Trenton about June 25; to Navy Yard, Puget Sound, Wash., as Capt. of the Yard.

Capt. Claude B. Mayo, det. Hdqrs., 13th Nav. Dist., about June 18; to command USS Nevada.

Capt. John M. Smealie, det. Bu. Nav., Navy Dept., in June; to instn. Nav. War College, Newport, R. I.

Capt. John H. Towers, det. command Nav. Air Sta., San Diego, Calif., about April 6; to duty as chief of staff and aide, Comdr. Aircraft, Battle Force.

Comdr. Guy C. Barnes, det. 11th Nav. Dist., on May 1; to home, relieved all active duty.

Comdr. Paul H. Bastedo, det. Office of Nav. Operations, Navy Dept., about May 11; to duty as Nav. aide to President, Wash., D. C.

Comdr. John F. Donelson, det. USS Chicago in April; to trmt. Nav. Hosp., San Diego, Calif.

Comdr. Stuart O. Greig, det. Bu. Ord., Navy Dept., on May 1; to home, relieved all active duty.

Comdr. Victor D. Herbster, det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla., on June 29; to home, relieved all active duty.

Comdr. Cary W. Magruder, det. staff, C. in C., U. S. Flt., about June 24; to command USS Trenton.

Comdr. Charles H. Morrison, det. USS Astoria in June; to instn. Nav. War College, Newport, R. I.

Comdr. Eugene T. Oates, det. as Off. in Chge., Navy Retg. Sta., Brooklyn, N. Y., about May 20; to USS Concord as exec. officer.

Comdr. Samuel S. Payne, det. USS Arizona about June 9; to command USS Dobbin.

Comdr. Philip Seymour, det. as Retg. Insp., Southern Retg. Div., New Orleans, La., on May 1 to home, relieved all active duty.

Comdr. William W. Smith, det. staff, C. in C., U. S. Flt., about June 24; to Naval Academy.

Comdr. Harold C. Train, det. USS Mississippi about June 9; to command USS Vestal.

Comdr. Franklin Van Valkenburgh, det. as Insp. Navigational Matl., Navy Yard, New York, N. Y., about May 15; to command USS Melville.

Lt. Comdr. Wallace M. Dillon, det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla., about April 6; to staff, Comdr. Cruisers, Setg. Force, as aviation officer.

Lt. Comdr. John M. Field, jr., det. USS Wyoming about May 1; to home, relieved all active duty.

Lt. Comdr. Robert L. Fuller, det. Ft. Air Base, Coco Solo, C. Z., in May; to command VP Sqn. 7F (USS Wright).

Lt. Comdr. John M. Haines, det. command USS Biddle in April; to command USS Narwhal.

Lt. Comdr. Herman E. Halland, det. VT Sqn. 2B (USS Saratoga) about June 8; to Nav. Air Sta., San Diego.

Lt. Comdr. Chester E. Lewis, det. USS Arkansas about April 30; to home, relieved all active duty.

Lt. Comdr. Allen R. McCann, orders Feb. 18; modified. To USS Indianapolis as 1st Lieutenant and damage control officer.

Lt. Comdr. Julian B. Noble, det. as C. O., VJ Sqn. 1F (USS Wright) about April 1; to command VS Sqn. 5B Cruiser Div. 2.

Lt. Comdr. Melville C. Partello, det. Navy Yard, New York, N. Y., on May 1; to home, relieved all active duty.

Lt. Comdr. Walter D. Snyder, det. Navy Yard, Boston, Mass., on May 1; to home, relieved all active duty.

Lt. Comdr. Morris H. Spriggs, det. USS Rigel on May; to home, relieved all active duty.

Lt. Comdr. Jackson H. Tate, det. command VP Sqn. 5B (USS Ranger) about June 8; to Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.

Lt. Comdr. Walter M. A. Wynne, det. Navy Yard, Mare Island, Calif., on May 1; to home, relieved all active duty.

Lt. Everett W. Abdl, det. command USS R-14 in May; to Subm. Base, New London,

Conn.

Lt. John E. Canoose, det. USS Holland in June; to Navy Yard, New York, N. Y.

Lt. Glenn M. Cox, det. VB Sqn. 5B (USS Lexington) about June 8; to VP Sqn. 4F, Pearl Harbor, T. H.

Lt. Edward E. Dolecek, det. VP Sqn. 12F (USS Wright) in June; to Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola.

Lt. Tom B. Hill, det. as Nav. Insp. of Ord., Bausch and Lomb Optical Co., Rochester, N. Y., on May 1; to USS California.

Lt. Thomas J. Raftery, det. staff, Comdr. Setg. Force, in June; to Nav. Air Sta., Anacostia, D. C., as aerological officer.

Lt. Joseph P. Rockwell, det. USS Maryland about Feb. 22; to Asiatic Station.

Lt. Raymond D. Tarbuck, det. USS West Virginia; to duty as asst. gunnery officer, USS West Virginia.

Lt. Rutledge B. Tompkins, det. staff, Comdr. Battle Force, about April 1; to Office of Nav. Insp. of Ord., Ford Instrument Co., Long Island City, N. Y.

Lt. Frederick M. Trappell, det. VS Sqn. 11S (USS San Francisco) in June; to VP Sqn. 10F, Pearl Harbor, T. H.

Lt. Joseph C. Van Cleave, granted sick leave two months; wait orders at Wash., D. C.

Lt. Howard L. Young, det. VS Sqn. 12S (USS Tuscaloosa) in June; to VB Sqn. 2S (USS Saratoga).

Lt. (jg) Richard B. Briner, det. VS Sqn. 12S (USS Tuscaloosa) in June; to VB Sqn. 1B (USS Ranger).

Lt. (jg) Leo O. Crane, det. VS Sqn. 10S (USS Chicago) in June; to VF Sqn. 3S (USS Ranger).

Lt. (jg) Mark E. Dennett, det. USS Maryland in March; to Asiatic Station.

Lt. (jg) Clifford H. Duerfeldt, det. VP Sqn. 7F (USS Wright) about June 8; to Nav. Air Sta., Anacostia.

Lt. (jg) Joseph B. Duval, jr., det. USS Yarnall in May or June; to instn. Naval Academy.

Lt. (jg) Philip C. Evans, det. USS Dupont in May or June; to instn. Naval Academy.

Lt. (jg) Earl P. Finney, jr., det. USS Marblehead in April; to USS Bushnell.

Lt. (jg) Kenneth M. Gentry, det. USS Blakeley in May; to instn. Naval Academy.

Lt. (jg) Albert D. Gray, det. VS Sqn. 9S (USS Salt Lake City) in June; to VB Sqn. 1B (USS Ranger).

Lt. (jg) James T. Hardin, det. USS S-8 about May 15; to instn. Naval Academy.

Lt. (jg) William C. Hughes, Jr., orders by C. in C. Asiatic modified. To USS Salt Lake City instead 12th Nav. Dist.

Lt. (jg) Jesse L. Hull, orders Feb. 18, revoked. Continue duty Univ. of Calif., Berkeley, Calif.

Lt. (jg) Carlton B. Hutchins, det. VS Sqn. 6B (USS Concord) about June 8; to Nav. Air Sta., Anacostia.

Lt. (jg) William C. Kaiser, det. VB Sqn. 5B (USS Lexington) about June 8; to VP Sqn. 10F, Pearl Harbor, T. H.

Lt. (jg) Edward N. Little, det. USS Evans in April; to USS Utah.

Lt. (jg) Forsyth Massey, det. VS Sqn. 9S (USS Pensacola) in June; to VS Sqn. 3B (USS Lexington).

Lt. (jg) Frank C. McAllister, jr., det. VP Sqn. 2B (USS Lexington) about June 8; to VP Sqn. 4F, Pearl Harbor.

Lt. (jg) Stanley G. Nichols, det. USS R-4 in May; to command USS R-14. Orders Jan. 15 revoked.

Lt. (jg) Albert C. Perkins, det. VS Sqn. 10S (USS Portland) in June; to VB Sqn. 5B (USS Lexington).

Lt. (jg) Paul D. Stroop, det. VB Sqn. 5B (USS Lexington) in June; to VS Sqn. 10S (USS Portland).

Lt. (jg) James B. Vredenburg, det. VS Sqn. 12S (USS Minneapolis) in June; to VB Sqn. 2B (USS Saratoga).

Lt. (jg) James P. Walker, det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla., about April 1; to Asiatic Station.

Ens. Edwin S. Beggs, jr., det. USS West Virginia in April; to USS Bainbridge.

Ens. Albert L. Carlson, det. USS New York in April; to USS Sicard.

Ens. Roy C. Klinker, det. USS New Mexico in April; to USS Hovey.

Ens. Ben. W. Sarver, jr., det. USS Tennessee in April; to USS Hatfield.

Comdr. Lewis G. Jordan (MC), det. USS Ranger in June to Nav. Hosp., Boston, Mass.

Lt. Comdr. Joseph B. Logue (MC), det. USS Medusa in June; to Nav. Hosp., Wash., D. C., and addl. duty Nav. Medical School, Wash., D. C.

Lt. (jg) Robert E. Leamer (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., Charleston, S. C., in May; to USS Ranger.

Comdr. Smith Hempstone (SC), det. Nav. War College, Newport, R. I., about May 2; to staff, Comdr. Destroyers, Setg. Force.

Capt. John F. Hatch (SC), det. 3rd Nav. Dist., about March 1; to duty as Genl. Insp. Supply Corps, East Coast, Navy Dept.

Lt. Comdr. Theodore S. Coulbourn (SC), det. as Off. in Chge., Commissary Store, Norfolk, Va., in April; to USS Vega.

Lt. Comdr. LeRoy Moyer (SC), det. USS Vega in May; to Naval Academy.

(Continued on Next Page)

Navy Orders

(Continued from Preceding Page)

Lt. Comdr. Harold Templeton Smith (SC), det. Norfolk Navy Yard, Portsmouth, Va., in March; to duty as Off. in Chg., Commissary Store, Norfolk, Va.
Lt. (jg) James W. Boundy (SC), det. Nav. Air Sta., San Diego, Calif., in May; to Asiatic Station.
Ch. Boon. William Lee Hickey, det. USS Portland in May; to USS Mallard.
Rad. Elec. Frank E. Hamlin, det. USS Cincinnati; continue trtmt. Nav. Hosp., San Diego, Calif.

Orders to CPO

February 29, 1936

Fred H. Babington, CSK, NTS, Newport, R. I., to Combasefor.
Corley L. Bagwell, CHM, Radio Sta., San Juan, to USS Drayton.
Earl J. Bailey, CTM, NTS San Diego, to Thirteenth District.
Edwin E. Berger, CCM, USS Indianapolis, to Fourth District.
William J. Blessing, CEM, Subbase Coco Solo, to USS McDougal.
Fred J. Callaway, CMM, USS Philip, to NRS, St. Louis, Mo.
Frank H. Carey, CTM, Torpedo Sta., Newport, to USS Cassin.
Edward F. Carrigan, CCStd, USS Chester, to Fifth Naval District.
George W. Clarke, CTM, USS Badger to USS Case.
Noble R. Cowger, CTM, NRS, Omaha, Neb., to Comsubron Six.
Gilbert R. Cox, CFC, RS, Wash., D. C., to USS Wyoming.
Jay Frisbie, CWT, USS Lexington, to USS Rigel.
George H. Harsch, CFC, USS Richmond, to NRS, Omaha, Neb.
Rogio I. Hunter, CMM, USS West Virginia, to Fifth District.
Charles Mandell, CY, NRS, Brooklyn, N. Y., to USS Maryland.
Albert W. McCanless, CRM, USS Philip, to USS Lamson.
Leon Nichols, ACCM, NAS, Anacostia, D. C., to USS Reina Mercedes.
Albert J. Ransel, CRM, RS, Phila., Pa., to USS Porter.
Edward H. Ringrose, CEM, USS Colorado, to NRS, Bellevue, D. C.
Willie B. Simmons, CPhM, SB, Pearl Harbor, to NRS, New Orleans, La.
Talmadge D. Stone, CMM, USS Elliot, to USS Dunlap.
John U. Travis, CMM, USS Hopkins, to NRS, Houston, Texas.
Elmer E. Waeger, CRM, Third District, to USS Case.
Homer H. Wells, CTM, SB, New London, to USS Porter.
Shelby M. Yount, CRM, USS Medusa, to Fifth Naval District.
Anton J. Zech, CSK, RS, New York, N. Y., to Combasefor.

Coast Guard Orders

Lt. C. M. Anderson, detached Seneca, effective upon decommissioning of that vessel, and assigned temporary duty Depot.
Lt. (jg) K. O. A. Zittel, detached Seneca, effective upon decommissioning of that vessel, and assigned temporary duty Depot.
Machinist Patrick Mahoney (Retired), died at Cambridge, Massachusetts, on March 3, 1936.

Marine Corps Orders

(Continued from Page 593)

March 11, 1936

Maj. William T. Evans, on or about June 1, 1936, detached Aircraft 1, First Marine Brig., FMF, MB, Quantico, Va., to NAS, Pensacola, Fla. Authorized to delay 1 month en route.
Maj. Francis P. Mulcahy, on completion course at Naval War College, about May 30, 1936, detached that college to Aircraft 1, First Marine Brig., FMF, MB, Quantico, Va.
Capt. William R. Hughes, relieved from duty with Aircraft 1, First Marine Brig., FMF, MB, Quantico, Va., and assigned to 2d Marines, that Brigade.
Capt. Tilghman H. Saunders, orders detaching this officer 4th Marines, Shanghai, China, to MD, USS Augusta revoked.
Capt. Frank H. Lamson-Scribner, about June 22, 1936, detached University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, Mich., to Aircraft 2, FMF, NAS, San Diego, Calif.
Capt. Hayne D. Boyden, about June 30, 1936, detached VO Squadron 9M, St. Thomas, V. I., to Air Corps Tactical School, Maxwell Field, Montgomery, Ala. Authorized to delay in reporting to Aug. 25, 1936.
Capt. Caleb T. Bailey, about May 29, 1936, detached MB, Quantico, Va., to Bureau of Aeronautics, Navy Dept., Wash., D. C.
Capt. Vernon E. Megee, about July 15, 1936, detached Aircraft 1, First Marine Brig., FMF, MB, Quantico, Va., to Air Corps Tactical School, Maxwell Field, Montgomery, Ala. Authorized to delay in reporting until August 25, 1936.

Capt. William O. Brice, about July 15, 1936, detached MB, Quantico, Va., to Air Corps Tactical School, Maxwell Field, Montgomery, Ala. Authorized to delay in reporting until August 25, 1936.

Capt. Thomas J. Cushman, on completion of Air Corps Tactical School, Maxwell Field, Montgomery, Ala., detached that school, to Aircraft 2, NAS, San Diego, Calif., to report not later than July 5, 1936.

Capt. Stanley E. Ridderhof, on completion of Air Corps Tactical School, Maxwell Field, Montgomery, Ala., detached that school, to Aircraft 1, First Marine Brig., FMF, MB, Quantico, Va.

Capt. William L. McKittrick, on completion of Air Corps Tactical School, Maxwell Field, Montgomery, Ala., detached that school, to Aircraft 1, First Marine Brig., FMF, MB, Quantico, Va.

Capt. Morris L. Shively, on April 1, 1936, detached First Marine Brig., FMF, MB, Quantico, Va., to Staff of Basic School, MB, Navy, Yard, Phila., Pa.

Capt. Albert D. Cooley, about June 18, 1936, detached Aircraft 2, FMF, NAS, San Diego, Calif., to Aircraft 1, First Marine Brig., FMF, MB, Quantico, Va., via USS Chaumont, sailing San Diego, June 22.

Capt. Perry K. Smith, about June 18, 1936, detached Aircraft 2, FMF, NAS, San Diego, Calif., to Aircraft 1, First Marine Brig., FMF, MB, Quantico, Va., via USS Chaumont, sailing San Diego, June 22.

1st Lt. Robert H. Rhoads, about June 18, 1936, detached Aircraft 2, FMF, NAS, San Diego, Calif., to Aircraft 1, First Marine Brig., FMF, MB, Quantico, Va., via USS Chaumont, sailing San Diego, June 22.

1st Lt. Joseph C. Burger, on April 11, 1936, detached 4th Marines, Shanghai, China, to MD, American Embassy, Peiping, China.

1st Lt. Samuel K. Bird, on April 15, 1936, detached MB, American Embassy, Peiping, China, to MD, USS Augusta.

1st Lt. Verne J. McCaul, about May 15, 1936, detached Aircraft 1, First Marine Brig., FMF, MB, Quantico, Va., to VO Squadron 9M, St. Thomas, V. I., via SS Barbara, sailing Baltimore, Md., on June 23, 1936.

1st Lt. Author F. Binney, about June 18, 1936, detached Harvard University, Cambridge, Mass., to Aircraft 2, FMF, NAS, San Diego, Calif., to report not later than July 5, 1936.

1st Lt. Edward C. Dyer, about June 10, 1936, detached Bureau of Aeronautics, Navy Dept., to Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md., for aviation duty and instruction in P. G.

Course. Authorized to delay in reporting until June 29, 1936.

1st Lt. Clinton E. Fox, on reporting relief, about June 5, 1936, detached NAS, Pensacola, Fla., to Aircraft 1, First Marine Brig., FMF, MB, Quantico, Va.

1st Lt. Allen C. Koonce, on reporting relief, about June 5, 1936, detached NAS, Pensacola, Fla., to Aircraft 1, First Marine Brig., FMF, MB, Quantico, Va.

1st Lt. Raymond C. Scollin, on May 15, 1936, detached Aircraft 1, First Marine Brig., FMF, MB, Quantico, Va., to NAS, Pensacola, Fla. Authorized to delay 15 days in reporting.

1st Lt. William A. Willis, on May 15, 1936, detached Aircraft 1, First Marine Brig., FMF, MB, Quantico, Va., to NAS, Pensacola, Fla. Authorized to delay 15 days in reporting.

Capt. Charles L. Pike, about June 22, 1936, detached University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, Mich., to Aircraft 1, First Marine Brig., FMF, MB, Quantico, Va., to report not later than July 5, 1936.

1st Lt. Lionel C. Goudeau, about March 25, 1936, detached FMF, MCB, San Diego, Calif., to Recruiting District of New Orleans, New Orleans, La. Authorized to delay in reporting until April 30.

1st Lt. Harry S. Leon, about May 1, 1936, detached FMF, MCB, San Diego, Calif., to MB, Navy Yard, New York, N. Y. Authorized to delay 2 months in reporting.

Ch. Mar. Gnr. Michael Wodarczyk, about May 1, 1936, detached Aircraft 2 FMF, NAS, San Diego, Calif., to NAS, Anacostia, D. C. Authorized to delay in reporting at NAS, Anacostia, until June 30, 1936.

Mar. Gnr. Jack A. Church, about April 18, 1936, detached NAS, Anacostia, D. C., to Aircraft 2, FMF, NAS, San Diego, Calif. Authorized to delay in reporting to June 30, 1936.

Army Orders

(Continued from Page 593)

Ga., to Hawaiian Dept., sailing from N. Y. April 24.

Army Nurse Corps

1st Lt. M. Virginia Himes, from San Francisco, Calif., to her home and await retirement.

2nd Lt. Caroline Hutcheck, from Ft. Lewis, Wash., to her home and await retirement.

2nd Lt. Sara Connerth, from San Francisco, to her home and await retirement.



"Sir, the cook reports—THEY STAY CRISP!"

Kellogg's Wheat Krispies are unlike any cereal you ever tasted. Just enough rice is blended with whole wheat to add new, lasting crispness . . . new delicious flavor.

Wheat Krispies actually stay crunchy in milk or cream. Extra good with fruit or honey added. Always ready to eat. Nourishing. Easy to digest. Handy in individual packages for the mess-hall. Sold in large, economical family packages at the Commissary Stores and Post Exchange. Made by Kellogg in Battle Creek.

All Kellogg's Cereals and Kaffee Hag Coffee are on Purchase Notice No. 86, dated Oct. 26, 1935, Contract No. W-767-QM-34.



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10c for the big can of oil paste. A large bottle of famous Bostonian Cream costs more, lasts longer.

IN STANDARD COLORS



Army Orders

(Continued from Preceding Page)

cisco, Calif., to her home and await retirement.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

MAJ. GEN. FREDERICK W. COLEMAN, C. of F.
Capt. Adel C. Harden, from Washington, D. C., to Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., sailing from N. Y. June 2.
Capt. James H. Dickie, previous orders amended to read: from Philippine Dept., to Baltimore, Md.

CORPS OF ENGINEERS

MAJ. GEN. EDWARD M. MARKHAM, C. of E.
Col. James J. Loving, from Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., to his home and await retirement.
Lt. Col. William H. Holcombe, from Ft. Leavenworth, Kans., to Milwaukee, Wis.
Capt. Wayne S. Moore, from West Point, N. Y., to Boston, Mass.
Capt. William N. Leaf, from West Point, N. Y., to New Orleans, La.
Capt. Howard F. Clark, from Washington, D. C., to 1st Cav. Div., Ft. Bliss, Tex.
Capt. Robert G. Lovett, from Ft. Leavenworth, Kans., to 2nd Div., Ft. Logan, Col.
Capt. Herbert D. Vogel, from Ft. Leavenworth, Kans., to Hawaiian Dept., sailing from N. Y. Aug. 1.

1st Lt. James K. Herbert, from Hawaiian Dept., to Ft. Belvoir, Va.
1st Lt. Edward A. Brown, Jr., from 5th Engr., to student 1936-1937 company officers' course, Engineer School, Ft. Belvoir, Va.
1st Lt. Ernest W. Carr, from West Point, N. Y., to Panama Canal Dept., sailing from N. Y. July 3.
Following from Berkeley, Calif. to student 1936-1937 company officers' course, Engineer School, Ft. Belvoir, Va. sailing from S. F. July 18: 1st Lt. Richard B. Arnold, 2nd Lt. John D. Matheson, 2nd Lt. Richard D. Meyer.
2nd Lt. Staunton L. Brown from 5th Engr., to student 1936-1937 company officers' course, Engineer School, Ft. Belvoir, Va.
2nd Lt. Austin V. Betts from 5th Engr., to student 1936-1937 company officers' course, Engineer School, Ft. Belvoir, Va.
2nd Lt. John H. Donoghue previous orders revoked.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT

MAJ. GEN. WILLIAM H. TSCHAPPAT, C. of O.
Capt. George W. Hirsch, from Ft. Leavenworth, Kans., to Ordnance School, Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md.
1st Lt. Theodore A. Weyher, from Benicia Arsenal, Calif., to Watertown Arsenal, Mass., sailing from S. F. May 6.
Following from present assignment at Watertown Arsenal, Mass., to student course I of the Ordnance School, 1936-1937, Watertown Arsenal, Mass.: 1st Lt. Robert F. Haggerty (CAC), 1st Lt. James D. Sams (Inf.).
Following from station after name to student course I of the Ordnance School, 1936-1937, Watertown Arsenal, Mass.: 1st Lt. Frank Kowalski, Jr., (Inf.), Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.; 1st Lt. Jergen B. Olson (Cav.), Curtis Bay, Md.; 1st Lt. Jermian F. Rodenhauer (CAC), Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md.

SIGNAL CORPS

MAJ. GEN. JAMES B. ALLISON, CSO.
MAJ. Frederick W. Hoorn, from Ft. Leavenworth, Kans., to Panama Canal Dept., sailing from N. Y. Aug. 1.
MAJ. William H. Murphy, from Chicago, Ill., to Ft. Monmouth, N. J.
Capt. Howard E. Pulliam (Inf.), relieved detail SC, from Bolling Fld., D. C., to Panama Canal Dept., sailing from N. Y. July 3.
Capt. John W. Irwin (Inf.), from detail SC and from Ft. Monmouth, N. J., to 29th Inf., Ft. Benning, Ga.
Capt. Alfred H. Thiessen is retired upon his own application after more than 16 years' service, March 31.

CHEMICAL WARFARE SERVICE

MAJ. GEN. CLAUDE E. BRIGHAM, C. of CWS.
Lt. Col. Augustin M. Prentiss, from Washington, D. C., to Edgewood Arsenal, Md.

CHAPLAIN CORPS

CH. ALVA J. BRASTED, C. of CH.
Ch. Charles O. Purd, from Ft. Des Moines, Iowa, to Panama Canal Dept., sailing from N. Y. July 3.
Ch. Stanley J. Reilly, from Hamilton Fld., Calif., to Panama Canal Dept., sailing from S. F. June 9.

CAVALRY

MAJ. GEN. LEON B. KROMER, C. of CAV.
Col. Thomas A. Roberts, having been found incapacitated for active service, his retirement is announced as of March 31. From Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., to his home.
Lt. Col. Edgar W. Taulbee, from Washington, D. C., to Philippine Dept., sailing from N. Y. Sept. 16.
MAJ. Randolph Russell, from Ft. Ethan Allen, Vt., to Brooklyn, N. Y.
MAJ. Carl J. Dockler, from Ft. Riley, Kans., to Decatur Boys High School, At-

lanta, Ga.
MAJ. Calvin Dewitt, Jr., from Ft. Riley, Kans., to 1st Cav. Div., Ft. Clark, Tex.
MAJ. John C. Daly, from Ft. Riley, Kans., to 14th Cav., Ft. Des Moines, Iowa.
MAJ. Philip R. Upton, from Ft. Meade, S. D., to 3rd Cav., Ft. Myer, Va.
MAJ. Paul H. Morris, from Ft. Riley, Kans., to 14th Cav., Ft. Sheridan, Ill.
MAJ. Fenton S. Jacobs, from staff and faculty Cav. School, Ft. Riley, Kans., to 2nd Cav., Ft. Riley, Kans.
MAJ. Alexander B. MacNabb, from Ft. Myer, Va., to Instructor Engineer School, Ft. Belvoir, Va.
Capt. James B. Patterson, previous orders revoked.

Capt. William A. Bugher, from aide to Brig. Gen. Guy V. Henry, to 2nd Cav., Ft. Riley, Kans.
Capt. John H. Riepe, from West Point, N. Y., to 13th Cav., Ft. Riley, Kans.
Capt. Thomas D. Roberts, from Ft. Riley, Kans., to Agri. & Mech. College of Tex., College Station, Tex.
1st Lt. Basil L. Riggs, from Ft. Sheridan, Ill., to student 1936-1937 course, QMC Motor Transport School, Holabird QM Depot, Baltimore, Md.

FIELD ARTILLERY

MAJ. GEN. UPTON BIRNIE, JR., C. of FA.
Col. Ralph Talbot, Jr., from Ft. Leavenworth, Kans., to San Francisco, Calif., sailing from N. Y. Aug. 14.
Col. William H. Dodds, Jr., from Washington, D. C., to 1st Cav. Div., Ft. Bliss, Tex., sailing from N. Y. Aug. 14.
Col. George H. Paine, from Hawaiian Dept., to Rome, Italy, as military attaché.
Lt. Col. Julian F. Barnes, from Ft. Sill, Okla., to Washington, D. C.
Lt. Col. Robert F. Hyatt, from Ft. Sill, Okla., to OR, 7th Corps Area, Little Rock, Ark.
MAJ. Clifford H. Tate, from San Antonio, Tex., to 18th FA, Ft. Sill, Okla.
MAJ. Michael C. Shea, from Jackson, Miss., to OR, 8th Corps Area, San Antonio, Tex.
MAJ. John M. Devine, from West Point, N. Y., to 76th FA, Presidio of Monterey, Calif., sailing from N. Y. Aug. 14.
Capt. Daniel P. Potec, from 17th FA, to FA Board, Ft. Bragg, N. C.
Capt. Robert T. Strode, from Ft. Sill, Okla., to Hawaiian Dept., sailing from S. F. June 24.
Capt. Lemuel Mathewson, from West Point, N. Y., to 83rd FA, Ft. Benning, Ga.
Capt. George S. Price, from West Point, N. Y., to 17th FA, Ft. Bragg, N. C.
Capt. Marion P. Echols, from West Point, N. Y., to 2nd Div., Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.
Capt. George D. Venture, from Ft. Benning, Ga., to OR, 4th Corps Area, Tampa, Fla.
Following from Ft. Leavenworth, Kans., to Hawaiian Dept., sailing from N. Y. Aug. 1: Capt. Miles A. Cowles, Capt. Arthur E. Fox.
Following 1st Lts. from West Point, N. Y. to 1st Cav. Div., Ft. Bliss, Tex., sailing from N. Y. Aug. 14: William P. Ennis, Jr., Richard K. McMaster.

COAST ARTILLERY CORPS

MAJ. GEN. HARRY L. STEELE, C. of CAC.
Lt. Col. Edwin K. Smith, from Athens, Ga., to Panama Canal Dept., sailing from N. Y. July 3.
Lt. Col. Edward W. Turner, from Pittsburgh, Pa., to Philippine Dept., sailing from N. Y. June 2.
MAJ. Ralph E. Hill, from Ft. Monroe, Va., to Agri. & Mech. College of Tex., College Station, Tex.
MAJ. James T. Campbell, from instructor, CAS to 2nd CA, Ft. Monroe, Va.
MAJ. Webster H. Warren, from Ft. Leavenworth, Kans., to Washington, D. C.
MAJ. Reamer W. Argo, from Ft. Monroe, Va., to Univ. of Del., Newark, Del.
Capt. George M. Badger, from Ft. Leavenworth, Kans., to Hawaiian Dept., sailing from N. Y. Aug. 1.
Capt. Nevins D. Young, from Ft. Sheridan, Ill., to 3rd CA, Ft. Rosecrans, Calif., sailing from N. Y. June 2.
Capt. George A. Ford, from Tyler, Tex., to Panama Canal Dept., sailing from N. Y. July 3.
Capt. John F. Gambler, from Panama Canal Dept., to student 1936-1937 regular course, CA School, Ft. Monroe, Va.
Capt. Darwin D. Martin, from Philippine Dept., to Mich. State College of Agri. and Applied Science, East Lansing, Mich.
Capt. John I. Hinkle, from West Point, N. Y., to Hawaiian Dept., sailing from N. Y. Aug. 14.
Following from Ft. Monroe, Va., to Hawaiian Dept., sailing from N. Y. Aug. 1: Capt. George W. Palmer, Capt. Carl F. Tischbelen.
1st Lt. John H. Kochevar, from Ft. Worden, Wash., to Panama Canal Dept., sailing from S. F. June 9.
1st Lt. Holger N. Toffoy, from Ft. Monroe, Va., to Panama Canal Dept., sailing from N. Y. Aug. 14.
1st Lt. Gilbert N. Adams, previous orders

amended to read: to 3rd CA, Ft. Stevens, Ore.

1st Lt. Roy K. Kauffman, from Philippine Islands, to student 1936-1937 regular course, CA School, Ft. Monroe, Va.
1st Lt. John R. Lovell, from Hawaiian Dept., to student 1936-1937 regular course, CA School, Ft. Monroe, Va.
Following from station after name to student 1936-1937 regular course, CA School, Ft. Monroe, Va., sailing from S. F. July 18: 1st Lt. Dana S. Alexander, Ft. MacArthur, Calif.; 1st Lt. Carl H. Fernstrom, Ft. Winfield Scott, Calif.; 1st Lt. A. Deane Gough, Ft. Baker, Calif.; 1st Lt. Hubert du B. Lewis, Ft. Worden, Wash.; 1st Lt. Grosvenor E. Powell, Ft. Winfield Scott, Calif.; 1st Lt. Peter Schmitt, Ft. MacArthur, Calif.
1st Lt. James T. Barber, from Ft. Monroe, Va., to Hawaiian Dept., sailing from N. Y. Aug. 1.

INFANTRY

MAJ. GEN. EDWARD CROFT, C. of INF.
Col. Edwin Butcher detailed GSC. From Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., to Philippine Dept., sailing from S. F. Oct. 8.
Col. John W. Wright, from Baltimore, Md., to 65th Inf., Puerto Rico, sailing from N. Y. July 3.
Lt. Col. Francis M. Maddox, from Ft. Williams, Me., to OR, 1st Corps Area, Bangor, Me.
MAJ. Paul V. Kellogg, from San Juan, Puerto Rico, to Rutgers Univ., New Brunswick, N. J.
MAJ. Walter A. Dumas, from Washington, D. C., to 11th Inf., Ft. Benjamin Harrison, Ind.
MAJ. Rufo M. Fitzpatrick, from Fresno, Calif., to 8th Inf., Ft. Moultrie, S. C., sailing from S. F. June 9.
MAJ. Kearle L. Berry, detailed OR. From Philippine Dept., to 9th Corps Area, Fresno, Calif.
MAJ. Robinson E. Duff, from Washington, D. C., to 13th Inf., Ft. Devens, Mass.
MAJ. Philip Overstreet, from Ft. George Wright, Wash., to instructor, Inf. NG, Detroit, Mich.
MAJ. Paul Steele, from Ft. Leavenworth, Kans., to Drexel Institute, Philadelphia, Pa.
MAJ. Donald M. Bartow, from Honolulu, T. H., to Ft. McDowell, Calif.
MAJ. Newton W. Speece, from China to instructor, Inf., Minn. NG, Minneapolis, Minn.
MAJ. Roy T. Rouse, from Philippine Islands, to instructor, Inf., MO, NG, St. Joseph, Mo.
MAJ. Norman D. Cota, from Washington, D. C., to 29th Inf., Plattsburg Bks., N. Y.
MAJ. John E. Grose, from Ft. Jay, N. Y., to Brooklyn, N. Y.
MAJ. John W. Mott, from Brooklyn, N. Y., to 22nd Inf., Ft. McClellan, Ala.
MAJ. William F. Freehoff, previous orders amended to read: to 34th Inf., Ft. George G. Meade, Md.
MAJ. Marvin W. Marsh, from Ft. Leavenworth, Kans., to 2nd Div., Ft. Francis E. Warren, Wyo.
MAJ. Ernest A. Rudelius, from Washington, D. C., to 29th Inf., Ft. Benning, Ga.
MAJ. Charles H. Karlstad, from Washington, D. C., to 2nd Div., Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.
MAJ. George Van W. Pope, from Ft. Leavenworth, Kans., to Ft. Belvoir, Va.
MAJ. Arnold J. Funk, from Ft. Benning, Ga., to Univ. of Ga., Athens, Ga.
Following from Ft. Leavenworth, Kans., to 2nd Div., at station after name: MAJ. William W. Eagles, to Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.; MAJ. John E. Hull, to Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.; MAJ. Russell C. Throckmorton, to Ft. Francis E. Warren, Wyo.
Following from Ft. Leavenworth, Kans., to station after name: MAJ. William L. Blanton, to 17th Inf., Ft. Crook, Neb.; MAJ. Joseph L. Ready, to 34th Inf., Ft. George G. Meade, Md.
Following from Ft. Leavenworth, Kans., to station after name: MAJ. Morrill W. Mars-ton, to 16th Inf., Ft. Jay, N. Y.; MAJ. Maurice L. Miller, to 29th Inf., Ft. Benning, Ga.
Following from Washington, D. C., to station after name, sailing from N. Y. Aug. 1: MAJ. Thomas G. Hearn, to 7th Inf., Vancouver Bks., Wash.; MAJ. Charles P. Stivers, to 4th Inf., Ft. George Wright, Wash.
Following from Ft. Leavenworth, Kans., to station after name: MAJ. Gustav A. M. Anderson, to 3rd Inf., Ft. Snelling, Minn.; MAJ. Paul T. Baker, to 12th Inf., Ft. Howard, Md.; MAJ. Don C. Faith, to 10th Inf., Ft. Thomas, Ky.; MAJ. Raymond C. Hamilton, to 4th Inf., Ft. George Wright, Wash.; MAJ. John H. Hildring, to 25th Inf., Ft. Huachuca, Ariz.; MAJ. Alan W. Jones, to 7th Inf., Vancouver Bks., Wash.; MAJ. Clarence H. Kells, to 2nd Inf., Ft. Wayne, Mich.; MAJ. Henning Linden, to 22nd Inf., Ft. McClellan, Ala.; MAJ. John K. Rice, to 3rd Inf., Ft. Snelling, Minn.; MAJ. Fred B. Rogers, to 5th Inf., Ft. Williams, Me.; MAJ. Ross B. Smith, to 66th Inf., Ft. George G. Meade, Md.; MAJ. Harry F. Thompson, 16th Inf., Ft. Jay, N. Y.; MAJ. William B. Tuttle, to 28th Inf., Ft. Niagara, N. Y.; MAJ. Andrew C. Tycheen, to 6th Inf., Jefferson Bks., Mo.
Capt. Joseph P. Cleland, from Ft. Benning Ga., to Kemper Military School, Boon-

ville, Mo.

Capt. Wiley H. O'Mohundre, designated as captain of the Infantry Rifle Team for 1936.

Capt. John W. Homewood, from Casper, Wyo., to Panama Canal Dept., sailing from S. F. July 18.

Capt. David D. Barrett, from Ft. Crook, Neb., to Peiping, China, as assistant military attaché.

Capt. Joseph K. Evans, from Knoxville, Tenn., to 28th Inf., Ft. Niagara, N. Y.

Following from China, to station after name: Capt. Daniel B. Knight, to 5th Inf., Ft. Williams, Me.; Capt. Sheldon P. McKie, to 28th Inf., Ft. Ontario, N. Y.

Capt. Harland F. Burgess, from Hawaiian Dept., to 25th Inf., Ft. Huachuca, Ariz. Orders later amended to assign him to 4th Inf., Ft. George Wright, Wash.

Capt. John L. Dicks, detailed QMC. From 20th Inf., to assistant to Quartermaster, Ft. Francis E. Warren, Wyo.

Capt. John O. Hyatt, detailed QMC. From 26th Inf., to assistant to Quartermaster, Plattsburg Bks., N. Y.

Capt. Philip M. Whitney, previous orders revoked. From West Point, N. Y., to detail AGD, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.

Capt. Albert C. Wedemeyer, from Ft. Leavenworth, Kans., to military attaché, Berlin, Germany.

1st Lt. Wendell H. Langdon, from Hawaiian Dept., to 24th Inf., Ft. Benning, Ga.
1st Lt. Robert C. Aloe, from Ft. Benning, Ga., to 10th Inf., Ft. Thomas, Ky.

Following from students Infantry School to organization after name, Ft. Benning, Ga.: 1st Lt. Frank L. Bock, to 29th Inf.; 1st Lt. Laurence N. Buck, to 29th Inf.; 1st Lt. Richard B. Danek, to 29th Inf.; 1st Lt. Allen G. Fadness, to 29th Inf.; 1st Lt. Thomas N. Griffin, to 29th Inf.; 1st Lt. Charles C. Humber, Jr., to 29th Inf.; 1st Lt. Robert C. Johnson, to 29th Inf.; 1st Lt. George V. Millett, Jr., to 29th Inf.; 1st Lt. Hampton B. Montgomery, to 29th Inf.; 1st Lt. William T. Moore, to 29th Inf.; 1st Lt. Charles G. Rau, to 66th Inf.; 1st Lt. William H. Rimeonek, to 29th Inf.; 1st Lt. Samuel F. Simpson, to 66th Inf.; 1st Lt. Frederick J. Simpson, to 66th Inf.; 1st Lt. Raymond G. Stanton, to 66th Inf.

2nd Lt. Henry W. Herlong, from Ft. McClellan, Ala., to Philippine Dept. sailing from N. Y. June 2.

AIR CORPS

MAJ. GEN. OSCAR STEVENS, C. of AC.
Col. Jacob E. Fickel, from Kelly Fld., Tex., to Panama Canal Dept., sailing from N. Y. July 3.
Lt. Col. Benjamin G. Weir, from Ft. Benning, Ga., to Panama Canal Dept., sailing from N. Y. July 3.
Lt. Col. Carlyle H. Wash, from Ft. Leavenworth, Kans., to Kelly Fld., Tex.
Lt. Col. William B. Mayer (major), previous orders amended to read: to Randolph Fld., Tex.
Lt. Col. Carl Spatz, from Ft. Leavenworth, Kans., to Langley Fld., Va.
Following from March Fld., Calif., as temporary rank to Maxwell Fld., Ala., sailing from S. F. July 18: MAJ. Ray A. Dumas (capt.), MAJ. Bernard T. Castor (capt.).
MAJ. (Capt.) Rex K. Stoner, from 38th Pur. Squad., to 58th Ser. Squad., Langley Fld., Va.
MAJ. (Capt.) Charles D. McAllister, from 8th Pur. Squad. and temporary rank to AC Technical School, Maxwell Fld., Ala.
MAJ. (Capt.) Walter R. Peck, from 34th At. Squad., to 17th At. Group, March Fld., Calif.

Following from Ft. Leavenworth, Kans., to Washington, D. C.: MAJ. Gerald E. Brower, MAJ. Harry H. Young, Capt. Charles Y. Banfill, Capt. Morton H. McKinnon.

Following from Ft. Leavenworth, Kans., to Langley Fld., Va.: Capt. John D. Barker, Capt. Charles C. Chauncey, Capt. Walter L. Wheeler.

Capt. John K. Nissley, from Long Beach, Calif., to student 1936-1937 course, AC Technical School, Maxwell Fld., Calif., sailing from S. F. July 18.

Capt. (1st Lt.) Clarence T. Mower, from temporary rank and Panama Canal to Chanute Fld., Ill.

Capt. (1st Lt.) John F. Wadman, from temporary rank and March Fld., Calif., to Chanute Fld., Ill., sailing from S. F. July 18.
Capt. (1st Lt.) Narcisse L. Cote, from temporary rank and Philippine Dept., to Chanute Fld., Ill.

Capt. Alonzo M. Drake assigned supply officer, Langley, Fld., Va., with temporary rank of major.

Capt. Ralph E. Fisher, from 16th Obs. Squad., to duty with station complement, Langley Fld., Va.

Capt. Bayard Johnson assigned equal comdr. 87th Pur. Squad., Montgomery, Ala., with temporary rank of major.

Capt. Samuel C. Eaton, Jr., assigned equal comdr., 14th Bomb. Squad., Bolling Fld., D. C., with temporary rank of major.

Capt. Karl S. Axtater, from Kelly Fld., Tex., to Washington, D. C.

Capt. (1st Lt.) Guy F. Hix, from 5th At. Squad., to 64th Ser. Squad., March Fld., (Continued on Next Page)

Proposed Sailings of U. S. Army Transports

(Subject to Change)

Effective March 1, 1936

WEST BOUND										Effective March 1, 1936										EAST BOUND									
New York	Savannah	San Juan		Panama	San Fran.	Honolulu	Guam	Manila		PASSENGER	Manila	Chinwangtao		Honolulu		San Fran.	Panama	San Juan	N.Y.										
Lv.	Due	Lv.	Due	Lv.	Due	Lv.	Due	Lv.	Due	TRANSPORTS	Lv.	Due	Lv.	Due	Lv.	Due	Lv.	Due	Lv.										
										U. S. Grant	2-22	2-27	2-29	3-13	3-14	3-20													
										St. Mihiel											3-17	3-23							
										Republic											4-22	4-29	5-5	5-15	5-16	5-22			
										U. S. Grant	5-6	5-11	5-13	5-26	5-26	6-1													
										Chateau Thierry																4-8	4-14		
										Chateau Thierry											5-28	6-4	6-9	6-19	6-26	6-26			
										Republic											7-7	7-14	7-18	7-28	7-29	8-4			
										U. S. Grant	7-22	7-27	7-28	8-10	8-11	8-17	8-22	9-1	9-2	9-6	7-24								
										Chateau Thierry																7-18	7-24		
										Chateau Thierry											9-4	9-11	9-16	9-26	9-28**	10-5			
										Republic											9-17	9-24	9-29	10-9	10-10	10-16			
										U. S. Grant	11-6	11-11	11-12	11-25	11-25	12-1													
										St. Mihiel																12-5	12-15	12-16	12-22
										Chateau Thierry																10-29	11-4		
										Republic											12-7	12-14	12-19	12-29	12-30	1-5			
										Chateau Thierry																11-25	12-1		
										FREIGHT																			
										TRANSPORTS																			
										Melgs																			
										Ludington																			
										Melgs																			

SERVICE NEWS AND GOSSIP

Navy Junior Selections—Students of the selection system were this week analyzing the announcement of the Navy Line Selection Board's recommendations for promotion of lieutenants to lieutenant commanders and lieutenants, junior grade, to lieutenant. Analysis of the recommendations reveals that 70.35 per cent of the lieutenants considered by the board were selected and 94.07 per cent of the lieutenants, junior grade, up for promotion to rank of lieutenant were recommended for promotion by the Board. A total of 201 lieutenants were selected by the Board, 20 of them having been considered previously and four who were transferred from the construction division to the line. Only one of the lieutenants junior grade selected was a pass-over, while the Board went through 486 to select 429. The percentage of lieutenants recommended for promotion is unusually high. The Board was considered liberal in its selection, passing over a few number of men than was expected by precedent. The Board went through the class of '21 and well down through the class of '22. Thirty-six of the lieutenants selected are aviators, seven aviators being passed over. Only 63 per cent of the 70 lieutenants qualified for command of submarines were selected.

New Radio Equipment for Air Corps—Radio aids for navigation, homing, weather broadcasts, instrument landing, and intermediate frequency communication for traffic control will be provided the Air Corps as funds become available. The equipment will be identical to that now used by the Department of Commerce and will be installed in an identical manner. The radio aids, as tentatively set up, are to be installed at the following points:

Department of Commerce type BRA stations at Maxwell Field* and Dryden, Tex.; Dept. of Commerce type MRA stations at Langley Field*, Pope Field, Mitchell Field, Patterson Field*, Selfridge Field, Chanute Field, Scott Field, Fort Riley, Fort Sill, Hatbox Field, Kelly Field, Hamilton Field, Sunnyvale.

(*Being procured with F. Y. 1936 funds.)

Both BRA and MRA stations require the same size plot, a minimum of 600 feet by 600 feet. Both have five 125 foot vertical insulated towers as radiators, the same size building as the center of the plot and the same feeder systems. The transmitters for the BRA stations are 800 watt crystal control, and for the MRA stations 150 watt crystal control.

Department of Commerce type ML stations will be installed at Hensley Field and Sloan Field. These stations require a clear level plot at least 300' by 300'. The transmitters are crystal control 150 watt units, but because of the antenna system, the station emits a signal effective only for marking the locality.

Instrument landing equipment will be supplied the following stations: Mitchell Field, Langley Field, Chanute Field, Selfridge Field, Maxwell Field, Barksdale

Field, March Field, Hamilton Field, Scott Field, Patterson Field, and Dryden, Tex. This equipment will operate in the same way and use the same channels as the Department of Commerce. All other Army landing equipment will be used for training purposes only.

Airport transmitters for the control of air traffic within ten minutes or 30 miles of the airdrome will be given to the following stations: Mitchell Field, Patterson Field, Scott Field, Fort Leavenworth, Barksdale Field, Kelly Field, Sunnyvale, Langley Field, Selfridge Field, Chanute Field, Maxwell Field, Hatbox Field, March Field, Hamilton Field, and Dryden, Tex. These transmitters will be crystal controlled, set on 278 KCS and have an allowable radiate power of 15 watts.

For point to point, air alter, airplane communication a new high frequency is being established which will use 400 watt, ten channel, crystal control transmitters. The following stations will receive this: Mitchell Field, Bolling Field, Langley Field, Pope Field, Pittsburgh, Middletown, Patterson Field, Chanute Field, Selfridge Field, Scott Field, Fort Leavenworth, Fort Riley, Maxwell Field, Barksdale Field, Chapman Field, Chandler Field, Murfreesboro, Tenn., Kelly Field, Tucson, Ariz., Briggs Field, Dryden Tex., Sloan Field, Hensley Field, Hatbox Field, Fort Sill, March Field, Boeing Field, Pearson Field, Medford, Ore., Hamilton Field, and Sunnyvale. These sets will replace old, obsolete intermediate frequency equipment being used exclusively for Air Alert communication. They will be installed for Air Alert work only.

A receiver and loud speaker will be provided for every channel guarded and teletype drops for the continuous reception of weather reports will be installed as rapidly as funds become available.

It is intended that transmitters be operated by remote control where feasible.

Changes in Navy Line Officers—Rear Adm. Adolphus E. Watson has been ordered by the Navy Department from duty as President of the Naval Examining Board to duty on the General Board. Also in the orders for the past week was Rear Adm. Thomas Charles Hart's orders to the General Board from detail as Commander of Cruisers, Scouting Force. The following were detailed as instructors at the Naval War College, Newport, R. I.: Rear Adm. Hayne Ellis, Capt. Roland M. Brainard, Capt. Nelson H. Goss, Capt. Charles C. Hartigan, Capt. Emanuel A. Lorquist, Capt. John M. Smealie, and Comdr. Charles H. Morrison. Capt. William H. Furlong has been ordered to command the USS West Virginia, and Capt. Claude B. Mayo has been ordered to command the USS Nevada. Others ordered to take command of vessels were: Comdr. Harold C. Train to USS Vestal, Comdr. Franklin Van Valkenburgh to USS Melville, Comdr. Cary W. Magruder to USS Trenton, and Comdr. Samuel S. Payne to USS Dobbin. Capt. John H. Towers, one of the Navy's pioneer aviators, has been ordered to duty as chief of staff and aide to the Commander Aircraft Battle Force. Rear Adm. George T. Pettengill, now Commander Battleship Division 2, Battle Force has been ordered to duty as Commandant Navy Yard and Superintendent Naval Gun Factory at Washington, D. C. Rear Adm. Sinclair Gannon has been ordered to duty as Commandant 11th Naval District and Naval Operating Base, San Diego, Calif., and Rear Adm. James O. Richardson has been ordered to duty as Commander of Destroyers Scouting Force.

Army Chaplain's Notes—The quarterly conference of the 3rd Corps Area Chaplain's Association of the United States Army will be held the week following Easter, Chaplain Howard E. Snyder, President, has announced. Chaplains Edmund J. Griffin and Joseph O. Ensrud are in charge of the program. The last meeting was held at the CCC camp at Skyline Drive, Va.

Chaplain Herbert A. Rinard, who was stationed at Ft. Slocum, N. Y., has relieved Chaplain Edwin B. Burling as Executive Officer in Washington. Chaplain Burling is now stationed at Ft. Slocum.

GHQ Air Force Visual Signals—Headquarters of the GHQ Air Force has compiled a chart showing the various Visual Signals to be employed experimentally by all combat organizations. It is brought out in the chart that eventually all tactical airplanes will be equipped by radio, but as yet this aim has not been reached, and therefore it is necessary to train combat units to carry out their missions without the use of radio. This is being done also to keep the GHQ Air Force "on the go" in case of failure of radio communications. The GHQ Headquarters has asked for a report from each group and separate squadron to be turned in before May 15, 1936 as to the many changes that might be made or things that might be improved upon. The following questions are to be included in the report: (a) Are these signals adaptable for use in your organization? (b) Are there sufficient signals to cover required maneuvers? (c) If they are unsatisfactory, what changes are recommended in each? (d) If these signals are insufficient, what additions are recommended? (e) What signals, in particular, should be added to facilitate night operations?

The signals and significance of the signals as compiled by the GHQ Headquarters are as follows:

1. Flutter Allers (Rapid oscillation of allersons up and down): For Bombardment and Long Range Observation, Attack and Pursuit on the ground it signifies (1) Ready to take off (2) In the air it signifies attention.
2. Fishtail or Yaw (By rudder control, cause tail or airplane to move alternately right and left): For Bombardment and Long Range Observation, Attack and Pursuit immediately after take off it signifies (1) Shift propeller pitch and/or raise landing gear; raise flaps. (2) Just prior to landing it signifies prepare to land-shift propeller pitch; lower landing gear; lower flaps.
3. Flutter Allersons, followed immediately by Fishtail or Yaw signifies to go into column of individual airplanes either for landing or for following the leader in Bomb and Long Range Observation, Attack and Pursuit.
4. Rock Wings (slow rocking motion of airplane about longitudinal axis): For Bombardment and Long Range Observation (1) From any formation go into flights in Vee. (2) Being in flight of Vee go into a Squadron Vee. (3) Being in Squadrons of Vee go into a Group Vee. (4) Being in a Group Vee go into a Vee of individual Squadrons. For Attack and Pursuit it signifies (1) From any formation go into Vee. (2) Being in elements in Vee assemble in flights in Vee. (3) Being in flights in Vee go into a Squadron Vee. (4) Being in Squadrons in Vee go into a Group Vee. (5) Being in a Group Vee go into a Squadron Vee.
5. Dip right (left) wing (A definite lowering of wing well below horizontal, held for an appreciable time, then returned to normal): For Bombardment and Long Range Observation, Attack and Pursuit it signifies (1) From any formation other than echelon go into an echelon of flights on the side on which the wing was dipped. (2) Being in an echelon of flights, if wing is dipped on the side on which echelon is formed, go into an echelon of individual airplanes. (3) Being in an echelon of individual airplanes, if wing is dipped on the side which the airplanes are echeloned, form into an echelon of flights. (4) Being in an echelon of flights, if wing is dipped on opposite side on which the echelon is formed, go into a column of flights.
6. Series of small dives and zooms (Rock control column slowly fore and aft): For Bombardment and Long Range Observation, Attack and Pursuit it signifies (1)

HOTEL DIRECTORY

CALIFORNIA

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9. Wave hand in horizontal circle above head. For Pursuit only it signifies lastberry circle.

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12. Wave microphone back and forth above head. For Bombardment and Long Range Observation, Attack and Pursuit its significance is to indicate that radio is out of commission.

Englishman Resents Congressman's Statement—A statement made by Representative McSwain, chairman of the House Military Committee, that threats of Italian air bombing had caused the British Fleet to withdraw from the eastern Mediterranean and retired to the western end of the sea this week drew upon him a request from an Englishman for a correction. Mr. McSwain promptly published the letter which was from Mr. Hugh Blaker, of Isleworth-on-Thames, and a reply of his own.

Mr. Blaker wrote, "The ignorance of American politicians is almost unbelievable. And yet I don't blame you; you were probably at the mercy of some crude and infamous news agency. You state in Congress that the British Navy made a gesture to stop Italian transports going through the Suez Canal. This is a hopeless misstatement. The canal is international, and England, alone of European countries, abides by her word. Neither did the British scatter under threats from Italy, breakers of their every pledge. The fleet is quite safe and concentrated, thank you."

In his reply Chairman McSwain stated: "I have your letter, and say to you sincerely and not ironically that I thank you for writing me as you have. Your letter is brutally frank. Of course, I will not presume to say that many Britishers have manifested ignorance of American conditions and situations. The only way that I can think of to correct what you apparently insist shall be corrected is by printing your letter in full in the *Congressional Record* along with my reply."

In appealing for a correction Mr. Blaker cited the "blood bond" between the two countries and said, "Remember McSwain is as old as any name in this 'l'il ole isle." In his reply Mr. McSwain expressed interest in that statement and asked where he might receive confirmation of it, for, he said, "our family comes direct from the Isle of Skye and formerly from the Isle of Lewis."

Oppose Commissioning Graduates—The Navy Department is opposed to the enactment of legislation authorizing the commissioning as ensigns in the Navy of all midshipmen of the Class of 1934 who received a certificate of graduation, an honorable discharge, or who resigned, provided that they are now physically qualified. Representative Boylan of New York is the author of a bill to this effect (HR 10100), which would commission the 1934 graduates at the bottom of the grade of ensign and would waive the requirement that they be unmarried. One hundred and three members of the class are involved, 43 of whom resigned voluntarily and the rest of whom were not physically qualified for appointment.

Reporting on the measure, the Navy Department said: "It is true that similar legislation was enacted for the benefit of the members of the Naval Academy class of 1933 who resigned upon graduation, but their status was somewhat different in that there existed considerable uncertainty until just before graduation as to whether commissions could be granted to all qualified graduates. In view of that uncertainty some members of the class of 1933 had accepted offers of positions in civil life and had tendered their resignations from the Navy to become effective upon graduation. This condition did not obtain for the class of 1934, since those qualified for commissions had, for a period of more than 1 year prior to graduation, every assurance that they would be commissioned upon graduation."

"If legislation of this character were enacted into law, similar requests would probably be received from members of each subsequent class who had resigned voluntarily upon graduation and after a trial in civil life then decided that the Navy offers possibly more congenial employment. It is not this class of officers that the Navy desires to induct into the service, but rather those who earnestly hope to make the naval service a career."

Communist Activities in Services—Advocates of the Disaffection Bill, already passed by the Senate and reported out favorably by the House Military Affairs Committee, point to the recent arrest of two women aboard the USS Mississippi following an extended "Red" investigation as another reason for the necessity of passing the bill a law. The two women are said to have concealed copies of a small pamphlet-like newspaper entitled, "Shipmate's Voice," in places aboard the Mississippi where they could be found by members of the ship's personnel. Other copies of the pamphlet, said to be a radical political publication advocating communist doctrines, were found on the two women, authorities stated. Besides urging the sailors to join the Third International, International Communist Party, the pamphlet contained articles attacking the naval service and reviling officers, and also urged them not to re-enlist.

Anti-National defense organizations also have joined in the fight against the bill, saying that it will do away with free speech and a free press. The February copy of "Peace Action," National Council for the Prevention of War publication, carries a full page cartoon showing "Liberty" bound, gagged and tied to a post with the torch and a book lying nearby on the ground as a result of the Disaffection Bill.

In the Senate, Senator LaFollette has moved for reconsideration of the vote on the bill in an attempt to keep the bill from becoming a law. Over on the other side of the Capitol, Representative McSwain, Chairman of the House Military Affairs Committee, is urging the passage of the bill. Just recently an extension of his remarks made were published in the *Congressional Record* Appendix. Rep. McSwain said, "the enactment of these bills into law is being vigorously opposed by the Communists. I do not charge that all who oppose these bills are Communists, but I do believe it fair to assert that those who oppose the enactment of these bills into law are, to that extent, perhaps unwittingly, but nevertheless actually, allies of the Communists in that respect, in connection with their opposition to these bills."

"To make application of these general propositions to the McCormack-Tydings bill, I express surprise that so many people and so many newspapers and magazines misunderstand the provisions of the McCormack-Tydings bill, as amended by the Committee on Military Affairs. Will any editor or anybody else claim the privilege of advising police officers and firemen not to obey the laws, regulations and orders governing them? If so, why? Why do we pay and maintain policemen and firemen? The answer is obvious. Disobedience by them defeats the very purpose of our paying them. By the same token, it must be manifest that disobedience by a soldier or sailor defeats the purpose of having soldiers and sailors."

Medical and Dental Increase

The Army Appropriation bill as reported by the Senate Committee this week carries funds to provide for an additional 200 medical officers and 100 dental officers. As reported by the subcommittee it also carried authorization for the increase strength of these two corps. However, the full committee deleted this authorization from the bill, members stating that they intend to introduce it as an amendment on the floor.

The increase was recommended in response to a suggestion from Senator Couzens to Senator Copeland, chairman of the subcommittee. Senator Copeland asked General Mallin Craig to have Maj. Gen. Charles R. Reynolds, Surgeon General of the Army, to submit a report to the committee on the subject.

Excerpts from General Reynolds memorandum to the committee follow:

A review of the many studies made on the subjects of medical officer personnel during the past 15 years discloses that the reasons set forth in justification of legislation for an increase in the corps may be summarized as follows:

1. Dispersion of troops.
2. Increase of Air Corps stations.
3. Development of a greater number of hospitals doing definitive medical work.
4. Increased responsibility in the field of medico-military training especially with the National Guard and Organized Reserve.
5. Increased responsibility in the field of preventive medicine.
6. Rapid progress in the scientific development of medicine and allied sciences and change of method of application.
7. Extension of medical care to Federal employees beyond Army personnel.

At the present time these reasons for an increase of personnel still exist and in many instances are more impelling than in the past. They will be discussed separately.

1. When the present strength of the Medical Corps was fixed it was the peace-time policy of the War Department to concentrate troops in large and fewer posts. Several of the smaller posts were actually abandoned and others were scheduled for release when proper housing would be provided in the concentration centers. This policy was changed of necessity when housing could not be furnished and many of the abandoned posts were reoccupied. As a result, the demand for Medical Department personnel was unexpectedly increased in order to cover adequately the medical service. This dispersion increased the overhead of officer personnel.

2. During the past 15 years there has been a constant increase in the number of Air Corps stations with no increase in the Medical Corps to man them. The requirement of medical officers attained to 50 in 1921. It is now 72, and as the Air Corps program develops this service will require over 100 medical officers to care for its medical needs. These officers all require special professional training to be wholly proficient with this highly specialized service.

3. During the past 25 years the character of service rendered by all hospitals of the Army has materially improved in keeping with civil hospitals. The present-day battalion post hospital no longer sets the standard for medical care in the local community as it did in pre-war days when only the fair-sized cities were able to support such an institution. During the past quarter of a century, through the efforts of the council on medical education and hospitals, American Medical Association, there has been an enormous increase in hospitals throughout the country, modernly equipped and adequately staffed in accordance with fixed standards. There are few communities throughout the country today that are not within ambulance transport of a civil hospital equipped to care for most any type of medical or surgical case. It has imposed a heavy strain on the Medical Department, especially in the absence of sufficient female nurses and well trained enlisted technicians to furnish medical officers to keep pace with this development in civil medical care.

4. The Spanish-American War in a negative way and the World War in a positive way demonstrated that the medical officer must have a tactical and command knowledge of the function and disposition of Medical Department field elements, especially in the theatre of operations, to render efficient service with combined arms in combat. The efforts initiated in 1908, following the reorganization of the Medical Corps, to establish certain field medical units and devote some time to training in medico-military tactics was more than justified by the conduct of the Medical Department during the World War. As a result of this experience military medicine in its broadest sense was definitely established as a specialty in the

field of medicine and is now generally recognized by the 150,000 members of the medical profession of America. The firm conviction that this knowledge is essential to the organization of a medical corps in another emergency is the heart of the existing Medical Corps Reserve and the force behind the medical department service of the National Guard. These elements of our national defense look to the Medical Department of the Regular Army for guidance and instruction. In addition to qualifying our own officers in the duties of field service, it is essential to maintain a school of instruction to qualify a sufficient number of medical officers in the medico-military art to discharge that responsibility to these civil components which the law imposes. At present this responsibility is not being fully met. It is proposed to increase the instructors with the National Guard by 3 and with the Organized Reserves by 18, allotting 3 to each corps area instead of 1 as at the present time.

5. Since the Spanish-American War there has been an ever-increasing emphasis placed on preventive medicine. Complete justification for this was demonstrated during the World War. In peace time both in garrison and maneuver constant control of environmental factors in the control of disease must be maintained. A knowledge of this work requires special training for both current control and as a nucleus for training in an emergency. The mass concentration of troops of the present day would be impossible without an observance of the principles of preventive medicine.

6. During the past 30 years there has been a revolutionary change in the teaching of medicine which is constantly given impetus through advancements in kindred sciences. Bacteriology, serology, biochemistry, X-ray, and many other laboratory procedures have been brought to the aid of the physical not only in making an accurate and complete diagnosis but also in establishing a rational therapy. Medicine is becoming less of an art and more of a science. As such the individual opinion of the erstwhile general practitioner has given way to the evaluation of pathological and abnormal findings ascertained through scientific investigation of a corps of specialists. Specialization has practically become the rule in the civil profession. As a result, a better type of treatment is given and health is restored and preserved. The Medical Department recognizes these advancements in the practice of medicine, and notwithstanding the handicaps imposed by the lack of a compensatory increase in the corps, the necessity for generally qualifying all medical officers in any of the multitudinous duties they may be called upon to perform in peace or war and the lack of time and funds to permit an adequate number of officers to undergo special courses at civil medical centers, has continued to keep pace of the civil profession. Much of this credit is due to individual officers who, impelled by their interest in some specialty in medicine, have qualified themselves through a sacrifice of their leave and private income.

7. During the past 15 years and in keeping with the policy of governmental economy, the medical officer has been called upon to render certain professional services to employees of extra-military activities of the Federal Government. Physical examinations of prospective civil-service employees are made upon request of the Civil Service Commission which keeps a current list of stations at which medical officers are stationed. Special examinations are made for beneficiaries of the Veterans' Administration and emergency service is rendered employees injured in line of duty for the Federal Employees' Compensation Commission. The amount of this work varies with the location of the post and in some instances requires considerable professional and clerical effort.

A ratio of 1 dental officer per 1,000 total strength of the Army was authorized by the act of March 3, 1911. Dentistry at that time was just on the verge of the wonderful development made since that time. In 1913, Dr. Mayo made the statement that "The next great step in medical progress in the line of preventive medicine should be made by the dentists. The question is will they do it." In an article published in the *Military Surgeon* (June 1935) he stated "They have done a good job of it in the ensuing years."

The status of dentistry today is in no way comparable to that of 1911, when 1 dental officer per 1,000 was authorized by law.

During the World War dentistry demonstrated its value in the military service. On September 30, 1918, the War Department authorized a quota of 2 dental officers per 1,000 for troops training in the United States and 3 per 1,000 for patients in hospitals. Immediately after the World War, when legislation providing for a 500,000 Army was being considered, a committee of the General Staff approved a Dental Corps of 1,100 officers—2 per 1,000 and an additional 10 per cent for school details.

It is well known in this office that military strength is no criterion of the number of persons entitled to dental attendance.

Report Army Supply Bill (Continued from First Page)

and dental increase would be offered as an amendment on the floor of the Senate.

The Senate committee added a legislative provision making the decision of the Secretary of War, instead of the Comptroller General, final in the settlement of claims up to \$500 resulting from field exercises.

The total increase under "pay of the army" was \$6,693,218, of which \$5,689,768 was for the enlisted increase and the balance to take care of the pay and allowances of the 350 commissioned officer increase.

The Senate committee also liberalized the old restriction against the employment of retired officers so as to conform with the revised provision obtained by the Navy last session. The new provision only prohibits pay to retired officers who are "engaged in the selling of, contracting for the sale of, or negotiating for the sale of, to the Army or the War Department, any war materials or supplies." Formerly the restriction prohibited retired officers from being employed in any capacity by firms doing business with the government. The new provision permits his employment as long as he is not actually selling or helping sell war materials or supplies to the War Department.

The committee increased the funds so as to provide for the complete modernization of the 28 75-mm. Field Artillery guns. The House had refused to provide funds for this modernization, which greatly increases traverse, elevation and range of this weapon, in addition to making it capable of high speed towing, but instead had appropriated funds for a limited number of high speed carriages. The Senate also added funds for purchasing high speed carriages for 324 additional guns.

Funds were provided for 500 additional Reserve officers on 14-day active duty periods, and for 51 additional Reserve Officers' Training Corps units. Money also was provided for 30,000 Civilian Military Training Camp trainees.

The provision which limited profits on aircraft and ordnance material to 10 per cent was eliminated from the bill by the Senate committee. This provision, War Department studies revealed, would have seriously hampered the aircraft procurement and development program.

The only decreases in the bill as recommended by the committee were, as mentioned above, the elimination of \$6,725,000 from seacoast defenses and \$7,500 from ordnance service and supplies.

The increase in the measure, as listed in the report submitted by the committee, were as follows:

Office of Chief of Engineers

The expenditures for services of skilled draftsmen, civil engineers, and such others as the Secretary of War may deem necessary in the Office of Chief of Engineers, to carry into effect the various appropriations for rivers and harbors, surveys, etc., to be paid from such appropriations is increased from \$303,900, as proposed by the House, to \$323,900.

Adjutant General's Department

Payment of claims: The committee recommends that the following provision be stricken from the bill: "payment of claims not exceeding \$500 each in amount for damages to or loss of private property incident to such exercises that have accrued or may hereafter accrue: Provided, That settlement of such claims shall be made by the General Accounting Office upon the approval and recommendation of the Secretary of War where the amount of damages has been ascertained by the War Department and payment thereof will be accepted by the owners of the property in full satisfaction of such damages," and in lieu thereof submits the following: for settlement of claims (not exceeding \$500 each) for damages to or loss of private property resulting from such exercises that have accrued or may hereafter accrue, when each claim is substantiated by a report of a board of officers appointed by the commanding officer of the troops engaged, and approved by the Secretary of War, whose action thereon shall be conclusive.

Finance Department

Pay of the Army: To provide for the commissioning in the Regular Army Air Corps, as second lieutenants, 50 Reserve officers, recent graduates of the Air Corps Training

School \$75,000. For 200 additional officers of the Medical Corps and 100 additional officers of the Dental Corps \$800,000.

The designation of nonflying officers making aerial flights is changed to "nonrated officers." Aviation increase on account of the increase in the number of aviation officers by 50, \$37,500. The committee recommends that the number of men of the line and staff, not including the Philippine Scouts, be increased to not less than 165,000, and thereby incurring an additional total expense of \$10,984,886, and further recommend that the following be stricken from the bill: "and, in addition, \$2,344,211 of the appropriation 'Pay of the Army, 1936', which sum shall remain available until June 30, 1937, for defraying the cost of increasing the enlisted strength of the Regular Army from an average of one hundred and forty-seven thousand to an average of one hundred and fifty thousand eight hundred and seventy-three enlisted men, and shall be available also for the objects embraced by and in addition to other appropriations contained in this Act." Pay of enlisted men, \$5,689,768. Rental allowances on account of the addition of the 300 officers, \$172,000. Subsidence on account of the addition of 350 officers, \$118,950.

Total increase, pay of the army, \$6,693,218. Payment to Army officers, active or retired: The committee recommends that the following paragraph be stricken from the bill: "None of the money appropriated in this Act shall be used to pay any officer on the retired list of the Army who for himself or for others engaged in the selling, contracting for the sale of, negotiating for the sale of, or furnishing to the Army or the War Department any supplies, materials, equipment, lands, buildings, plants, vessels, or munitions. None of the money appropriated in this Act shall be paid to any officer on the retired list of the Army who, having been retired before reaching the age of sixty-four, is employed in the United States or its possessions by any individual, partnership, corporation, or association regularly or frequently engaged in making direct sales of any merchandise or material to the War Department or the Army" and in lieu thereof to insert the following: "None of the money appropriated in this Act shall be paid to any officer of the Army on the active list while such officer is employed by any person or company furnishing war materials or supplies to the Government, and such employment is hereby made unlawful: Provided, That no payment shall be made from money appropriated in this Act to any officer on the retired list of the Army who, for himself or for others, is engaged in the selling, contracting for the sale of, or negotiating for the sale of, to the Army or the War Department, any war materials or supplies."

Travel of the Army on account of the addition of 300 officers of the Medical and Dental Corps, \$30,000.

Total, Finance Department, \$6,723,218.

Quartermaster Corps

Subsistence of the Army: Increase on account of additional number of enlisted men, \$3,390,714. The committee also recommends that the following provision be stricken from the bill: "and, in addition, \$501,714 of the appropriation 'Pay of the Army, 1936', which shall remain available until June 30, 1937." Clothing and equipment: Increase on account of additional number of enlisted men, \$862,257. Army transportation: Increase on account of additional number of enlisted men, \$386,736. Repairs to motor vehicles, \$300,000. Barracks and quarters: Increase on account of additional number of enlisted men, \$400,000. Construction and repair of which \$250,000 shall be expended on barracks at Fort Francis E. Warren, Wyo., \$500,000. Purchase of land at West Point, \$431,000. Total, Quartermaster Corps, \$6,270,707.

Signal Corps

Signal Service, Army: Increase on account of additional number of enlisted men, \$19,250.

Air Corps of the Army

Crissey Field, Calif.: The language of the House bill is amended by striking therefrom the words "expense incident to the use of" and the words "as an air station" and insert in lieu of the former the following: structural improvements or for the installation of any new equipment not of a removable character at.

Lighter-than-air craft: The following proviso is recommended to be stricken from the bill: "Provided further, That no available appropriation shall be used upon lighter-than-air craft, other than balloons, not in condition for safe operation on June 30, 1936, or that may become in such condition prior to July 1, 1937."

Medical Department

Medical care and treatment of patients: The words "including supernumeraries" are stricken from the paragraph for the reason it would be subject to abuse and would open the doors of Army hospitals to many classes of patients not now entitled to admission. Medical and hospital department: Increase on account of additional enlisted men, \$26,250.

Corps of Engineers

Engineer service, Army: Increase on account of additional enlisted men, \$18,000.

Ordnance Department

Ordnance service and supplies: Increase on account of additional enlisted men, \$85,000. To provide for the modernizing of 28 75-mm guns at \$11,300 each, \$316,400. To provide for adapters for high speed towing of 324 75-mm guns at \$300 each, \$97,200. Total, Ordnance Department, \$490,200.

Chemical Warfare Service

Increase on account of additional enlisted men, \$16,311.

National Guard Officers, etc.

The committee recommend that the following language be stricken from the bill: "That officers, warrant officers, and enlisted men of the National Guard and Organized Reserves, who, under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of War, volunteer to participate without pay as competitors or range officers in the national matches to be held during the fiscal year 1937, may attend such matches without pay, notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, but shall be entitled to travel and subsistence allowances at the same rates as are provided for civilians who attend and participate in said matches: Provided further."

The committee also recommend that officers, warrant officers, and enlisted men of the National Guard and Organized Reserves who may be ordered to duty in connection with the care and maintenance and operation of the ranges used in the conduct of the national matches, and the expenses therefor be paid from the appropriations for "Promotion of rifle practice."

Organized Reserves

Officers' Reserve Corps, \$100,000.

Citizens Military Training

Reserve Officers Training Corps, \$517,850. The appropriations for the Reserve Officers' Training Corps is made available for training Medical Corps units. Citizens' military training camps: To increase the number of trainees to 30,000, \$275,000. Total, citizens' military training, \$792,850.

National Board for Promotion of Rifle Practice

Pay and allowances, \$100,000.

Quartermaster Corps

Cemeterial expenses purchase of land in vicinity of Baltimore, Md., \$171,000.

Navy Junior Selections

(Continued from First Page)

G. M. Brooke	J. D. Beard
W. B. Thorp	R. E. Libby
W. R. Cooke, jr.	C. L. Helber (A) (V)
C. F. Macklin, jr.	C. E. Voegel
L. E. Divoll	N. A. Drait (A) (V)
L. C. Grannis	J. J. Pierrepont
L. G. McGlone	H. N. Hunter
M. E. Eaton	R. G. Hazard
W. G. Schindler	R. W. Dole
W. A. Griswold	W. E. Zimmerman
H. N. Coulter	H. T. Walsh
G. G. Herring, jr.	L. J. Huffman
E. P. Moore	W. P. Cogswell
D. L. Erwin	J. S. Harper
E. P. Abernethy	P. G. Hale
Edward Coyle Ewen	R. C. Kophart
E. B. Oliver	A. F. Converse
John Eugene Reznor	A. R. Sanborn (A)
Ward Carr Gilbert	(V)
T. M. Dell, jr.	M. E. Miles
Joel Newsom	W. S. Parsons
Apollo Soucek	R. E. Blue
R. E. Hanson	H. D. Baker
Logan McKee	A. E. Becker, jr.
T. L. McCann	B. B. Adell
W. R. Gaines	R. A. Hanson
E. C. Mahoney	B. E. Grow
G. E. Sage	A. I. Malstrom
H. A. Carlisle	K. L. Forster
C. E. Aldrich	E. A. Taylor
G. L. Russell	H. H. Smith-Hutton
J. S. Crenshaw	J. C. Lester
L. B. Farrell	A. J. Robertson
William Cary Gray	W. V. Michaux
P. M. Mancy	J. H. Shultz
F. I. Entwistle	J. E. Craig
B. K. Culver	H. E. Nelson
C. A. Misson	T. B. Dugan
T. L. Lewis	H. E. Regan
J. H. Dickins	T. M. Stokes
W. D. Johnson, jr.	W. K. Berner
J. R. Barbato	A. R. Taylor
L. K. Pollard	R. E. Blicke, jr.
C. R. Lamdin	A. R. McCracken
H. T. Wray	O. A. Kneeland
P. G. Nichols	H. G. Rickover
A. M. Loker	P. H. Wiedorn
R. E. Jaspersen	G. P. Hunter
J. V. Carney	W. G. Jones
W. D. Hoover	H. R. Healy
E. M. Crouch	L. Ragonnet
H. A. Houser	H. P. Pullen
L. J. McGowan	M. E. Murphy
J. P. Heath	A. E. Uehlinger
F. J. Bridget	D. S. Evans
R. F. Hickey	F. T. Watkins
T. R. Wirth	C. J. Cater
J. A. Roberts	T. B. Hill
C. R. Brown	J. M. Higgins
J. M. Hoskins	C. F. Espe
J. P. Rockwell	J. P. Clay
L. L. Rowe	E. C. Metcalfe
F. F. Ferris	J. H. Leppert

F. McK. Adams	C. Moore
G. E. Nold	H. E. Orem
W. F. Jennings	E. E. Elmore
J. R. Wallace	H. D. McIntosh
J. P. Whitney	H. L. Jennings
A. L. Danis	A. L. Becker
B. Bartlett	L. H. Bibby
C. H. Kimball	W. L. Freseman
F. R. Walker	J. E. French
J. A. Hollowell, jr.	D. H. Johnston
H. H. Goodwin	L. D. Folmer
T. J. Rafferty	C. M. Alvord
R. W. Morse	B. P. Hylant
J. J. O'Donnell, jr.	T. T. Beattie
E. C. Forsyth	C. O. Hymphreys
E. V. Sherman	G. R. Cooper
E. R. Gardner, jr.	V. R. Sinclair
R. W. Bedillion	H. Keeler, jr.
C. C. Phleger	A. D. Clark
E. A. Cruise	C. O. Comp
E. A. Solomons	H. D. Smith
G. D. Cooper	J. G. Coward
H. Elliott	S. H. Clark
H. S. Duckworth	H. B. Hutchinson
F. C. Sutton	H. S. Covington
A. R. Nash	H. B. Butterfield
W. B. Holden	J. P. Cady
H. A. Smith	E. E. Woods
H. E. Parker	H. W. Chanler
I. Olch	E. H. Pierce
S. K. Groseclose	R. H. Tuttle
W. J. Suits	J. E. Murphy
L. P. Pawley	F. Akers
C. C. Adell (A)	E. R. Durgin
M. N. Little	F. J. Eckhoff
W. B. Ault	L. J. Manes
F. L. Riddle	R. A. Knapp
W. F. Riggs, jr.	R. L. Johnson
R. H. Smith	A. R. Brady
H. F. MacComsey	H. E. Eccles

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Lieutenants (jg) selected
Officers of the grade of Lieutenant (jg) selected for promotion to Lieutenant, U. S. Navy.

J. B. Robertson, jr.	M. P. Russillo
M. A. Nation	John Bailey
J. Eldridge, jr.	Granville A. Moore
H. H. McIlhenny	G. B. Lofberg, jr.
A. R. Heckey	Clinton S. Rounds
E. B. Robinson	Joseph B. Maher
L. H. Chappell, jr.	Robert N. Downes
J. E. Fitzgibbon	E. P. Southwick
J. J. Knight, jr.	Gordon S. Everett
J. J. Carey	John C. Atkeson
W. R. Loud	Elmer G. Cooper
L. T. Malone	James J. McRobert
J. R. Waterman	John E. Clark
L. H. Hunte	Marion M. Byrd
C. Shands	Ray A. Mitchell
M. B. Duffill	Harry D. Hale
G. Kneupfer	H. R. Hummer, jr.
E. F. McDaniell	W. A. Sutherland, jr.
H. D. Riley	Thomas C. Green
J. F. Schumacher	John O. R. Coll
R. F. Pryce	John S. Thach
H. T. Jarrell	Francis R. Jones
E. L. Lugibihl	Henry M. Marshall
R. V. Hull	Robert A. Allen
E. J. Drew	Arthur F. Anders
F. W. McCann	Ethan W. Allen
A. D. Marks	Donald G. Burt
J. D. Greer	F. C. B. McCune
A. E. Fitzwilliam	S. M. Pickering
W. R. Caruthers	John S. Tracy
J. B. Danhof	G. B. H. Stallings
Joe Taylor	William D. Irlin
R. S. Calderhead	Fred J. Leatherman
C. H. Ross	Charles W. Parker
C. M. Hardison	Alex M. Patterson
L. B. Southerland	David W. Shafer
F. Viriden	Patrick Henry, jr.
W. R. D. Nickelson, jr.	Claude L. Weigle
M. W. Graybill	G. L. Caswell
E. R. Winterhalter	R. E. Braddy, jr.
R. J. Foley	W. W. Outerbridge
E. Blake	Joseph A. Flynn
H. L. Hicks	Milton T. Dayton
D. B. Coleman	Julius F. Way
H. J. Armstrong, jr.	Clarence E. Boyd
C. L. Freeman	James K. Averill
F. M. Hammitt	Curtis A. Myers
W. S. Harris	A. B. Mayfield, jr.
C. M. Dalton	George A. Lange
Robert T. Symes	Clarence E. Cortner
Claren E. Duke	G. W. Legwen, jr.
William H. Potts	W. O. Burch, jr.
W. H. Brockman, jr.	Glynn R. Donaho
John G. McLaughry	Alston Ramsay
Bosquet N. Wey	Paul D. Gross
William R. Ignatius	Oscar H. Dodson
Howard A. Yeager	George L. Jones, jr.
James W. Hager	John T. Brown, jr.
Arthur H. Taylor	James P. Walker
William E. Kaitner	Edward R. Johnson
Bernard M. Gates	Henry F. Gorski
George A. Lewis	Charles E. Harrison
L. W. Pancoast	Paul F. Johnston
Doyle G. Donaho	C. J. Hardesty, jr.
A. R. Montgomery	William M. Gullett
William A. Deam	John H. Cross
Harry J. Hardwick	Richard E. Myers
Malen Durski	Wilton S. Heald
Harry M. Denty	Robert S. Ford
Joshua W. Cooper	John J. Branson
F. E. Cromwell	Calvin E. Wakeman
	George W. Wilcox

(Continued on Next Page)

Navy Junior Selections

(Continued from Preceding Page)

J. D. McKinney
Joseph R. Rubins
F. D. Giambattista
Thurston B. Clark
Albert S. Carter
Elmer O. Davis
William S. Maxwell
James R. Lee
Robert E. Van Meter
John Quinn
Harry E. Sears
George H. Moffett
Harlow J. Carpenter
Joseph Finnegan
William S. Pye, jr.
Thomas A. Ahroon
John A. Bole, jr.
William A. Schoech
William A. Cockell
John F. Mullen, jr.
William H. Jacobsen
David L. McDonald
Cuthbert J. Bruen
T. F. Ascherfeld
Joseph F. Quilter
William S. Parsons
William J. Millican
Wells Thompson
Edward T. Eves
Earle C. Hawk
M. P. Bagdanovich
Milton C. Johnson
George P. Enright
Albert O. Momm
Rodney B. Lair
Norman F. Garton
William M. Searles
John R. Pierce
Evan E. Fickling
Albert C. Burrows
Robert O. Strange
Robert C. Peden
Irwin F. Beyerly
John T. Bowers, jr.
Hugh R. Nieman, jr.
Daniel J. Wagner
Allan G. Gaden
Thurmond A. Smith
Edwin B. Dexter
S. H. Ambruster
Elwood C. Madsen
M. F. D. Flaherty
Rollo N. Norgaard
Robert J. Archer
Idris B. Monahan
Thomas Aschcraft
John L. Collis
George E. King
Charles H. Kendall
Albert J. Walden
George Fritschmann
Matthew Radom
John K. McCue
James H. Brett, jr.
F. C. B. Jordan
Chesford Brown
Edward A. Hannegan
L. F. Freiburghouse
Thomas W. Jones
Neale R. Curtin
Edwin J. S. Young
Clarence M. Bowley
Thomas A. Donovan
Frederick E. Moore
Joe E. Wyatt
J. Clark Riggs, jr.
David W. Todd, jr.
Robert L. Morris
Alan B. Banister
John C. Alderman
John M. Boyd
Marcel R. Gerin
John E. Burke
Roger M. Daisley
Jesse J. Underhill
Alfred M. Aichel
Paul R. Anderson
William W. Shea
Philip D. Gallery
Stephen N. Tackney
John A. Williams
W. F. Raborn, jr.
Robert T. S. Keith
Nie Nash, jr.
Robert W. Wood
George K. Huff
William D. Thomas
Frank M. Nichols
E. N. Rittenhouse, jr.
Donald A. Lovelace
Welden L. Hamilton
Lex L. Black
Jack O. Renard
Guy W. Stringer
Philip G. Stokes
Robert A. Pierce
John A. Scott
Julian H. Leggett
Earl H. Pope
R. E. Hawes (A)
John B. Webster
Abraham L. Baird
Knight Pryor
Corben C. Shute
Charles E. Trescott
George H. Wales
Frank M. Adamson
Charles E. Weakley

Delos E. Wait
Henry S. Persons
Earl A. Junghans
Samuel C. Anderson
Gerald L. Huff
Leonard T. Morse
Robert B. McCoy
Clair L. Miller
Leonard O. Fox
Frank Novak
Baron J. Mullaney
John W. Davison
John R. Moore
William L. Kabler
Thomas P. Wilson
E. W. Parish, jr.
Walter S. Denham
Caleb B. Laning
Joseph P. Canty
Paul Foley, jr.
Joseph B. Berkley
Claude V. Ricketts
R. C. Brownlee, 2d
Francis R. Duborg
R. J. Ramsbotham
Richard C. Lake
Williston L. Dye
William H. McClure
Henry B. Twohy
George W. Ashford
Albert C. Perkins
Laurence C. Baldauf
MacDonald C. Maina
Harold E. Karrer
Ralph C. Lynch, jr.
Carl A. Peterson
C. T. Fitzgerald
Edward C. Folger, jr.
Jacob W. Waterhouse
Marvin G. Kennedy
Edward F. Hutchins
Herman L. Ray
Lamar P. Carver
David T. Ferrier
Oliver G. Kirk
Roy Jackson
Robert D. McGinnis
Guy P. Garland
Earl T. Schreiber
Roy L. Johnson
Arthur S. Hill
Edward J. O'Donnell
John A. Collett
John F. Davidson
B. A. Van Voorhis
Warner S. Rodimon
Charles O. Triebel
Edward R. Hannon
William W. White
Reynold D. Hogle
William H. Watson
Harvey D. Akin
Frank B. Stephens
Edwin P. Martin
Clayton C. Marcy
G. S. Patrick
Benjamin Coe
Roy S. Benson
Joseph B. Duval, jr.
Howard C. Bernet
John R. Yoho
Lowell T. Stone
George F. Beardsley
Richard R. Ballinger
William T. Easton
Granville C. Briant
Charles H. Crichton
Samuel B. Frankel
John Andrews, jr.
William M. Walsh
James H. Mills, jr.
Kemp Tolley
S. B. Perreault
Frederic S. Keeler
Clayton C. McCauley
Finley E. Hall
Robert N. S. Clark
William I. Darnell
William J. Galbraith
Stanley C. Strong
Royce P. Davis
John M. Birmingham
Harry N. Coffin
James T. Hardin
Paul J. Nelson
David J. Walsh
William E. Pennewill
Lloyd K. Greenamyer
Donald T. Eller
Gustave N. Johansen
George K. Carmichael
F. P. Mitchell, jr.
Rob Roy McGregor
Robert H. Wilkinson
Daniel Carlson
N. J. F. Frank, jr.
Edward J. Burke
Francis D. Jordan
Erle Van E. Dennett
Gordon F. Duval
John P. Rembert, jr.
Adolph J. Miller
Almon E. Loomis
Robert W. Denbo
Edwin G. Conley
John Raby
Alexander H. Hood
Roderick S. Rooney
Egbert A. Roth

Donald F. Weiss
Edward C. Stephen
Jacob W. Britt
Henry J. McRoberts
W. G. Waltermire
Albert D. Lucas
Charles R. Fenton
C. A. Walker, jr.
Harold Nielson
Robert J. Connell
Whitmore S. Butts
Carl A. Johnson
Charles E. Brunton
George L. Kohr
Francis J. Johnson
James H. Flatley, jr.
George A. Sharp
W. S. Stovall, jr.
Leroy C. Simpler
Thurlow W. Davison
Claude W. Stewart
A. R. St. Angelo
Carl E. Giese
Cleaveland D. Miller
Frank A. Brandley

(A) Indicates additional number in grade.

Richard G. Visser
Philip R. Osborn
Carl G. Christie
John H. McElroy
Charles F. Phillips
William J. Richter
Dominic L. Mattie
Leonard V. Duffy
Albert F. White
A. M. Jackson, jr.
W. T. Hines
Philip C. Evans
Richard T. Spofford
James H. Hean
Griswold T. Atkins
Peter H. Horn
Charles B. Martell
James H. Howard
Oliver E. White
B. E. S. Trippensee
William B. Moore
D. W. Gladney, jr.
W. E. Gentner, jr.
F. V. H. Hilles
Paul L. De Vos

listed above under the act of February 13, 1929.

Eighteen vessels in this year's program now before Congress.

The keels have been laid on 61 of the 86 vessels listed in the progress report; 16 are scheduled for completion this fiscal year; present progress reports indicate that during the fiscal year 1937 about 40 will be commissioned.

If the 18 vessels in this year's program are appropriated for by Congress, it will be noted that there will remain 31 ships to be built, all of which are replacements, to bring us up to treaty strength. There are 23 destroyers and 8 submarines, the numbers being approximate depending upon the tonnage of the vessels.

In addition to the foregoing Navy vessels, four harbor cutters have been built for the Coast Guard in navy yards and were completed during the last fiscal year. The seven Coast Guard cruising cutters under construction are due for completion during the first half of the next fiscal year.

Separate Air Corps List

Representative John J. McSwain, chairman of the House Military Committee, introduced this week a bill to establish a separate promotion list for Air Corps of the Army.

The measure follows the lines of similar bills introduced by Congressman McSwain during previous Congresses. Asked as to his plans for pressing the measure, Mr. McSwain pointed out that the bill had been labeled as introduced "by request." He added that he had presented the bill at the request of one who was not an officer of the Army Air Corps.

Condemns Army Business Methods

Sharply condemning "loose and careless methods" in War Department business operation, Representative John J. McSwain in a report submitted to the House on sales of surplus property, declared that the House Military Committee is preparing new legislation to revise existing law regarding War Department sales.

"Unless other Congresses in the future shall closely scrutinize the department and bureaucratic transactions dealing with the buying and selling of munitions, arms, war instrumentalities, supplies, equipment, transport, etc., their loose and careless methods may again prevail, thus giving opportunity for graft, corruption, and consequent waste of our resources," he said.

"The investigations conducted by your committee have developed that the procedure followed under existing statutory laws in the disposition of surplus War Department properties and goods has resulted in international complications involving (1) charges of 'dumping' on foreign markets, (2) charges of bribery and corruption of public officials, and (3) the wearing by combatants of foreign nations at war, of United States uniforms and insignia. There was involved also (1) the degradation and corruption of some officials of the War Department, (2) the formation of vicious lobbying agencies and influences to represent dealers in such surplus properties and goods, and (3) the improper exploitation and final ruin of legitimate manufacturers and dealers in such kinds of property and goods in the domestic markets.

"In order to bring an end to the disgraceful situation which the investigations of your committee disclose has obtained at different times and places since the World War, it is the purpose of your committee to have drafted and introduced appropriate legislation to repeal or modify the existing statutory laws governing the disposition and sale of surplus properties and goods, as a part of our program of corrective suggestions."

Bonus for Cadets-Midshipman

Representative Richard J. Tonry, Dem. of N. Y. introduced in the House this week a bill which would authorize payment of the World War bonus to cadets at the Military Academy and midshipmen of the Naval Academy who "served on active duty with troops between April 5, 1917 and Nov. 12, 1918." The purpose of the bill, Congressman

Tonry states, is to make eligible for the bonus those cadets who served away from West Point at various Army posts and the midshipmen who served aboard ships. The bill, HR 11745, was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Consider JAGD Measure

Testimony for and against granting the Judge Advocate General's Department an assistant chief with rank of brigadier general was heard by the personnel subcommittee of the House Military Affairs Committee this week.

Maj. Gen. Arthur W. Brown, Judge Advocate General of the Army, urged enactment of the measure March 11 after Brig. Gen. Harry E. Knight, Assistant Chief of Staff for G-1, had voiced the opposition of the War Department to this or any other proposal to grant any particular branch an additional general officer. While no action was taken on the bill, already approved by the Senate Military Committee and on the Senate calendar, it was clearly indicated during the hearing that members of the House group favor it and intend to push the measure through if possible.

General Knight told the subcommittee that last year when the War Department was studying promotion reform in the Army, the various arms and services had asked for the creation of 21 additional assistant chiefs with rank of brigadier general. Granting the Judge Advocate General's Department an additional general officer, he said, would be unfair to the other branches.

"Take the Signal Corps for example," General Knight stated, "That is a much larger service than the Judge Advocate General's Department, and is just as much entitled to it. The same is true as to other branches. The Medical Department has for years wanted to reward its distinguished men of medicine, who have confined themselves entirely to professional work and are therefore not given the administrative general officer posts. Theirs is an excellent argument."

General Brown challenged the statement of General Knight that there was no difficulty in getting desirable material for the Judge Advocate General's Department. He said that there was great difficulty in obtaining qualified personnel, adding that 50 per cent of those detailed in his Department fail.

"Frequently, we have to take men as to whom we are doubtful in order to fill vacancies," he said, "I feel that the enactment of this bill would improve conditions, it would offer more inducement to transfer and bring better class of personnel into the Corps. It would improve the morale of Corps, as it would be an incentive to work for retirement as a general officer."

Supporting the measure, Representative Lester Hill asked General Knight if he did not agree that the United States "was not more niggardly than other nations as to granting higher Army rank."

"Yes," answered the Chief of G-1, "and if you pass this bill and the others that are certain to be then presented for the other branches you will help correct this situation."

In the course of General Brown's testimony, he stated that if the bill was passed he would recommend the appointment of his present assistant.

Army Housing Bill

Some opposition to the \$30,000,000 Army housing bill has cropped up in the House Military Affairs Committee with regard to what members consider the excessive cost of officers' quarters provided in the measure.

The bill has been before the housing subcommittee of the group for the past two weeks and has received rather sympathetic consideration on the whole. While in favor of providing the construction, members believe that acceptable officers' quarters could be constructed for much less money than is provided in the bill. The measure will probably be considered by the subcommittee again next week, when War Department officials will probably be questioned on this score.

Personals

Col. Frederick C. Test, USA, Inf., was given a farewell by the Rotary Club of Newport, R. I., before leaving with his family to take charge of military training at Oregon State College. Among those attending were Col. Eugene Sant-schl, Jr., Colonel Test's successor at Ft. Adams. Others present wear Rear Adm. Edward C. Kalbfus, President of the Naval War College; Capt. Isaac C. Johnson, USN; Capt. Vaughn K. Coman, USN, and Capt. Curtis B. Munger, USN.

Anne Bonner Marley, wife of Col. James P. Marley, GSC, USA, has had accepted for publication "Two Impressions" for violin with piano accompaniment.

Colonel and Mrs. Marley are now stationed at Quarry Heights, C. Z. Colonel Marley is detailed on the Staff in Panama.

During the temporary absence of Maj. Gen. Dennis Nolan, who is spending a month's leave at Hot Springs, Ark., Maj. Gen. Frank Parker has taken over the command at the Second Corps Area.

Saturday evening, March 14, General Parker will preside as toastmaster at the annual dinner of the Officers of the 1st Division, A. E. F., to be held in New York City. Included among the guests will be Lt. Gen. Robert Lee Bullard, General Charles P. Summerall, now President of the Citadel at Charleston and Maj. Gen. Hanson Ely.

Maj. Gen. Preston Brown, USA-Ret., and Mrs. Brown, arrived in Panama Feb. 22 aboard the Ulua on his first visit to the Zone since his retirement. General and Mrs. Brown were welcomed by their son-in-law and daughter, Maj. and Mrs. Paul W. Evans, of Corozal, and a number of their old service friends.

Maj. Gen. Albert J. Bowley, USA, commander of the Third Corps Area, and Mrs. Bowley will entertain prominent Maryland citizens and their wives on the night of March 26 with a dinner party at the Baltimore Country Club.

Guests will include Secretary of War Dorn, Gen. Malin Craig, chief of staff, USA; Governor Nice, Senator Tydings, Senator Radcliffe, Representatives Cole, Kennedy and Palmisano, Mayor Jackson, Maj. Gen. Milton A. Reckord, adjutant general of Maryland, Brig. Gen. Washington Bowie, Jr., and Rear Adm. David F. Sellers, superintendent of the Naval Academy.

After the dinner General Bowley and his guests will attend the annual boxing championships of the Third Corps Area at Carlin's Park.

Lt. Col. Arthur M. Heritage, CWS, USA, has arrived at the Martinique Hotel, Washington, D. C., from Manila, P. I., for an extended stay.

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SERVICE SOCIAL NEWS

Lt. and Mrs. Ambrose Hollowell, USN, son-in-law and daughter of Representative and Mrs. Allard H. Gasque, entertained at dinner Wednesday evening, March 4 at the Army Navy County Club, when their guests were Representative and Mrs. Harry L. Englebright, Representative Byron N. Scott, Representative and Mrs. Gasque, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Richardson, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Graham, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Lawton, Miss Jane Holt, Miss Cynthia Hill, Lt. Max Hainsworth, Comdr. and Mrs. Harry Hoffman, USN; Miss Anne Graham and Gillmore Amies.

The Secretary of War and Mrs. George H. Dern were the guests in whose honor Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Thomas Quinn Ashburn, USA, entertained at dinner March 9 at the Chevy Chase Club. The guests numbered 30.

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Thorvald A. Solborg, USN, entertained at dinner in Washington, D. C., March 10 in their apartment.

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Solborg had as their guests for several days Capt. Halford Greenlee, USN, who has returned to his home in Portsmouth, N. H., where he is acting commandant of the Navy Yard.

Capt. Henry M. Jensen, USN, and Mrs. Jensen, now stationed at Newport, gave a dinner at their Greenough Place home March 9 in honor of their guests, Comdr. and Mrs. E. R. McClung, USN. Commander McClung has been ordered to duty at the Naval War College. Both the Jensens and the McClungs were formerly stationed in Washington.

The annual meeting of the District of Columbia Branch of the Army Relief Society will take place at the home of the Branch President, Mrs. Wm. R. Smedberg, 1810 Wyoming Avenue, on Monday, March 16, at eleven o'clock A. M. All those interested are invited to attend.

Capt. John C. Arrowsmith, CE, USA, and Mrs. Arrowsmith will entertain at an informal supper Saturday evening, March 14 and with their guests will go later to the dance at Fort Belvoir, Va.

Comdr. George B. Ashe, USN, and Mrs. Ashe have as their guests Capt. Thomas N. Williams and Mr. J. E. Graef of Raleigh, N. C.

Lt. Col. Donald Armstrong, OD, USA, was joined March 10 by Mrs. Armstrong, who returned from a visit in Fort Bragg with her nephew and niece, Lt. and Mrs. Church M. Matthews, FA, USA.

Mary Helen Warren, niece of Gen. John J. Pershing, will ride in a frontier days parade at the San Diego Exposition when Wyoming day is celebrated March 15, according to the Wyoming State society president, G. Frederick Clark.

Miss Warren is a student at Stanford University and is a daughter of the late Sen. Francis Warren. In San Diego she will be the guest of Mrs. Ralph Johnson, formerly of Wyoming.

The parade is to be made up entirely of women, all mounted and wearing 10-gallon hats.

Weddings and Engagements

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Mansfield Orme, Springfield, Mass., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Polly Orme, to Mr. Charles Lee Simpson, son of Lt. Col. Bethel Wood Simpson, OD, USA, and Mrs. Simpson.

Mr. Simpson, a member of the class of 1936 at the Military Academy, comes of a family prominent in military circles for many years. His grandfather, Lt. Col. Wendel Lee Simpson, USA, was of the class of 1884 there. The late Col. Charles B. Byrne, MC, USA, was his maternal grandfather.



**MISS ELISABETH TROWBRIDGE
DURHAM**
daughter of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Henry Welles Durham, Engr.-Res., who recently announced her engagement to 1st Lt. Norman Hussa, USMC.

Mr. and Mrs. Hunter Hackett Laughton announce the marriage of Mr. Laughton's daughter, Mrs. Ruth Laughton Smith, to Lt. Comdr. Grayson Birch Carter, USN. The ceremony was performed in Washington, D. C., March 7, at 11 o'clock.

Miss Elisabeth Van Dyke Jobe was Mrs. Carter's only attendant and Lt. Comdr. William Justice Lee was best man for Lt. Comdr. Carter.

The wedding was attended only by members of the immediate families.

Mrs. Carter attended the National Cathedral School and is a member of the Washington Junior League.

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Carter will be at home after the 1st of April at 1422 Thirty-fifth Street, Washington, D. C.

Mr. and Mrs. John Adrian Balch, of Honolulu, have announced the marriage of their daughter, Miss Adrienne Balch to Lt. (jg) Joseph Francis Quilter, USN, on January 29, in Manila, P. I.

After a trip through Europe, Lieutenant and Mrs. Quilter will be at home on July 1 at the Naval Air Station, Pensacola, Fla.

Mrs. George H. Harries, widow of the late Major General Harries, has announced her engagement to Mr. Howard Irish of Pittsburgh, Pa., president of the Commonwealth Trust Company of that city. The wedding will take place late in March.

Brig. Gen. and Mrs. James A. Woodruff, USA, of Ft. Mason, Calif., announce the engagement of their daughter, Margaret, to Lt. (jg) Francis J. Johnson, USN, son of Mrs. Johnson and the late Mr. Edward L. Johnson of Uvalde, Tex. Lt. Johnson graduated from the Naval Academy in the class of 1929. He is now stationed on the USS Salt Lake City at Long Beach, Calif.

The wedding will take place at the Presidio Post Chapel in San Francisco on Saturday, March 21.

Lt. Col. and Mrs. Sheplar Ward Fitzgerald, GSC, USA, of Somerset, Md., have announced the marriage of their niece, Miss Rosanna Emily Smith, to Mr. John William Sanderson 2d, of Dallas, Tex.

The bride is the daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. George Linville Smith, and the bridegroom is the son of Col. and Mrs. Charles R. Sanderson, USMC, of Rosemont, Pa.

The wedding took place Wednesday, March 4, in St. Matthew's Church,

Washington, D. C., with Msgr. Edward F. Buckley officiating.

Mrs. M. Louise Knapp announces the marriage of her daughter, Miss Myrtle Louise Knapp, to Mr. Rowland George Hoffecker, son of Lt. Charles R. Hoffecker, USN, and the late Mrs. Anne S. Hoffecker. The wedding took place February 1. After April 1 Mr. and Mrs. Hoffecker will make their home in Lynchburg, Va.

Invitations have been issued for the wedding of Miss Page Newman Rudd, daughter of Mrs. Montelle Bannister Rudd, and the late Dr. Rudd, of Cedar Crest, Chesterfield County, Va., to Lt. (jg) William Beckwith Perkins, USN. The ceremony will be performed in the Cathedral of St. Mary and St. John, Manila, Philippine Islands, on Saturday night, March 28, at 6 o'clock.

The marriage of Miss Virginia Louise Tyner, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Hough Tyner of 1844 South St. Andrews Place, Los Angeles, Calif., to Lt. (jg) Robert Edward Goodgame, USN, was solemnized Friday afternoon, March 6, at the family home, with Rev. R. B. Boden officiating.

The bride wore a navy blue wool tailleur, with blouse of coral satin, blue hat and accessories. Her sister, Mrs. Ross Franklin Wood (Jeannette Tyner), came from her home in Phoenix, Ariz., to assist as matron of honor. Lt. Marcus W. Williamson, USN, served his brother officer as best man.

A reception followed the ceremony, after which Lt. and Mrs. Goodgame left for a short honeymoon. After March 20 they will be at home at 768 Orizaba Avenue, Long Beach.

Dr. and Mrs. Marvin C. Pentz, announce the marriage of their daughter, Eleanor Burnetter to Mr. Delbert Newsome which took place at Nicholasville, Ky., on Saturday, March the seventh. Mr. and Mrs. Newsome will be at home after March twentieth, at Stanford, Ky.

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Schamyl Cochran, USN-Ret., of Annapolis, Md., announce the engagement of their daughter, Ina Walker, to 1st Lt. Randolph Bolling Hubbard, Inf., USA, of Ft. Francis E. Warren, Wyo. The wedding will take place in the United States Naval Chapel in the Spring.

Capt. and Mrs. Bruce Livingston Canaga, USN, announce the engagement of their daughter Margaret, to Lt. (jg) John Owen Reilly Coll, USN. The wedding will take place in May.

Maj. Theodore R. Maul, QMC, USA, and Mrs. Maul, Ft. Slocum, N. Y., announce the engagement of their daughter Margaret to Mr. Harold Brinckerhoff Kerr, son of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence (Please turn to Page 606)

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WASHINGTON, D. C.

March 12, 1936

Col. and Mrs. Bruce Magruder, Inf., USA, have come from Raleigh, N. C., to Washington for a few days.

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Lewis P. Celephane have sold their Washington residence and left, March 9, for Florida. They will make their home in Miami.

Col. Louis C. Brinton, CAC, USA, and Mrs. Brinton, have come to the Martinique from Boston for a short visit.

Col. and Mrs. Henry T. Burgin, CAC, USA, have as their guest Mrs. Richard Derby, Jr., of Tacoma, Wash. Mrs. Derby has been visiting in New York for three weeks, and will remain in Washington for an indefinite stay. Mrs. Derby is the widow of Captain Derby.

Maj. Rowland D. Wolfe, MC, USA, and Mrs. Wolfe have come to the Martinique from West Point for a short visit.

Col. H. S. Wygant, USA-Ret., accompanied by Mrs. Wygant, of Harrisburg, Pa., are stopping at the Dodge while in the Capital.

ANNAPOLIS, MD.

March 10, 1936

Comdr. and Mrs. John S. Shafroth, jr., of the "Reina Mercedes," entertained at dinner March 6, preceding the opening performance of the Navy Relief Show. Among their guests were Rear Adm. and Mrs. Harold R. Stark, Comdr. and Mrs. Ralph Davis, and Comdr. and Mrs. W. C. Carroll.

Comdr. and Mrs. Samuel N. Moore entertained ten guests at a dinner party March 4, in their quarters here. Commander Moore will be detached from the Naval Academy soon, and he and Mrs. Moore have made plans for a trip abroad. They will sail from New York for Antwerp on May 30. While abroad they will travel down the Rhine and will visit Paris and London. Commander Moore will take a year's instruction at the Naval War College, and upon their return from Europe they will go to Newport, R. I.

Mrs. Alexander D. Douglas, wife of Lt. Comdr. Douglas, 93 Bowyer Road, Naval Academy, is spending two weeks in New York City.

"The Drunkard," the Navy Relief Show, opened here March 6, to a large and appreciative audience. Lt. (jg) William S. Pye played the part of Edward Middleton, Mrs. Lewis Wallace, star of last year's show, was the wife Mary, and the lovely child Julia was played by little Miss Jacqueline Mc-

Cutcheon. Mrs. Benjamin P. Ward took the part of Mrs. Wilson, and the part of Bill Dawton, foster-brother of the "drunkard" was impersonated by Lt. (jg) Roger M. Daisley. Lt. Comdr. Graeme Bannerman played Cribbs, Miss Janet McKittrick, Miss Louise Bruce, Lt. J. M. McIsaacs, and Lt. Lowe H. Bibby also had important parts in the show. Lt. W. S. Campbell, Lt. (jg) S. S. Miller, Lt. Comdr. M. R. Derr, and Lt. (jg) A. B. Scoles gave realistic performances. Chaplain W. N. Thomas as Arden Rencelas, gave a fine performance. Bill Ennis and Lt. A. A. Ageton had minor parts. The entertainment between the acts was especially clever. Miss Henrietta Croley sang the "Tavern Song," and Lt. Comdr. T. T. Patterson, Comdr. H. K. Penn, Lt. Comdr. M. R. Derr, Lt. S. S. Miller and Lt. A. B. Scoles, as the singing waiters sang many old songs, which were greatly enjoyed.

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Theodore T. Patterson entertained at supper March 6, at their quarters, 16 Porter Road, before the premiere of the Navy Relief Show. Among their guests were Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. A. C. Miles, Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. J. J. Patterson, Mrs. A. W. Radford, and Comdr. F. M. Maile, jr., of Washington.

Lt. (jg) and Mrs. Kenneth Knowles will be at home 211 Prince George Street, Annapolis, upon their return from their wedding trip. Mrs. Knowles, who is the daughter of Dr. and Mrs. T. R. Sealy of Santa Anna, Tex., and Lt. Knowles were married, March 10, at the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, in Santa Anna. Lt. Knowles is now taking a course at the Naval Postgraduate School.

An inter-departmental duplicate bridge tournament is being conducted at the Officers Club. The Department of Marine Engineering and the P. G. School are tied for first place, with one more session to play. Eleven teams are entered in the play.

WEST POINT, N. Y.

March 9, 1936

Col. Virgil Lee Peterson and Mrs. Peterson, who are on leave from Honolulu, T. H., are house guests this week of Lt. Col. Edgar B. Colladay and Mrs. Colladay. Many entertainments have been given for the Petersons and among the hosts were Lt. Col. Thurston Hughes and Mrs. Hughes, who gave a dinner in their honor on Monday night. Lt. Col. Simon Bolivar Buckner, jr., and Mrs. Buckner were hosts at luncheon on Wednesday, and the Colladays entertained at dinner that evening for Colonel and Mrs. Peterson.

Lt. Col. Chauncey L. Fenton and Mrs. Fenton were hosts at a bridge-dinner on Thursday evening and had as their guests Col. and Mrs. William E. Morrison, Lt. Col. and Mrs. Harris Jones, Lt. Col. and Mrs. Gerald A. Counts, Lt. Col. and Mrs. Robert McG. Littlejohn, Maj. and Mrs. Omar N. Bradley, Capt. and Mrs. Alfred M. Gruenther, and Capt. and Mrs. Francis R. Stevens.

Mrs. Miner F. Felch, wife of Major Felch, MC, entertained at a luncheon on Monday for Mrs. Dennis E. McCuniff, Mrs. Earl D. Quinell, Mrs. Hartley N. Williams, Mrs. Elwyn D. Post, Mrs. Leonard H. Rodieck, Mrs. Albert N. Stubblebine, jr., and Mrs. Francis R. Stevens. On Tuesday Mrs. Felch had as guests at luncheon Mrs. Frank W. Weed, Mrs. Lowell B. Wright, Mrs. Thomas J. Hayes, Mrs. Robert B. Hill, Mrs. Charles K. Berle, Mrs. Omar N. Bradley, and Mrs. Nicholas H. Cobba.

The West Point Players Dramatic Club presented "The Queen's Husband" on Thursday night in the Auditorium of the New Gymnasium. This performance was given for the enlisted personnel of the post and the entire proceeds were donated to the Army Relief. Two more performances of the play will be given on Sunday afternoon and evening for the Cadets and Officers.

The three-act comedy was directed by Capt. W. Mason Wright, jr., who also played the leading role. Others in the cast included Capt. Richard L. Baughman, Capt. Michael H. Zwicker, Capt. Harold D. Kehm, Lieutenants Ralph W. Zwicker, Laurance H. Brownlee, Harry E. McKinney, Charles H. Leonard, jr., Charles Symroski, Mrs. Robert G. Gard, Mrs. Chester J. Diestel, Mrs. Thomas J. Brennan, jr., Mrs. Carl F. Fritzsche, and Mrs. John I. Hincke.

The stage setting was designed by Mrs. Earl S. Gruver and the scenery was built by Captain Hincke. Assisting in the production were Mrs. Herman Beukema, Mrs. W. Mason Wright, jr., and Mrs. Richard S. Spangler, who were in charge of costumes and properties; Mrs. John A. Berry, jr., who prompted the play; and Capt. Daniel J. Martin, in charge of lighting and effects.

QUANTICO, VA.

March 12, 1936

Mrs. Thomas Holcomb invited a few friends to her quarters Tuesday afternoon, March 3, for tea to meet Mrs. J. Edward Palmer of Ventnor, N. J. Mrs. Palmer, who is a cousin of Mrs. R. M. Cutts, widow of (Continued on Next Page)



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Posts and Stations

QUANTICO, VA.

(Continued from Preceding Page)

Colonel Cutts, USMC, has been visiting until recently with Capt. and Mrs. R. M. Cutts, Jr., USMC.

Lieutenant Colonel and Mrs. Turnage, USMC, spent the week-end with the latter's brother-in-law and sister, Maj. and Mrs. Kendall, USMC, at their home near Widewater, Va.

Lt. and Mrs. Bigler, USMC, with their infant son, James, Jr., leave New York aboard the USAT Republic for Mare Island, Calif., to await transportation to Shanghai, China, where Lieutenant Bigler will report for duty with the 4th Regiment.

Lt. Col. and Mrs. E. H. Jenkins, USMC, and their son Don left March 8, for visits of several days with Mrs. Jenkins' parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Renforth, at Yorktown, Va., and Mrs. Willis A. Jenkins at Portsmouth, Va., Colonel Jenkins' mother. March 14, Colonel Jenkins leaves for the West Coast to report aboard the USS West Virginia for duty on the staff of the commander, battleships, Battle Force. Mrs. Jenkins will remain with her parents in Yorktown during the summer and will join Colonel Jenkins on the West Coast in the fall.

Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Thomas Holcomb, USMC, had as guests at a dinner in the Officers' Mess, March 7, Brig. Gen. and Mrs. F. L. Bradman, USMC, Col. and Mrs. R. E. Rowell, USMC, and Col. and Mrs. Ralph Keyser, USMC, all of Washington; Col. and Mrs. C. F. B. Price, USMC, Comdr. and Mrs. A. C. Smith, USN, Lt. Col. and Mrs. S. S. Lee, USMC, Lt. Col. and Mrs. H. Turnage, USMC, of Philadelphia, Maj. and Mrs. C. M. Ruffner, USMC, Maj. and Mrs. D. J. Kendall, USMC, Capt. and Mrs. J. H. Fellows, USMC, and the latter's sister, Mrs. Conrad, Capt. and Mrs. D. R. Fox, USMC, Capt. R. M. Cutts, Jr., USMC, and Capt. Oliver Francis, USMC. The guests met for cocktails at the Holcomb quarters before the dinner. Colonel and Mrs. Keyser remained in Quantico as the over-night guests of Colonel and Mrs. Holcomb.

Capt. and Mrs. F. Armstead, USMC, and their son Robert left the post March 7 for New York to visit for a week with Captain Armstead's mother, Mrs. F. C. Armstead, before they sail for Bremerton, Wash., aboard the USS Republic. Captain Armstead will be on duty in Bremerton at the Marine Barracks, Puget Sound Navy Yard.

FT. DEVENS, MASS.

March 11, 1936

The Wednesday Night Bridge Club was held on March 4 at the Officers' Club under the auspices of the Club Secretary, Lt. Victor B. Maston.

Mrs. John T. Aydelotte and her daughter, Miss Ruth Thompson, returned to the post on Friday afternoon from Florida where they spent the last two months with Lt. Col. Aydelotte.

Maj. and Mrs. C. R. Crim who left about two weeks ago on a trip south are now in Florida. They attended the world premiere of "Little Lord Fauntleroy" while visiting at Warm Springs, Ga. last week. They plan to drive back along the eastern coast.

Maj. and Mrs. August C. Jensen are visiting at the home of Major Jensen's son, Lieutenant Walter A. Jensen and Mrs. Jensen at the Presidio, San Francisco, Calif.

On Thursday, March 5, the members of the 66th Infantry entertained in honor of Lt. and Mrs. John S. Upham, formerly stationed at Fort Benning, Ga., at the Piccadilly Club, in Ayer, Mass.

Capt. and Mrs. Lucien F. Wells, Jr. entertained in honor of Capt. and Mrs. R. G. Thomas, Jr. with a dinner at the Piccadilly Club in Ayer, Mass., on Saturday, March 7. Those invited included: Maj. and Mrs. D. P. Spalding, Maj. and Mrs. W. R. Watson, Capt. and Mrs. W. W. Robertson, Capt. and Mrs. R. E. Marshall, Capt. and Mrs. F. H. A. McKeon, Capt. and Mrs. N. A. Smith, Capt. F. W. Hein, Lt. and Mrs. H. E. Hansen, Lt. and Mrs. E. A. Gans, Lt. and Mrs. W. G. Davidson, Jr., Lt. and Mrs. E. F. Merchant, Lt. and Mrs. J. S. Upham, and Lt. and Mrs. V. E. Maston. Later in the evening, Captain and Mrs. Wells and their guests attended the hop at the Officers' Club on the post.

Mrs. R. E. Marshall entertained at bridge and tea at her quarters on Tuesday afternoon, March 10.

FT. GEORGE G. MEADE, MD.

March 9, 1936

Lt. Col. and Mrs. Walter Moore who have been with the 45th Infantry in the Philippines until recently and are now on leave which they are spending in Annapolis while en route to their new station at Ft. Benjamin Harrison, spent a week on the post recently as guests of Major and Mrs. Alfred V. Ednie.

Lt. Col. and Mrs. Joseph P. Dachen who are on Organized Reserve duty in Englewood, N. J. spent a short visit on the post recently with Lieutenant and Mrs. Crallé, while they were en route to Florida for a

visit with relatives.

Capt. and Mrs. Ralph E. Tibbetts, who are to leave Ft. Meade the first part of April to go to the Hawaiian Islands for new station, had as a visitor for a week recently Captain Tibbetts' cousin, Miss Lydia Marvin, of Boston. They also had visiting them Mrs. Tibbetts' mother, Mrs. Charles Lowe, also of Boston.

Mrs. Henry C. Hollenbeck of Salt Lake City, who was a guest of her mother, Mrs. Harold W. Churchill and Major Churchill for several weeks, left for her home recently.

Lt. Col. L. McD. Silvester, Major Joel R. Burney, Maj. James Taylor, and Capt. Lawrence C. Jaynes returned to the post March 9 from Ft. Benning where they went to witness a demonstration of the new type tanks.

The hostesses for the ladies' afternoon bridge club on March 3 were Mrs. Charles E. Freeman, Mrs. Earle A. Johnson, and Mrs. John P. Evans. Winners for high scores were Mrs. John A. Lindner, Mrs. H. R. Anderson, Mrs. Harry Henry, and Mrs. Louise V. Hanks.

On Tuesday evening, March 10, the post evening progressive contract bridge club was held at the Officers' Club and Lt. and Mrs. Maury S. Crallé presided as hosts.

NORFOLK, VA.

March 13, 1936

Rear Adm. and Mrs. Freeman were honor guests at a dinner party given by Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. A. O. Giesemann at the Town Club, Wednesday night. Covers were laid for fifty.

Mrs. Charles S. Freeman entertained Thursday at a luncheon party at her quarters in the Navy Yard in honor of Mrs. W. C. Wallace. Mrs. Freeman's guests, in addition to the guest of honor, included Mrs. H. G. Bowerford, Mrs. A. O. Giesemann, Mrs. C. W. Martyn, Mrs. R. L. Swart, Mrs. C. M. E. Hoffman, Mrs. W. N. Landers, Mrs. C. R. Watts, and Mrs. D. S. Gordon.

Capt. and Mrs. Warren G. Child were hosts at a dinner party Friday night at their quarters at the Naval Base in honor of Rear Adm. and Mrs. Charles Seymour Freeman. Covers were laid for ten.

Comdr. and Mrs. John T. Bennett entertained Saturday night at a buffet supper preceding the dance at the Officers' Club, Naval Base. Their guests included a group of officers attached to the USS Arkansas and their wives, and were Comdr. and Mrs. Edward A. Hyland, Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Carl H. Reynolds, Lt. and Mrs. Samuel E. Kenney, Lt. and Mrs. Joseph L. Zundell, Lt. and Mrs. Joseph A. Connolly, and Comdr. Ward W. Waddell.

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Robert S. Smith, Jr. were hosts Saturday night at a dinner at their home on Maury Place given in honor of Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Elbert C. Rogers, who are visiting Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Francis D. Walker, in Gloucester, Portsmouth. Covers were laid for fifteen and later Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Smith and their guests attended the dance at the Officers' Club, Naval Base.

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. George R. Henderson entertained Saturday night at a buffet supper at their quarters at the Naval Base, preceding the dance at the Officers' Club. Their guests were Comdr. and Mrs. Calvin T. Durgin, Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. C. A. F. Sprague, Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Charles W. Fox, Lt. and Mrs. C. A. Hawkins, Lt. and Mrs. Joseph I. Taylor, Lt. and Mrs. Albert Handly, Lt. and Mrs. Francis J. McKenna, Lt. and Mrs. Julian H. Detyens, Lt. and Mrs. Reynold Delos Hogle, and Lt. Charles T. Fitzgerald.

LONG BEACH, CALIF.

March 8, 1936

Floral beauties of an exotic garden were among the pleasures enjoyed when four socialite hostesses of Los Angeles gave a progressive luncheon, Wednesday, for Mmes. Harris Laning, William D. Leahy, Thomas C. Hart, H. L. Brinser, Clarence S. Kempff, J. O. Richardson, Philip Snyder and St. Clair Smith, wives of Admirals. Hostesses were Mmes. A. S. Vavra, R. V. Reppy, John D. Fredericks and Willets J. Hole. The last-named showed the guests through her art gallery, which has a notable collection.

Admiral and Mrs. Laning plan to leave Long Beach the end of the month for New York, going by motor and stopping en route at Boulder Dam, Tucson, Grand Canyon and many other places. They will be joined in New York by their daughter, Miss Hester, who is going East by train and will visit in Boston, Washington, and Annapolis. Admiral Laning is to relieve Adm. Yates Stirling of command of the Third Naval District, his final duty before retirement.

Vice Adm. William D. Leahy, slated soon to become Commander of the Battle Force, and Mrs. Leahy were honor guests at the cocktail party given yesterday in Oceanic Room of Villa Riviera by Comdr. Sherman Kennedy, USS West Virginia, and Mrs. Kennedy. More than 80 guests called.

Lt. Col. Charles D. Barrett, USMC, and Mrs. Barrett entertained eighty-five at a cocktail party and dance in Villa Riviera ballroom.

Comdr. and Mrs. J. H. Buchanan were hosts to seventy-five at a cocktail party yesterday in their East First St. home. Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. J. G. Atkins, USS Pennsylvania, are anticipating the arrival tomorrow of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Wilhelm of Tacoma, Wash. Mrs. Atkins is to honor her mother and Mrs. Bruce Kelly at a tea this week.

Wives of Navy Doctors' Club had sixty-five present at the luncheon Monday in Hollywood Riviera Club, where the club is to hold a dinner, dance March 28, its first evening event.

Instead of having been held Friday, as planned, the Army-Navy ball in Hollywood Riviera will be next Friday. Guest list includes junior officers and debutantes, with older couples as patrons and patronesses.

FT. F. E. WARREN, WYO.

March 5, 1936

Maj. and Mrs. F. N. Shinn and son, Veterinary Corps, arrived at Fort Warren this week for duty. They came here from the Veterinary School in Washington, and are living temporarily at the Post Guest House. They will live at quarters 66.

The 20th Infantry at Fort Warren celebrated the birthday, Feb. 29th of the wife of their regimental commander, Mrs. Fred Turner, Saturday evening. Colonel and Mrs. Turner were hosts at their quarters at a buffet supper. Sunday afternoon, Colonel and Mrs. Turner received the entire regiment at a tea and reception at their quarters.

The Fort Warren Study Club met Tuesday afternoon at the quarters of Mrs. Fred Turner of the 20th Infantry.

The Fort Warren Music Club met Monday afternoon at the quarters of Mrs. Eugene E. Hagan.

A number of officers have been guests for a short period this past week at the Post Guest House at Fort Warren. Among them were: Maj. and Mrs. J. G. Cook who were en route to Hayes, Kan.; Lt. Wm. F. Garibaldi who is on duty with the C.C.C. at Caspar; and Capt. J. N. Ancrum and Lt. A. W. Shiflet who are also on C.C.C. duty at Caspar. Captain Ancrum has replaced Maj. M. E. Olmstead who was recently away. Captain Ancrum is the new sub-district commander of the Civilian Conservation Corps at Caspar.

Lt. J. V. Chamberlin of Denver, Colo., and Lt. W. F. Telken, also of Denver, members of the Organized Reserve Corps, are spending two weeks at the Post Guest House while on a tour of active duty at Fort Warren.

Terry Adams, small daughter of Maj. and Mrs. F. W. Adams of the First Infantry, has recovered from a fractured collarbone with which she has been ill several weeks.

FT. BELVOIR, VA.

March 7, 1936

A large audience from Belvoir and Washington witnessed last Friday night the first performance of "Back From Troy," a comedy in three acts written by Col. John R. D. Matheson and presented for the first time on any stage by the Essayons Dramatic Club of Fort Belvoir, as its second presentation of the season.

Col. John R. D. Matheson played the leading role of Odysseus while Mrs. Joseph Johnson was an excellent Penelope in the feminine lead. Other members of the cast were Mrs. Homer B. Pettit, Mrs. Philip R. Garges, Mrs. Austin W. Betts, Mrs. John P. Buehler, Lt. Craig Smyser, Capt. Karl B. Schilling, Capt. Philip R. Garges, and Lt. John P. Buehler.

Col. John R. D. Matheson, Mrs. Philip R. Kromer, Jr., Lt. John M. Donoghue, Mrs. Marvin L. Thomas, Mrs. J. R. D. Mathewson, and Mrs. Edward A. Brown were members of the production staff.

Lt. and Mrs. Marvin L. Thomas have had as their house guest for the past two weeks, Mrs. Thomas' sister, Miss Marguerite Govatos of Wilmington, Del. Miss Govatos plans to be at Belvoir until the end of this week.

Capt. and Mrs. Reynolds J. Burt, Jr. had as their guest over the week-end, Mrs. Burt's mother, Mrs. Charles Jefferson of Delaware City, Del.

Mrs. S. W. Morris, of Greenville, Miss., is at present visiting her daughter and son-in-law, Lt. and Mrs. Frank S. Besson, Jr., at Fort Belvoir. Mrs. Morris has been on the post for about three weeks.

Mrs. Herrol J. Skidmore entertained at the Monday afternoon Ladies' Reading Club at MacKenzie Hall, Mrs. Charles H. Cunningham, Mrs. Stanley L. Scott, Mrs. Kenneth M. Moore, Mrs. Karl B. Schilling, Mrs. Chester K. Harding, Mrs. James A. McCallam, Mrs. Chester K. Harding, and Mrs. Stephen Hamner were among those present.

SAN DIEGO, CALIF.

March 3, 1936

Rear Adm. and Mrs. Walter N. Vernou, USN, have been having as their guests the former's cousin, Maj. John Vernou Bouvier of New York, and his daughters, Mrs. H. C. Scott and Mrs. John H. Davis. In their honor Admiral and Mrs. Vernou entertained at dinner at Hotel del Coronado, other guests including Rear Adm. and Mrs. Clark H.

Woodward, Mrs. Douglas C. McDougal, the wife of Brig. Gen. McDougal, and Lta. Blue and Pound, USN.

Mrs. Louis E. Denfeld, wife of Comdr. Denfeld, was hostess at a luncheon at Hotel del Coronado on Tuesday for the wives of the officers on the destroyers in Commander Denfeld's division and their mothers.

Capt. and Mrs. Ernest W. Brown (MC), USN, stationed at Long Beach, were weekend guests of Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. William D. Davis (MC), USN, and were guests of honor at a cocktail party Friday afternoon at the Davis home, to which forty Navy people were invited.

Lt. and Mrs. Norman F. Garton, USN, and their daughter Serena, who have been guests of Lieutenant Garton's parents, Capt. and Mrs. Will M. Garton (MC), USN, are leaving for their new station in the Orient.

Mrs. Royal Lovell, wife of Lt. Lovell, USN, entertained with a luncheon on Monday in honor of Mrs. Proctor M. Thornton, wife of Lt. Comdr. Thornton, USN, who had come down to visit her mother, Mrs. Douglas Fleming.

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Dorrance K. Day, USN, and Mrs. Charles M. Tobin were hosts at a cocktail party on Friday, given in honor of Mrs. William H. Schaefer of Detroit, Mich., sister of Mrs. Day.

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. George A. Selts, USN, entertained Saturday evening at a buffet supper, honoring Mrs. William Flook of New York.

FT. SNELLING, MINN.

March 4, 1936

Capt. and Mrs. W. E. Smith entertained at dinner Thursday evening in celebration of their wedding anniversary.

Capt. and Mrs. C. M. Smith left Tuesday evening for an indefinite stay in Hot Springs, Ark.

Lt. and Mrs. F. E. Fellows were hosts at a sleighride party on Thursday evening.

Miss Minnie O. Volo, Army Nurse Corps, who has been stationed at Ft. Snelling for the past several years, left early this week on leave, prior to sailing for her new station in the Philippine Islands.

Capt. and Mrs. W. C. Zimmerman are now occupying quarters on the post.

Mmes. W. H. Hobson, W. E. Smith and Miss Irene Klump will be hostesses for the Ladies' Afternoon Bridge Club which will meet on Tuesday at the Officers' Country Club.

Capt. Paul Goode has received orders to report for duty at Ft. Snelling early this summer. At present Captain Goode is stationed at Ft. Leavenworth, Kans.

The Officers' Monthly Stag was held last evening at the Officers' Country Club. The Athletic Staff of the University of Minnesota were guests on this occasion.

Medical Course for Reserves

The fourth annual Medical Military Refresher Course for Reserve Medical and Dental officers of the Army, Navy and National Guard is announced by the Department of Postgraduate Medicine, University of Michigan, for April 12-25, inclusive.

By arrangement between the University, the Commanding General, Sixth Corps Area, U. S. Army and the Commandant of the Ninth Naval District, U. S. Navy, reserve officers of these services, residing in Michigan, Illinois and Wisconsin, upon application to their respective commanders may obtain orders to attend this inactive duty school. An invitation has been extended to the Commanding General, Fifth Corps Area, for the officers in Ohio, Indiana, Kentucky and West Virginia.

The morning hours during the two weeks will be occupied in ward walks, observation of surgical operations, clinical conferences and demonstrations in the fields of Internal Medicine, General Surgery, and Oral and Dental Surgery. Medical officers will be required to elect either Internal Medicine or Surgery as their clinical field of study in Medical School and University Hospital. The Dental officers will follow a course arranged by the School of Dentistry and the section on Oral Surgery at the University Hospital.

The afternoon and evening periods will include lectures and demonstrations on clinical subjects pertinent to civilian practice but also of military importance, military information of value to Medical and Dental officers, and other general discussions by members of the faculties of the University, and officers in the reserve and regular service of the Army and Navy.

Quarters will be available in the Michigan Union, the men's club at the University. Inquiries should be directed through military channels.

OBITUARIES

Mrs. Richard Drace White, wife of Capt. White, USN-Ret., died at her home at 11 East 73rd St., New York, on March 6, after a prolonged illness.

Mrs. White was the daughter of Charles Edward and Sarah Gifford Tingle of Cambridge, New York. She was a direct descendant of John Tingle, Secretary to Schuyler Van Rensselaer, one of the Patroons of Albany. She was also a collateral descendant of Daniel Boone, and her family connections embrace the Delanos, the Wings and the Kenyons.

She was educated at St. Agnes School, Albany, and was married to Captain, then Ensign, White on Nov. 12, 1902. She "kept the custom" and followed her husband's ship whenever possible during his career. This carried her once around the world, twice to the Orient and several times to Europe. She was presented at Court at Rome and Madrid and was active in the social and diplomatic life of those capitals as well as of Paris and Vienna while her husband was Naval Attaché to the American Embassies at those places.

While living in Paris she devoted herself intensively to the work of the *Phare de France*, the beneficent society for the aid of war-blinded soldiers and sailors. She donated to that Society for its annual fête in 1928 the famous Lindbergh helmet which subsequently, and with her consent, sold at auction for the highest price ever realized on an object offered for sale at a fête of that Society.

Since her husband's retirement they have lived in New York. Simple funeral services were held at her home on Sunday, March 8. The services were conducted by the Reverend John H. S. Putnam, formerly Chaplain of a ship to which Captain White was attached. She will be buried in the family plot at Elmwood Cemetery, near Cambridge New York.

She is survived by her husband and by her father, Mr. Charles Edward Tingle.

Mrs. Lillian Maud Kirkwood, wife of Lt. Col. Robert G. Kirkwood, General Staff, died March 8 at her home, 3626 Windom Place, N. W., Washington, D. C. Funeral services were held March 11 at Ft. Myer Chapel, burial following in Arlington National Cemetery. A native of Chicago, Ill., she was married to Colonel Kirkwood, then a Lieutenant of Field Artillery, on October 15, 1910, and she accompanied him to various posts in the United States and Hawaii. Besides her husband, Mrs. Kirkwood is survived by a son, Robert H. Kirkwood; a daughter, Lucia M. Kirkwood; and a brother, Leslie A. Boulger, of Chicago, Ill.

Coast Guard Headquarters announces with regret the death of Comdr. (E) Horace C. Whitworth, USCG (Ret.), at the Naval Hospital, Washington, D. C., at 12:45 A. M., February 25, 1936, of pneumonia.

Commander Whitworth was born in Laurel, Md., March 29, 1845. He was appointed an engineer in the U. S. Navy in 1863, before he was 19, he was ordered to the USS Commodore Perry on the James River and in 1864 was transferred to the USS Commodore Jones. On May 6, 1864, this vessel was destroyed by a mine planted in the river by the Confederates. Commander Whitworth was in charge of the engine room at the time and had just started up the ladder for a breath of fresh air when the explosion occurred. He was blown clear of the vessel into the river and was the only man of the engine force to escape death. Of the crew of ninety on the ship thirty-three were killed outright and all of the remainder with only one exception wounded.

After this Commander Whitworth was sent to the blockading fleet off Charleston, S. C., where he served until the end of the war and was honorably discharged in November, 1865. The next year he was reappointed an engineer in the Navy and made a cruise on the old Lackawanna to the Pacific through the Straits of Magellan to Chile and from there to Honolulu. The Lackawanna was

the first American War vessel to visit that port after the Civil War. After a stay of two years Commander Whitworth came back to the Atlantic Coast by way of Panama and was honorably discharged from the Navy in December, 1868.

In 1874 he was appointed as Assistant Engineer in the old Revenue Cutter Service. In this service he served throughout the Spanish American War on the cutter Manning. During his career in the Revenue Cutter Service, afterwards merged into the present Coast Guard, Commander Whitworth has served on every station on the Atlantic Coast from Maine to Texas and on the Pacific from San Francisco to Point Barrow in the Arctic Ocean. During his Arctic service he was chief engineer of the famous cutter Bear and while on this duty was an eye witness of the great gold rush into the Klondike.

Interment services were in Arlington National Cemetery, at 2:00 P. M. on Thursday, Feb. 27, 1936. Chaplain Brooks, USN, officiated.

Funeral services for the late Brig. Gen. Charles R. Krauthoff, USA-Ret., who died at Walter Reed Hospital, Washington, D. C., on Feb. 24, were held with full military honors at the Ft. Myer, Va., Chapel at 11 A. M., Thursday, Feb. 27. Chaplain Ralph C. Delbert officiated.

Following is the list of honorary pallbearers: General Malin Craig; Maj. Gen. Frederick W. Coleman; Maj. Gen. Louis H. Bash; Maj. Gen. Henry P. McCain, Ret.; Maj. Gen. Ewing E. Booth, Ret.; Maj. Gen. William J. Snow, Ret.; Maj. Gen. Henry G. Sharpe, Ret.; Brig. Gen. Perry L. Miles; Brig. Gen. Julian R. Lindsey, Ret.; Brig. Gen. David L. Bralnard, Ret.; Brig. Gen. Winthrop S. Wood, Ret.; Brig. Gen. William R. Gibson; Col. William W. McCammon; Col. Hugh C. Smith; Col. Richard H. Jordan; Col. Edmond R. Tompkins; Lt. Comdr. S. S. Joffe; Senator Morris Sheppard, Tex.; Senator Bennett Champ Clark, Mo.; Representative Reuben T. Wood, Mo.; Mr. Herbert D. Brown, and Mr. James M. Green.

General Krauthoff's nearest relative is a sister, Mrs. George E. Reese, Kansas City, Mo.

He was born in St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 6, 1863, and enlisted in the 2nd Artillery Aug. 13, 1884. He had a distinguished military record, and was the recipient of the following medals and decorations: Polish decoration "Polonia Restituiti" (Poland's Regeneration)—2nd Class; Montenegrin Medal for Bravery (silver); Serbian Order of the White Eagle (2nd Class); Legion of Honor (Officer) (France); and the Roumanian Order of the Crown (grand officer). General Krauthoff also was awarded the Distinguished Service Medal of the United States Government "For exceptionally meritorious and distinguished services" as a supply officer.

The following resolution was adopted by the Robert J. Hydon Post No. 239, American Legion, of Skaneateles, N. Y., of which the late Col. Henry L. Roosevelt, Assistant Secretary of the Navy, was a member and Post Commander:

"Whereas Assistant Secretary of the United States Navy, Colonel Henry Latrobe Roosevelt, has been taken by death, and whereas his services to his and our country in war and in peace have been of an outstanding nature and a source of pride to the members of the Robert J. Hydon, Post No. 239 of the American Legion of Skaneateles, N. Y., of which Post he was a worthy member and Post Commander, now therefore, be it known that at a meeting of said Post held on the 25th day of February, 1936, a resolution of respect to his memory and for his deeds was unanimously adopted; and it was further resolved that a copy of this resolution be spread upon the minutes if this Post, a copy be sent to his immediate family, a copy be printed in the Skaneateles Press, a copy be printed in the Onondaga County Legionaire, a copy be furnished to a Washington, D. C. newspaper and that a copy be furnished to the Army and Navy Journal.

"Robert J. Hydon, Post No. 239, of the American Legion of Skaneateles, N. Y., by Seales G. Shultz, Commander; G. Roswell Weeks, Adjutant; W. Stanley Dove, Service Officer."

Births • Marriages • Deaths

(No charge for service notices in this column. Please notify promptly.)

BORN

CLARK—Born Feb. 27, 1936, to Ens. and Mrs. Albert Hobs Clark, USN, a son, Craig Greenleaf.

CORNWELL—Born at Mercy Hospital, San Diego, Calif., Feb. 19, 1936, to Lt. and Mrs. Delbert Strother Cornwell, USN, a daughter.

DARRELL—Born at Highland Park Hospital, Highland Park, Ill., March 2, 1936, to Capt. and Mrs. Richard H. Darrell, Cav., USA, a daughter, Marcia Alice Darrell.

DEWITT—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., March 3, 1936, to Capt. and Mrs. John L. DeWitt, jr., Inf.-Res., a daughter, Margaret Loretto, granddaughter of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. J. L. DeWitt, USA.

HORAN—Born at Station Hospital, Ft. Benjamin Harrison, Ind., Feb. 29, 1936, to Maj. and Mrs. Earl C. Horan, Inf., USA, a son, Earl C. Jr.

McGURL—Born at Protestant Hospital, Norfolk, Va., March 7, 1936, to Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Daniel M. McGurl, USN.

NIXON—Born at Johns Hopkins Hospital, Baltimore, Md., Feb. 17, 1936, to Capt. and Mrs. Thomas Hay Nixon, OD, USA, twin daughters.

PIPER—Born at Brooklyn Hospital, Brooklyn, N. Y., March 6, 1936, to Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Ross Piper, jr., a son, Alexander Ross Piper III, grandson of Col. and Mrs. Alexander R. Piper, USA-Ret.

SLADEN—Born at West Point, N. Y., March 10, 1936, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Fred Winchester Sladen, jr., Inf., USA, a son, Fred Winchester Sladen, 3rd.

STRIKLER—Born at Station Hospital, Ft. Francis E. Warren, Wyo., recently, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Dudley G. Strikler, Inf., USA, a daughter, Sally Ann.

MARRIED

CARTER-SMITH—Married at Washington, D. C., March 7, 1936, Mrs. Ruth Laughton Smith to Lt. Comdr. Grayson Birch Carter, USN.

DAVIS-AMBROSE—Married at Yuma, Ariz., Sept. 14, 1935, Miss Anita Louise Ambrose, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Willey V. Ambrose of San Diego, and Mr. Charles Davis, son of Col. Thomas A. Davis, head of the San Diego Army and Navy Academy, and Mrs. Davis.

GOODGAME-TYNER—Married at Los Angeles, Calif., March 6, 1936, Miss Virginia Louise Tyner to Lt. (jg) Robert Edward Goodgame, USN.

HOFFECCKER-KNAPP—Married Feb. 1, 1936, Miss Myrtle Louise Knapp to Mr. Rowland George Hoffecker, son of Lt. Charles R. Hoffecker, USN.

KEEFER-CARR—Married at Las Vegas, Nev., Feb. 9, 1936, Miss Mary Evelyn Carr, daughter of Mrs. Anita F. Carr and the late Gen. Julian S. Carr, and Mr. Robert Hamilton Keefe.

NEWSOME-PENTZ—Married at Nicholasville, Ky., March 7, 1936, Miss Eleanor Burnette Pentz, daughter of Maj. and Mrs. Marvin C. Pentz, USA-Ret., to Mr. Delbert Newsome.

QUILTER-BALCH—Married at Manila, P. I., Jan. 29, 1936, Miss Adrienne Balch, to Lt. (jg) Joseph Francis Quilter, USN.

SANDERSON-SMITH—Married at Washington, D. C., March 4, 1936, Miss Rosanna Emily Smith, niece of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Shepley Ward Fitzgerald, GSC, USA, to Mr. John William Sanderson, 2d, son of Col. and Mrs. Charles R. Sanderson, USMC.

DIED

BARNETT—Died at Elizabeth, N. J., Jan. 18, 1936, Sgt. John N. Barnett, USA.

BRINTON—Died at Louisville, Ky., March 4, 1936, Mr. Samuel Hardin Brinton, father of Mrs. Augustine F. Shea, wife of Capt. A. F. Shea, ACA, USA.

CAMPAGNA—Died at Washington, D. C., March 10, 1936, Sgt. Citrino C. Campagna, USA.

CARROLL—Died at Peoria, Ill., March 5, 1936, Mr. James H. Carroll, son of the late Maj. James Carroll, USA.

CATTELL—Died at Mt. Alto Hospital, Washington, D. C., March 8, 1936, Dr. H. W. CatteLL, served as a major with the A.E.F. during the World War.

COLES—Died at his home at Warren, Ind., March 3, 1936, Mr. Albert H. Coles, age 76, father of Lt. Col. Roy H. Coles, SC, USA.

CONKLIN—Died at Newport, R. I., March 6, 1936, Chief Boatswain's Mate Robert Conklin, USN-Ret.

CROWDUS—Died at Waco, Tex., Jan. 24,

1936, Maj. Earl Z. Crowdus, 144th Inf., Tex. NG.

DRUMMER—Died at Ballston, Va., March 3, 1936, Mrs. Margaret Elizabeth Drummer, wife of M. Sgt. Frederick Drummer, USA.

GIOVANNOLI—Killed in airplane crash at Logan Field, Baltimore, Md., March 8, 1936, 1st Lt. Robert K. Giovannoli, AC, USA.

HEPBURN—Died at Los Angeles, Calif., Feb. 23, 1936, Mr. Donald M. Hepburn, brother of Vice Adm. Arthur J. Hepburn, USN.

HOLT—Died at U. S. Naval Hospital, Brooklyn, N. Y., March 6, 1936, Capt. Felix Renouf Holt, (SC) USN, husband of Eleanor Granger Holt and son of the late H. P. R. and Ella G. Holt, in the 57th year of his life. Interment Norfolk, Va., March 12.

HOFFER—Died at Washington, D. C., March 7, 1936, Chief Pharm. Mate Guy S. Hoffer, USN.

HUBBELL—Died at Carter Hall, Warren, Va., March 8, 1936, Mrs. Sarah Sprague Hubbell, widow of Brig. Gen. Henry W. Hubbell.

KIRKWOOD—Died at her home, March 8, 1936, Washington, D. C., Mrs. Lillian Maud Kirkwood, wife of Lt. Col. Robert G. Kirkwood, GSC, USA, mother of Robert H. and Lucia M. Kirkwood. Interment at Arlington National Cemetery, March 11th.

McKENNEY—Died at Santa Fe, N. Mex., March 12, 1936, Mr. James Hall McKenney 3d, son of Mrs. Charles A. McKenney and the late Col. C. A. McKenney, CB, USA.

MARSHALL—Died at Richmond, Va., Feb. 22, 1936, Maj. Thomas R. Marshall, USA-Ret.

MARTIN—Died at Los Angeles, Calif., Feb. 25, 1936, Dr. W. D. Martin, who held rank of colonel in the medical corps in the World War.

MINOT—Died at Washington, D. C., March 8, 1936, Mrs. Mary A. Minot, widow of Sgt. Bartlett Minot, USA.

MURRAY—Died at Schofield Barracks, T. H., Feb. 23, 1936, 1st Sgt. William E. Murray, Inf., USA.

PALMER—Died at Station Hospital, Ft. Benjamin Harrison, Ind., March 5, 1936, Sgt. Curtis E. Palmer, Inf., USA.

PEAK—Died at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., March 8, 1936, Mrs. Sarah H. Peak, wife of Maj. Ira F. Peak, MC, USA.

PRINDEVILLE—Died at Tucson, Ariz., March 10, 1936, Mrs. Katherine R. Prinderville, mother of Mrs. Paul H. Bastedo, wife of Comdr. Paul H. Bastedo, USN.

REED—Died at Washington, D. C., March 9, 1936, Miss Retta E. Reed, daughter of Sgt. Philip Reed.

REED—Died at Kansas City, Mo., March 1, 1936, Mrs. Fannie Wymore Reed, mother of Capt. Allan B. Reed, USN.

ROBINSON—Died at Hartford, Conn., March 7, 1936, Mrs. Elizabeth Hart Jarvis Beach Robinson, wife of the late Col. Charles L. F. Robinson, R. I. NG.

SHUNK—Died at Washington, D. C., March 9, 1936, Col. William Shunk, USA-Ret.

STEIN—Died from injuries received in an automobile accident at Annapolis, Md., March 9, 1936, Mrs. Mary F. Stein, wife of Lt. Comdr. Maurice H. Stein, USN.

STEWART—Died at his home at Clifton Springs, N. Y., March 8, 1936, Mr. M. H. Stewart, brother of Col. G. H. Stewart, OD, USA.

STRITE—Died at San Diego, Calif., Feb. 28, 1936, Lt. Comdr. Clarence E. Strite, MC, USN-Ret.

TINGLE—Killed in an automobile accident at Los Angeles, Calif., Feb. 25, 1936, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Joseph Tingle, son and daughter-in-law of Lt. Col. Clarence H. Tingle, QMC, USA, and Mrs. Tingle.

UNKEL—Died at San Bernardino, Calif., Feb. 29, 1936, Mrs. Lina Unkel, mother of Ens. Ralph R. Auerwald, USN-Ret., of San Diego, Calif.

WHITE—Died at her home, 11 East 73rd St., New York, N. Y., March 6, 1936, Mrs. Richard Drace White, wife of Capt. R. D. White, USN-Ret.

WILD—Died at Washington, D. C., March 3, 1936, Coxswain Alfred C. Wild, USN.

WILMER—Died at Washington, D. C., March 12, 1936, Brig. Gen. William Holland Wilmer, USA-Ret.

WOLFE—Died at her home in Hagerstown, Md., Feb. 27, 1936, Mrs. William R. Wolfe, mother of Maj. Rowland D. Wolfe, MC, USA.

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Weddings and Engagements

(Continued from Page 602)

Dilworth Kerr of Englewood, N. J. Mr. Kerr attended Lawrenceville School and Williams College.

The wedding will take place in the early summer.

Mr. and Mrs. John R. Dillon, of Pelham, N. Y., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Marjorie Dillon, to Mr. John Davis Torrey, Jr., son of Col. John D. Torrey and Mrs. Torrey, of Nashville, Tenn.

Mr. Torrey is a first classman in the United States Military Academy at West Point.

The wedding will take place in June.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry C. deGuzman, of Scotland Road, South Orange, N. J., formerly of Cranford, have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Juanita M. deGuzman, to Mr. William A. D. Evans, Jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. William A. D. Evans, of Whittridge Road, Summit.

Mr. Evans holds a commission as an ensign in the Naval Reserve and is with Pan-American Airways.

Mr. and Mrs. Omar Ingersoll Nigh announce the engagement of Mrs. Nigh's daughter, Miss Lillian Dorothea Hemmley, to 2nd Lt. Bennet Gordon Powers, USMC.

Lieutenant Powers was graduated from the United States Naval Academy in 1934. He was graduated from the Marine School in Philadelphia in 1935, and is attached to the USS Maryland, based at San Pedro, Calif.

Capt. and Mrs. Edward Jenkins, of the First Infantry at Ft. Warren, Wyo., announce the engagement of their daughter, Polly Smith, to 2nd Lt. Robert Middleton Booth, Inf., USA.

Miss Jenkins attended the Academia de Perpetua Socorro at San Juan, Puerto Rico. She came to Fort Warren from Ft. Benning, Ga., with her parents last August.

Lieutenant Booth, who is the son of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Lucien D. Booth, OD, USA, Governors Island, N. Y., graduated from the United States Military Academy in the 1935 class. He reported at Fort Warren last October for duty with the First Infantry.

The wedding will be held May 9, at the Officer's Club at Fort Warren. Bishop P. A. McGovern will officiate.

Of interest in Washington is the engagement of Miss Dorothy Pratt Williams, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Herschel V. Williams of New Orleans and Cedar Grove, at Savannah, Ga., to Lt. (jg) Charles King Mallory, Jr., USN, son of Comdr. Charles King Mallory, USN-Ret., and Mrs. Mallory of Washington, D. C. and Hampton, Va.

The wedding of Miss Betty Denham, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. James Lambie Denham, USMC, and 2nd Lt. Reynolds Howard Hayden, USMC, son of Capt. Reynolds Hayden (MC), USN, and the late Mrs. Hayden of Washington, took place March 7, at 4 o'clock in St. Alban's Church, Washington, D. C. A reception followed the ceremony at the Army-Navy Country Club.

Miss Tillie Todd De Van of Newark, N. J., was maid of honor and the bridesmaids were Miss Frances White of Ventnor, N. J.; Miss Nancy Howard and Miss Esther Wallace, both of Washington.

The best man was Mr. Albert Hayden of the University of Virginia, brother of the bridegroom, and the ushers were Lt. (jg) Robert Meade, USN; Lt. (jg) W. E. Howard, USN; Lt. Russell Lloyd, Lt. D. S. McDougal, Lt. E. L. Hutchinson and Lt. A. Archer Vandegrift, all of the Marine Corps, and Mr. Dan Denham, brother of the bride.

Lt. Col. and Mrs. Guy I. Rowe, GSC, USA announce the engagement of their daughter, Katherine to Mr. Bernard V. Lentz of Philadelphia.

Mr. Lentz is a son of Col. and Mrs.

Bernard Lentz, now commanding the 21st Infantry at Schofields Bks., Hawaii. He is a graduate of Haverford College and a senior in the University of Pennsylvania Law School.

Miss Rowe is a graduate of Swarthmore College and is now engaged in welfare work in Philadelphia.

The wedding will take place in August.

Miss Winifred Isabel Park, daughter of Col. and Mrs. Richard Park, CE, USA, of Corozal, C. Z. became the bride of 1st Lt. John Simpson Guthrie, Inf., USA, Feb. 8. The marriage service was read by the Reverend Father Stanislaus J. Ryzek of the Corozal Post Chaplain, at the home of the bride's parents, and in the presence of a group of relatives and intimate friends.

The bride was given in marriage by her father. She was beautiful in her wedding gown of ivory satin, made with a short round train, and her veil of old Princess lace, family heirloom. She carried white orchids. Mrs. Eugene L. Brown of Fort Clayton was the matron of honor. Lt. Francis T. Pachler of Ft. Clayton was the best man. Out of town guests at the wedding included Lt. Richard Park, Jr., of Ft. Ethan Allen, Vermont, a brother of the bride and Capt. David F. Babcock, also of Ft. Ethan Allen.

Immediately after the ceremony Colonel and Mrs. Park entertained a large group of their friends at the wedding reception which was held at the Corozal Post Officers' Club.

Lieutenant Guthrie is a son of Mrs. William L. Guthrie of La. Junta, Colorado, and the late Colonel Guthrie, CE, USA. He was graduated from the United States Military Academy with the Class of 1930 and is now stationed at Ft. Clayton with the 33rd Infantry.

Lieutenant and Mrs. Guthrie will be at home after March the first at Ft. Clayton.

Announcement is made of the marriage of Miss Charlotte Marie Ellis to Lt. (jg) Damon M. Cummings, USN, son of Capt. Damon E. Cummings, USN. The wedding took place recently at St. Andrew's Church, Long Meadow, Mass.

Lieutenant Cummings was formerly on duty at the Naval Operating Base.

The marriage of Miss Hilda Spear, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Clayton Spear, of Atlanta, Ga., to Lt. (jg) William P. Stephens, (MC), USN, was solemnized Feb. 22 at 5 o'clock at Duke University Chapel, in Durham, N. C., with the Rev. F. S. Nicks officiating. Only a few close friends and relatives were present.

Mrs. F. A. Wade of Atlanta was her sister's matron of honor and only attendant. Lt. (jg) William L. Berkeley, (MC), USN, of Washington, D. C., was best man for the groom.

After a honeymoon in Florida and Havana, Lieutenant and Mrs. Stephens will return to Portsmouth, where Lieutenant Stephens is on duty at the Norfolk Navy Yard. They will be at home after March 15 at the Harborview apartments.

In a ceremony witnessed only by close friends, Miss Elise Hoagland became the bride of Ens. B. R. Hastings, USN, at 10 o'clock, Feb. 12, at All Saints Episcopal Church, Long Beach, Calif. Rev. Fred Augustus Martyr officiated at the ceremony, for which the bride was gown in a travel ensemble of a printed silk dress with navy blue coat.

Immediately after the service the couple left for Palm Springs, where they will make a short stay before continuing to Pensacola, Fla., where Ensign Hastings is assigned to duty.

The bride is the daughter of Mrs. Bertha L. Hoagland, 222 Grand Avenue, Long Beach, and is a graduate of Wilson High and Junior College. She attended Occidental College and was graduated from U. C. L. A. She belongs to Bachelorettes and to Pi Beta Phi Sorority. The bridegroom is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Alton Pope Hastings of San Diego and is a graduate of the Naval Academy.

Letters to The Editor

USAT Republic's 18th Trip

Editor, ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL:

The USAT "Republic" has recently completed the most memorable of her voyages since she became a part of the Army Transport Fleet in 1931. This voyage, her 18th as a carrier of troops, took her from the Army Base, Brooklyn to Honolulu via the Canal Zone and San Francisco. The return was by the same route. She sailed from the East Coast December 28. During the following sixty-eight days she was connected with a series of incidents most extraordinary in nature.

On the out-bound voyage the Third Assistant Engineer, Frank H. Smith, was stricken with pneumonia shortly after leaving Balboa. The available supply of oxygen was soon used up in an effort to keep him alive. A radio message brought a new supply. This was carried to the "Republic" from San Diego by the U. S. Navy Destroyer "Chandler." The "Chandler" came down the Lower California Coast 450 miles to meet the Republic. Engineer Smith reached San Francisco safely and is now on the road to a speedy recovery, having since returned to Brooklyn.

The "Republic" was selected to carry from Honolulu to Cristobal the mortal remains of Father Damien, the Leper Priest of Molokai. Father Damien died forty-six years ago. He was buried amid the scenes where he made his great sacrifice for suffering humanity. During the years since his death his fame has spread to the far corners of the earth. Recently, the King of Belgium requested our government to assist in returning the remains of this Priest to his homeland, Belgium. Church and military honors were accorded the remains in Honolulu, San Francisco, and Cristobal. The body was carried from the ship to the Cathedral in San Francisco where it laid in state for four days. Thousands paid homage before the coffin.

The Belgium Cadet Training Ship "Mercator" took charge of the remains in Cristobal. This sailing ship will reach Antwerp May 3, 1936. Father Damien's body is accompanied by Father Coopman who has been doing missionary work in Hawaii for the past ten years. He is a native of Belgium and belongs to the same religious order with which Father Damien was affiliated.

A few days before the "Republic" reached Hawaii a terrible air accident happened at Luke Field. One officer and five enlisted men lost their lives. Their bodies were cremated. The ashes of these flyers were returned to the homeland on the "Republic." Two of the dead men were married. Their wives and children accompanied the remains.

When the transport was approaching the Golden Gate on her return voyage on the morning of February 10 it was discovered that her Master, Capt. E. S. McClellan, was missing. He had been seen at 5:25 A.M., less than two hours before it was learned that he was not aboard ship. The short verdict, "Lost at Sea," is all that is known about his mysterious disappearance.

Captain McClellan was known to a great many Army people. He was the senior Army transport master and one of the most popular. He had spent the better part of his sea life with the Transport Service. He was an efficient Ship Officer and respected as such by those who sailed with him. His familiar face on the bridge of the "Republic" will be missed always by the Army personnel going to and coming from foreign service.

The above enumerated incidents of a more or less extraordinary nature ought to have been enough for one voyage. The "Republic" was to experience another. When she was twenty-eight hours from Balboa Pvt. Clyde Farnell was stricken down by a chronic duodenal ulcer with acute perforation. The Ship Surgeon, Capt. V. H. Jeffries, met the emergency by immediate action. While the ship slowed down to lessen vibration, Captain Jeffries performed an operation. Private Farnell was holding his own when the "Republic" docked in Balboa.

He was sent to Gorgas Hospital.

When the "Republic" reached San Francisco and the disappearance of Captain McClellan was reported to the War Department, Capt. Daniel Pumpphrey of the Transport "Ludington" was ordered from Brooklyn to Ft. Mason to take charge of the vessel. He received his orders at noon on Tuesday, Feb. 11, at 1:30 P.M. he was boarding a train for the trip across the continent. He reached San Francisco at 11:00 P.M., Friday, February 14. The "Republic" sailed for New York at noon on February 15 and arrived there March 5 without further incident.

Col. Clarence A. Dougherty (Cav.), is Commanding Officer of Troops aboard the "Republic." He has completed three years of service in this assignment and thinks this 18th voyage is the "most exciting to date."

A Voyager.

Writes on Navy Selection

Editor, ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL:

1. There can be no doubt that selection is necessary in the Navy. There is, however, doubt concerning the policy which governs the selection of officers. There can be no question that the present policy of selection is the cause of much discontent in the Navy and the efficiency of the present system of selection is seriously questioned by many officers.

2. In no large industrial concern would you find such a waste of personnel as is permitted in the Navy. For example if a large industrial concern has a vacancy in the position of vice president and selects one out of ten subordinates to fill this position does it discharge the nine men who were not selected? The answer of course is in the negative. The other nine are retained in their present position as long as they do their work satisfactorily.

3. In my opinion the system of Naval selection should be modified in accordance with this plan. Such a modification could be put into effect by adhering to the following policy:

(1) As soon as officers have served the minimum time required by law in a grade they should be considered for promotion to the next higher grade. The outstanding officers of three or four Naval Academy classes should be selected. The officers of the above classes with satisfactory records (average officer group) should then be selected to all grades including commander as vacancies occur in accordance with seniority. The present system should be followed in selection to grades above commander. Officers whose records are definitely unsatisfactory should be wholly retired. Retire all officers of Flag Rank at the age of 56 who are not slated for future sea command.

4. In this way there would not be such a wholesale slaughter of competent officers; all officers of outstanding ability would reach flag rank at a comparatively young age; most officers of the "average group" would reach the grade of commander; the retired list would not become so dangerously overcrowded as to invite antagonistic legislation by congress. The Navy would gain greatly in efficiency and in morale.

5. I know of no substitute for the present method of selection. In most cases the Selection Board is as just as it is humanly possible to be. Since the Board bases its selections upon an officer's record it is in the best interest of all concerned to make it mandatory for each reporting senior to show all officers serving under them their fitness reports whether they are good or bad. In this way all officers know whether or not their records are good enough to justify selection. Many so called "satisfactory" fitness reports are not sufficient to justify selection.

Lieutenant Commander, U. S. Navy.

Notes on Selection

Editor, ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL:

I submit the following notes in connection with the questions of your survey:

1. I favor selection of an officer on his (Continued on Next Page)

Letters to the Editor

(Continued from Preceding Page)

fitness reports, letters, and comments of Inspection Boards; without regard to health record as practiced at present.

1. I suggest thorough physical examination and complete check of health record of officer, when taking examinations for promotion, the Medical Board to recommend officer as qualified for promotion, or for hospitalization.

2. I believe the five year periods of uncertainty following each selection, causes an officer much unnecessary worry in regard to his future, and thereby detracts his mind and energies from his profession.

3. Same as 1 above.

4. Consider service reputation to apply only to Captains and Admirals. Officers below the rank of Captain have very little chance of service reputation, except in cases where an officer has distinguished himself by some invention, book, or article, or by chronic misbehaviors.

5. I favor a restudy of selection along the following lines, selection of the most rigid type from Lieutenant (jg) to Lieutenant, then promotion from Lieutenant to and including Commander, by seniority, then a rigid selection from Commander to Captain, and from Captain to Rear Admiral. A system such as above, would allow the junior grade Lieutenant to retire at an age young enough to establish himself in civilian life. An officer selected to the rank of Lieutenant would then be assured that he could give the best years of his life to the service, and expect in return sufficient retired pay to provide for himself and his family. He would not be confronted every five years by the terrible uncertainty of the action of nine old men generally totally unknown to him.

I would add to the above a saving clause to prevent retention of unqualified officers in the rank of Lieutenant, Lieutenant-Commander and Commander. That is, any officer of the above ranks who shall receive two consecutive unsatisfactory fitness reports, shall be called before a Board composed of officers of the ranks of Captains and Admirals, the board to be furnished with the complete professional record of this officer, and that it shall then conduct a thorough investigation into the cause or causes of the officer to properly perform his duty. The investigation to be as thorough as the investigations now conducted in case of failure of an electric motor, or a turbine which has suffered a casualty or failed to perform its duty. The Board after investigation to be empowered to recommend the officer for court-martial, retirement by picking, or acquittal and disciplinary action recommended for the Reporting Senior if the report was unjust or caused by personal grievances.

I sincerely believe that such a system would relieve the officers of the Navy and Marine Corps of practically all personal worries, would establish high morale, and would insure that the Government would get the best years of service of each officer retained.

Lieutenant, U. S. Navy.

Comments Promotion Survey—

Editor, ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL:

Your poll is commendable. The Board to re-study and recommend changes to Congress should not be a Departmental one since it obviously would be dominated by the administration in power at the time. A Congressional Committee might find the answer but it would probably resolve itself into a political procedure. The Board should be made up of high grade civilians, and composed of members whose calling fit them for rendering proper decisions in personnel matters; this should be given deep study and I am not prepared at the moment to state the exact composition of the Board I would like to recommend. An important point to be brought out is the material which such boards (Selection Boards) have to work with.

Fitness reports are only a small part considered at the present time. Anything can go on an officers' file that a higher up wants to put there and the officer never sees it. This is difficult to believe but absolutely true not withstanding Navy. Regs. designated to protect officers from injustices. Higher ups must be made to carry out the regulations or no system of promotion will insure justice to the individual or the Navy.

You may use my name and I would be glad of the opportunity to appear before any Board considering this subject. Yours very truly,

A. H. MILES,
Comdr., USN-Ret. (passed over)

This Has Been Done!

Editor, ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL:

You will be doing the officers of the Navy a great service if you will kindly provide the General Board of the Navy Department with a copy of all the letters and comments that have appeared in your publication on the subject since your poll began.

A dispatch was received recently inviting all officers to submit their suggestions on the subject of Selection System to the Board. The members of the General Board who are studying the present system of promotion in the Navy can be provided with no better suggestions and constructive criticism than has appeared in your columns the past few months.

Thanking you for the splendid service you are rendering, and hoping that the JOURNAL will continue to prosper, I remain,

One of Your Boosters.

Views on Selection—

Editor, ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL:

Receipt is acknowledged of your circular in regard to Service Opinion on the present form of promotion and forced elimination in the Navy.

At the outset, I would say that you will serve the junior officers of the Navy in a way that will be much appreciated if you succeed in thoroughly airing this matter in the columns of the JOURNAL. It is a matter that they are vitally interested in and one on which service opinion should be crystallized.

I feel that the matter calls for more than simply checking off your questionnaire. Therefore, I shall answer in some detail as follows:

(1) I do not favor the present selection system for the following reasons:

(a) The procedure of the board in "star chamber" in its nature and there have been too many instances of favoritism in selections.

(b) The Navy is so large that it is impossible for the members of the board to know personally all of the officers being considered for selection. This is particularly true in the lower ranks. Consequently those fortunate officers who are known to the particular board in session have an undue advantage.

(c) The line selection board considers the physical record of the candidates under consideration and in many cases officers are not selected because of a physical defect. This is not generally known to the Service at large and so often times a good officer is stamped with the mark of mediocrity and denied promotion to the next higher rank when he retires and when such promotion is deserved.

(d) The present system has resulted in "most favored" groups within the various ranks. Equal opportunity is denied.

(e) The present system does not take into consideration the most valuable opinion—the opinion of the juniors of the candidates being considered.

(2) The present form of forced attrition is most harmful to morale in the ranks of Lieutenant and Lieutenant, junior grade.

(3) Fitness reports are most decidedly not sufficient basis for selection. They uniformly over exaggerate the fitness of an officer and do not constitute a fair basis of comparison. The opinion of the juniors of the officer being reported upon is seldom reflected therein.

(4) Admiral Sims' proposal modified to include the service reputation of an individual as obtained from his contemporaries and his juniors should be an invaluable aid to the selection board.

(5) I most certainly favor a thorough restudy of the entire service promotion problem by a Special Department Board on which all ranks from Lieutenant junior grade on up are equally represented.

(6) I offer the following points to be considered in any program—

(a) Selection of Rear Admirals from the lower to the upper half.

(b) Abolishment of temporary flag rank and compulsory retirement of a flag officer when he is relieved of his highest command.

NOTE: The general board to be composed of retired officers ordered to active duty.

(c) Immediate selection of the entire list of Lieutenant Commanders down to and including the Class of 1919 inasmuch as this group has never undergone selection and is therefore a "most favored" group.

(d) Change "selection up" to "selection out" in the rank of Lieutenant and Lieutenant (jg) and reduce the present drastic percentage of forced attrition in the grade of Lieutenant.

(e) Do away with retirement as such and substitute in its stead transfer to the Fleet Naval Reserve, similar to the method now employed in regard to enlisted men, promoting officers with their class upon transfer and thereafter promoting them in the Fleet Reserve up to and including the rank of Captain, as duty and experience with the Reserve qualify for such promotion. All retirements, other than physical, in the Fleet Naval Reserve to be at age 64 with highest rank that of Commodore.

(f) The establishment of a re-employment bureau at the Navy Department for the purpose of aiding retired or transferred personnel to secure occupation either in civilian life or other branches of the Federal

Government.

(g) That a selection board of Naval officers sit in the case of all candidates for the Naval Academy.

(7) I offer the following (I hope) constructive suggestions to the selection boards convening in the Spring (if this board operates under the present scheme):

(a) That the selection of Lieutenant Commanders be made so that the eligible list is completely covered having in mind that this is a "most favored" group which has never undergone selection before.

(b) That all names be deleted from the fitness records and selection jackets of the officers being considered and numbers be substituted in their stead; that these numbers be scrambled up and distributed to the board in such manner that it will be impossible for the names of the individuals to be ascertained; this all in the interest of selecting officers on their records alone thus doing away with any chance of favoritism.

(c) That the selection board totally disregard physical records leaving the matter of the physical fitness of an officer up to the Medical Board that examines the selected candidate when he is due for promotion thus placing the responsibility where it belongs.

Observer.

Disapprove Army Register

A Senate resolution authorizing the publication of a register containing brief military biographies of all Regular Army officers from 1775 to date was disapproved by the House Military Affairs Committee this week.

The military committee voted to unfavorably report a measure providing for the publication of a compilation of biographies and a number of tables and graphs showing "the tangible elements of national security from 1775 to 1935" written by John J. Lenney. The resolution had been passed by the Senate.

Army Mutual Aid Association

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The Russian Campaign of 1914

American students of military history are indebted to the Command and General Staff School Press of Fort Leavenworth for making available an authorized translation of "The Russian Campaign of 1914" by Lieutenant General Nicholas N. Golovine of the Imperial Russian Army. Prior to the World War General Golovine was an instructor in military history at the Russian War College. He had a distinguished war record and subsequent to the war as an emigre from Russia he devoted himself to a critical analysis of various phases of the great struggle.

In this volume General Golovine deals with the opening weeks of the World War on the Russian front and with the disastrous Tannenberg campaign in which two of the Czar's finest armies were almost annihilated by the Germans under von Hindenberg. In the early weeks of the World War in August, 1914, it will be remembered that the First Russian Army under Rennenkampf advanced steadily through East Prussia, pushing back the Eighth German Army of von Prittwitz, and causing consternation in Berlin. With a new attack by the Russians reinforced by the Second Army under Samsonoff in immediate prospect General von Prittwitz proposed to fall back behind the Vistula, abandoning all of East Prussia.

In this dilemma the German high command turned to von Hindenberg, then on the retired list. He was named to succeed von Prittwitz and von Ludendorff was made his chief of staff. These two collaborated in the subsequent vic-

tory, one of the most brilliant and decisive of the entire war. Von Hindenberg clearly foresaw the tactics to be used by the Russians who were so confident of success that they expected the Germans to act only on the defensive. The old German war lord struck quickly while the two Russian armies were divided by the Mazurian Lakes. First Samsonoff's Army was destroyed at Tannenberg and then Rennenkampf's force was defeated and the remnants driven back across the border.

The operations in East Prussia are of particular interest to the American soldier for they afford one of the few instances in the World War of open maneuvers in contrast to the stabilized trench warfare necessitated when the flanks of the armies became inviolable. The brilliant German successes in East Prussia were achieved by daring leadership combined with almost perfect staff guidance. The Russians, on the other hand, suffered a sudden and almost complete collapse of supply and communication and apparently an utter lack of proper staff coordination. Leaders lost contact with their troops and intelligent action became impossible.

Nevertheless Russia in defeat contributed mightily to the ultimate success of her allies. Two veteran German corps were withdrawn from the right wing moving through Belgium and France on the Western front and sent to East Prussia to stem the Russian attack. Had these two corps been present at the Battle of the Marne which occurred almost simultaneously with von Hindenberg's victory the whole course of the

war might have been changed. The Germans crushed the Russians on the east but they failed to attain Paris in the west.

General Golovine's book is a valuable addition to the military histories of the Great War. It is supplemented by adequate documentation and by a dossier of excellent maps and diagrams. Forewords by Marshal Foch and General Heintzelman point out the great importance of the operations on the Russian front.

Increase in Warrant Officers

Representative Hoeppel of California introduced a bill in the House of Representatives on March 11 which authorized the strength of warrant officers of the United States Army shall be 1,175. It further authorized the Secretary of War to appoint to that office within six months from the date of passage of the act, "a sufficient number of deserving enlisted men of the Regular Army, having a minimum of ten years active military service."

Army Confirmations

The following Army nominations were confirmed by the Senate March 11:

Transfers—1st Lt. J. S. Neary to Ordnance Department; 1st Lt. Logan Clarke to Field Artillery; 2nd Lt. R. N. Tyson to Field Artillery.

Promotions—L. S. Fountain to be lieutenant colonel, DC; J. L. Schock to be lieutenant colonel, DC; C. W. Lewis to be lieutenant colonel, DC.

General Pershing's Views

Increases in enlisted grades and ratings, liberalization of opportunities for advancement for the enlisted men, funds for carrying out the Thompson act were urged by General John J. Pershing as means for improving national defense in a letter to Representative John J. McSwain, Chairman of the House Military Affairs Committee this week.

Representative McSwain sent out letters to about 285 retired general officers of the Army, asking that knowledge gained through experience be given the Committee for the advancement of national defense and general welfare of the Army.

Following is the letter from General Pershing:

Hon. John J. McSwain,
House of Representatives, Washington, D. C.
My Dear Mr. McSwain:

With reference to your letter of January 28, I have been following with keen interest the press reports of your activities in behalf of national defense, and regard it as very essential that your efforts meet with success. There is very little of any great importance that I could suggest along the lines of improvement in the Army that has not been of Staff and others. I can only point out that the Army for peacetime service and as a basis of expansion for war were embodied in the National Defense Act of 1920, the attainment and perfection of which seem to be the goal toward which you are working. At the termination of my tour of service as Chief of Staff I made an exhaustive report, copy enclosed, including recommendations based upon my experience in the World War and later. That report expresses, in general, my views at the present time.

With reference to Army personnel, the so-called Thompson Act, which has my hearty endorsement, will provide splendid material, and no doubt will do much to increase enthusiasm for military training in the R. O. T. C. It is highly desirable that this act be made effective by the appropriation of the necessary funds. The R. O. T. C. and C. M. T. C. are turning out annually young men who have shown their aptitude for military training many of whom have demonstrated initiative and leadership of high order. These are exactly the qualities that we should look for in the selection of young men for appointment to West Point. Perhaps some modification of the present method of choosing appointees to the Military Academy might well be considered with a view of making the most promising of these young men available for selection.

As to enlisted personnel, the higher the class of men drawn into the Army the more efficient will be our armed forces. To secure the type of men desired the service must be made more attractive, and it seems to me that this can only be done by offering additional inducements. Of course, increases in grades and ratings should be provided to meet increases in the strength of the Army but in any reconsideration of the system study should be given to methods for liberalizing the opportunities for advancement. Certainly, to my mind, the Army should not be at a disadvantage in this regard with other branches of the service.

Yours very sincerely,
John J. Pershing.

"Mr. Speaker, I think most disinterested and impartial thinkers will agree with General Pershing that perhaps some modification of the present method of appointing cadets to the Military Academy should be had so that the most promising young men should be available for that training," said Representative McSwain after reading General Pershing's letter.

"Mr. Speaker, in the effort to find the best method possible of selecting the very best young men available to become Army officers and to take appointments to the Military Academy entirely and completely off the political auction block I have introduced H. R. 10389, on which there will be a hearing before the Committee on Military Affairs on next Wednesday, March 18, beginning at 10:30 a. m., and I respectfully invite any Member of Congress and any citizen of the United States that may be interested in this problem to appear and offer any constructive suggestions."

H. R. 10389 gives the President power to make all appointments to the Military Academy upon application to the Secretary of War before Jan. 1 of the year entrance is desired. Under the proposed bill, the President will hold competitive examinations and make appointments accordingly.

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Oppose Cut in CCC

Asserting that the Civilian Conservation Corps is "the one expenditure of Government funds against which no one in the United States make complaint," Representative Jack Nichols, Oklahoma democrat, is circulating among members of Congress a petition urging the President not to cut the CCC but to maintain it at 500,000.

The petition, which, it is said, already has been signed by more than 200 members of the House, will be presented to President Roosevelt probably today, March 14.

The petition states:
TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES

We, the undersigned members of the House of Representatives, being mindful of the great good that is flowing from the activities of the CCC camps in the United States, not only as the physical good that their labor is doing for the forests, the parks, the Biological Survey, the T.V.A., Bureau of Reclamation, Division of Grazing, and the Soil Conservation Service, and other constructive miscellaneous undertakings; and being mindful of the further healthy results that flow therefrom by reason of the fact that this Program at its outset took some half million boys of this nation off of the highways and the streets, took them out of criminal pursuits and placed them in healthy, sanitary, well regulated, character-building occupation, from which they earn a sufficient amount of money to each month send their folks at home \$25; and feeling sure that the expense incurred by the Government in order to carry on this wonderful Program is the one expenditure of Governmental funds against which no one in the United States makes complaint; and feeling sure that the Program and the results obtained therefrom are justified in every respect;

We therefore respectfully petition you to rescind the recent order reducing the personnel in CCC camps, and urge you to maintain this personnel at 500,000 and pledge you our best efforts to maintain this agency through the appropriation of sufficient funds to carry on the program in this proportion.

Speaking on the floor Representative Nichols declared:
"At the present time there are 430,000 boys in these camps, and there are 2,158 such camps in the United States, established at a cost of from \$16,000 to \$18,000 per camp. This brings me to my point: An Executive order has been issued which proposes to throw 94,000 of these boys back onto the roads and the streets of this Nation where they will again find themselves in the same shape they were before they were taken off the roads and placed in the CCC camps. This Executive order states that on April 1 of this year the CCC camps must be reduced from 2,158 to 1,703, and that on July 1 there will be a further cut to 1,456 camps from the present number of 2,158."

"Mr. Speaker, I do not think the membership of this House can accord to sit idly by and see this thing happen. I say without fear of contradiction that this is one part of the recovery program about which none of you gentlemen has ever received complaint from your district. Therefore I think this House should take steps to stop this reduction in camps."

The Case of Gen. Hagood

The furore that arose over the relief of Maj. Gen. Johnson Hagood from command of the Eighth Corps Area seemed to have quieted down somewhat this week.

Two bills were introduced by Representative May, Kentucky democrat, calling for an investigation. It is generally considered, however, that similar action will be taken by the House to that taken by the Senate where the Military committee declined to favor the measure on the grounds that all the facts are now available, so nothing could be gained and that furthermore it would be interfering with the administration of military affairs.

Dispatches from San Antonio reported this week that General Hagood was honored there March 10 with a luncheon by the Business and Professional Men's Post of the American Legion. Active and retired officers attended the luncheon, as well as a number of leading citizens. General Hagood responded briefly to complimentary re-

marks, his only reference to his relief being that on that subject he had "nothing to say now and would have nothing to say in the future."

The lull in discussion of the subject on the floor of the House and Senate was in contrast to the week before when it was frequently brought up.

General Craig Supports Increase

In response to questioning from members of the Senate Appropriations committee, General Malin Craig, chief of staff of the Army, gave the committee a complete story of the Army's enlisted personnel situation. The committee's reaction to the reasons for the need of 165,000 enlisted strength was to amend the House bill so as to provide for the higher strength.

In his testimony General Craig said: "As the members of the committee know, the mission of the Regular Army is threefold—that is, the defense and security of our overseas possessions, the training of a nucleus on which may be mobilized a civilian army adequate to meet a national emergency, and a small, efficient covering force prepared to meet a sudden attack from without, upheaval from within, or interference with the orderly processes of a mobilization. A failure to accomplish any one of these essential missions might lead to national disaster."

"A reduction in the enlisted strength of the Army from 165,000 to 150,000 will not affect the size of the overseas garrisons. These garrisons will be kept at the irreducible minimum even if the forces in the Continental United States have to be reduced disproportionately. Even at this proposed strength, these overseas forces can do little more than discourage a casual attack or delay a determined invasion until reinforcements arrive. For continuous sustained action they are decidedly lacking in essential strength. For example, there are not enough artillerymen to man the guns. The infantry and engineers, in addition to their normal missions, must operate antiaircraft and beach-defense weapons. The Air Corps, notably in Panama, has the secondary mission of manning ground antiaircraft lookout stations miles from their normal posts of duty. Yet with the forces thus abnormally disposed to bolster up the defense in every conceivable way, I am quite convinced that the overseas garrisons should not be reduced by one single man."

"The nucleus upon which our citizen army will be mobilized is at a bare minimum. It cannot be further reduced without most seriously endangering the success of the mobilization. In the final analysis, victory or defeat in a national emergency depends upon the effectiveness of our great citizen army. It must be quickly mobilized, thoroughly trained, and adequately prepared for early and effective participation in battle."

"Now we come to the defense forces in the Continental United States. With a Regular Army of 165,000 enlisted men, the fixed seacoast defenses are practically on a caretaking basis."

Senator Copeland, "That is on the basis of what number?"

General Craig, "One hundred and sixty-five thousand—the full number. Here and there in the most important defenses there would be complete companies to fire the guns occasionally, test the fire-control mechanism, assure some measure of training for the officers and enlisted men of the Regular Army, and provide for the training of the National Guard and the Organized Reserve. Our seacoast defenses are woefully lacking in antiaircraft guns. This bill provides funds to undertake the betterment of this condition. Reduction below 165,000 enlisted men will seriously interfere with the proper care of our fixed defenses, and handicap the training of both the Regular Army and the civilian components."

"The mobile forces of the Regular Army in the Continental United States must be in constant readiness to meet an aggressive attack from without, a sudden upheaval from within, or a call for the immediate reinforcement of the

garrisons of our overseas possessions, Panama, Hawaii, and so forth."

"With a Regular Army of 165,000 enlisted men, this mobile force will have a strength of about 106,000, of which approximately 90,000 are combat troops. A reduction to 150,000 will reduce this covering force to an aggregate of about 92,000, of which approximately 79,000 are combat troops, including the mobile units of the Air Corps and Coast Artillery. This is just about the size of the crowd which witnessed the last Army-Navy football game at Franklin Field, Philadelphia. Now if we have to take from this force reinforcements for our overseas garrisons, the pitifully small size of our mobile force under both the 165,000 and 150,000 limits is evident."

"Following the lessons of the World War, we drew up a plan for national defense to meet what seemed to be our potential needs. The keystone to this plan was a Regular Army of 280,000 enlisted men, organized into 9 divisions. Due to the lack of officers and men to make this plan workable, my predecessor in office revised the plan to meet our absolutely minimum requirements. His revision, the four-Army plan, requires at least 165,000 enlisted men to make it effective. It is a modest plan compared with the size, wealth, and population of our country. Instead of the nine divisions, we now propose to have four divisions and five skeletonized brigades."

"It should be understood that in the four divisions and five brigades of the Regular Army many essential elements are missing. In some an entire organization, such as a regiment of artillery, is lacking. In others, battalions are inactive; and in a number of the active battalions entire companies are nonexistent."

"It is not intended to use the 165,000 men to organize any of these missing units. The men are needed to vitalize the existing units and bring them to a size to permit effective combat use, quick expansion in case of an emergency, and efficient training of the Regular Army and its civilian components. These men are not to be used to form any new organizations. They are to bring up, not to war strength but to higher strength, the units we have."

Senator Copeland, "Am I right in the conclusion which comes to my mind that even with the 165,000 you would not have such an army as the Department considers to be necessary, or such an army as the country ought to have?"

General Craig, "I would put it that is the minimum number, as worked out by my predecessor, General MacArthur, under which the National Defense Act could be carried out."

Liberalize Retired Restriction

On the recommendation of the War Department, the Senate Appropriations committee altered the wording of the provision restricting civil employment of retired officers of the Army so as to lessen the hardship imposed by it upon such officers. Under the amendment reported by the committee their field of employment would be considerably widened.

In explaining the amendment, Maj. Gen. Frederick W. Coleman, chief of Finance, told the committee:

"I would like to analyze the language we are recommending in comparison with that carried in the House bill. The first sentence of the language carried in the House bill is continued without any significant change in the proviso in the proposed language; such changes as have been made are merely to conform to the Navy legislation. Our objection to the language of the House bill is in the second sentence, which operates to prevent an officer retired before reaching the age of 64 from accepting employment from any individual or agency which makes sales to the War Department. In these days this is almost tantamount to forbidding any such retired officer from accepting employment from any private individual or agency whose work includes any sales activities, since such individual or agency is likely, at any time, to make regular or frequent sales to the War Department. The impropriety is manifest of an officer in active service being employed by any such in-

dividual or agency, and this impropriety is recognized and forbidden in the Navy legislation and in that which we propose. But when an officer has been retired, and (as in the case of many thus retired before reaching the age of 64) with a very limited retired pay, it seems to be a most unjust discrimination to practically prevent his securing employment in order to supplement his meager retired pay, as well as a restriction on his activities which is really not warranted by any consideration of public policy. Surely, there can be no reason for discriminating between retired Army and Navy officers in this respect."

"I believe that Congress intends to treat the Army and the Navy exactly alike. This provision will do it."

Reenlistment Allowances

After an attempt to strike out the provision in the Treasury Postoffice appropriation bill continuing the ban on payment of the reenlistment allowance failed in committee, the Senate without debate this week suspended the allowance for another year.

Supporters of restoration of the allowance, losing their fight within the Senate Appropriations Committee, did not carry the fight onto the floor and the bill was passed with the provision continuing the suspension intact. While the bill must now go to conference between the Senate and House to settle charges made in the upper house, the allowance suspension section cannot be altered as it has been approved by both houses. The only hope for payment of the bonus next year is for Congress to write into a later appropriation bill a provision permitting its payment.

Chances of such action are not very good, although Senator Royal S. Copeland, Dem. of N. Y., who favors restoration, told the Army and Navy Journal this week after the passage of the Treasury-Postoffice bill that he would attempt to insert language in the deficiency bill to this effect.

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Service Legislative Summary

BILLS INTRODUCED

Army

Representative McSwain, HR 11639 (by request). To amend Sect. 4 (b) of the National Defense Act. (Giving President authority to set number of enlisted grades and ratings.)

Representative HR 11640 (by request). To amend Articles of War 50½ and 70.

Representative McLeod, H. J. Res. 513. Requesting the President to reinstate Maj. Gen. Johnson Hagood to active duty and assignment to command of the 8th Corps Area.

Senator Fletcher, S. 4210. To authorize the Secretary of War to acquire, by donation, lands in De Soto and/or Charlotte and/or Highlands County, Fla., for expansion of Dorr and/or Carlstrom Fields, of other fields, for use of air forces of the Army.

Representative McSwain, HR 11719 (by request). To readjust the pay of warrant officers.

Representative McSwain, HR 11720 (by request). Relating to pay and promotion of noncommissioned officers of the Army.

Representative Maverick, HR 11724. To authorize appropriations for construction at military posts.

Representative McSwain, HR 11727. To provide for the National Defense by promoting the development and improvement of military aircraft.

Representative May, H. Res. 445. Authorizing the Committee on Military Affairs to investigate the removal from command of Maj. Gen. Johnson Hagood.

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Representative Hoeppel, HR 11742. To increase the authorized strength of warrant officers of the Army.

Representative McSwain, HR 11743 (by request). To promote national defense by creating a separate promotion list for Air Corps Officers of the U. S. Army.

Representative May, H. Res. 450. Requesting the President of the United States to reinstate Maj. Gen. Johnson Hagood to active duty and assignment to his former command of the 8th Corps Area.

Navy

Representative Maas, HR 11681. To provide for the reorganization, administration, and maintenance of the United States Naval Reserve, the United States Marine Corps Reserve.

Representative Maas, HR 11682. To establish a graded retired list for the enlisted men of the Navy.

Representative Bloom, H. J. Res. 518. Making appropriations for the fabrication, transportation, and erection of the Navy and Marine Memorial Monument.

ACTION ON BILLS

Army

HR 3029. "To authorize the acquisition of additional land for the use of Walter Reed General Hospital." Reported out favorably, with an amendment, by the House Military Committee March 5.

S. Res. 239. "To investigate the circumstances attending the removal of Maj. Gen. Johnson Hagood from command of the 8th Corps Area." Reported out adversely by Senate Military Committee March 9.

S. Con. Res. 30. To recognize April 6, 1936, as Army Day." Reported out favorably by Senate Military Committee March 10.

Navy

S. 2219. "For the relief of D. A. Neuman, former lieutenant, supply corps, U. S. Naval Reserve." Senate concurred in House amendment March 5; now goes to President for signature.

S. 2682. (For the relief of Chief Carpenter William F. Twitchell, USN.) Reported out favorably by House Naval Committee March 6.

HR 8372. "To authorize the acquisition of lands in the vicinity of Miami, Fla., as a site for a naval air station and to authorize the construction and installation of a naval air station thereon." Reported out favorably by Senate Naval Committee March 9.

H. J. Res. "Authorizing the President to present in the name of Congress a Medal of Honor to J. Harold Arnold." Reported out favorably with an amendment by Senate Naval Committee March 10.

HR 11053. "Authorizing the President to present the Distinguished Service Medal to Commander Percy Tod, British Navy, and the Navy Cross to Lt. Comdr. Charles A. deW. Kiteat, British Navy." Reported out favorably with amendments by Senate Naval Committee March 10.

S. 3720. "To authorize the Secretary of the Navy to accept on behalf of the United States the bequest of the late Henry H. Rogers." Reported out favorably by Senate Naval Committee March 10.

Coast Guard

HR 10919. "Making appropriations for the Treasury and Post Office Departments for fiscal year 1937." (Containing appropriations for Coast Guard.) Reported out with amendments by Senate Appropriations committee March 9.

Status of Promotion

ARMY PROMOTION STATUS

Promotions and Vacancies on the Promotion List (Cumulative) since March 6, 1936

Last promotion to the grade of Colonel—William A. Gance, Inf., No. 648. Last nomination to the grade of Colonel—George E. N. Dalley, Inf., No. 357. Vacancies—None. Senior Lieutenant Colonel—Abbott Boone, FA, No. 658.

Last promotion to the grade of Lieutenant Colonel—William F. Maher, FA, No. 1594. Last nomination to the grade of Lieutenant Colonel—George J. Richards (CE) GSC, No. 1602. Vacancies—None. Senior Major—John S. Smylie, CAC.

Last promotion to the grade of Major—Henry W. Borntraeger, Inf., No. 4231. Last nomination to the grade of Major—Winfield R. McKay, Inf., No. 4241. Vacancies—None. Senior Captain—William H. Johnson, Inf., No. 4242.

Last promotion to the grade of Captain—Harold V. Roberts, Inf., No. 7719. Vacancies—None.

Last promotion to the grade of 1st Lieutenant—Erskine Clerk, CAC, No. 9613. Vacancies—None.

Non-Promotion List

Medical Corps

Norminated for appointment as 1st Lieutenant—1st Lt. Edwin S. Kagy, Med.-Res.

Nominated for promotion to Major—Capt. Edward J. Kallus, Medical Corps.

Dental Corps

Nominated for promotion to Major—Capt. James M. Epperly, Dental Corps.

Veterinary Corps

Nominated for promotion to Lieutenant Colonel—Maj. George W. Brower, Veterinary Corps.

NAVY PROMOTION STATUS

March 5, 1936

The following are the last officers who either have been commissioned in or have become due for promotion to the various grades and ranks in the Navy.

Line

Rear Adm. Gilbert J. Rowcliff, Capt. Edward J. Foy, Comdr. Otto Nimitz, Lt. Comdr. Clayton S. Isgrig, Lt. Lewis M. Markham, Jr.

Medical Corps

Rear Adm. John M. Brister, Capt. Gordon D. Hale, Comdr. John H. Robbins, Lt. Comdr. Fred M. Robow, Lt. Clifford W. Moore.

Dental Corps

Comdr. H. R. McCleery, Lt. Comdr. Raymond D. Reid, Lt. Walter P. Caruthers.

Supply Corps

Rear Adm. Charles Conard, Capt. Duette W. Rose, Comdr. C. L. Austin, Lt. Comdr. David W. Robinson, Lt. Robert L. Grove, Lt. (jg) Carl F. Falres, jr.

Chaplain

Capt. Edward A. Duff, Comdr. Thomas F. Regan, Lt. Comdr. Stanton W. Salisbury, Lt. Emmett O'Neill.

Construction Corps

Rear Adm. Richard M. Watt, Capt. Ralph T. Hanson, Comdr. C. F. Osborn, Lt. Comdr. Floyd A. Tusler, Lt. John H. Spiller.

Civil Engineer Corps

Rear Adm. Reuben E. Bakenhus, Capt. R. M. Warfield, Comdr. L. B. Combs, Lt. Comdr. Chas. T. Dickerman, Lt. William B. Howard.

MARINE CORPS PROMOTION STATUS

March 12, 1936

Last Commissioned Last to make number

Major General

Louis McC. Little Louis McC. Little

Brigadier General

James T. Buttrick J. C. Beaumont

Colonel

Charles J. Miller A. E. Randall

Lieutenant Colonel

Samuel C. Cumming E. P. McCaulley

Major

Hamilton M. H. Fleming C. W. Le Gette

Captain

Adolph Zuber F. H. Brink

First Lieutenant

Cleo R. Keen Eustace R. Smoak

CPO Appointments

The following acting appointments for promotions as Chief Petty Officers was authorized by the Navy Department for the month of March:

Chief Boatswain's Mate—Irvin L. DeLaGrange, Richard C. McClure, Ahren E. Lott, Everard W. Haun, Vernon C. Bonk.

Chief Gunner's Mate—James B. Ghlsson, Everett T. Blais, Fred G. Welch.

Chief Torpedoman—James H. Renner, Rudolph H. Kowitz.

Chief Turret Captain—Theron M. Duncan, Chief Quartermaster—Francis A. Wood, Jacob R. Bohannon.

Chief Signalman—Colin F. McDonald, Joseph E. Maxwell.

Chief Electrician's Mate—Hugh Kelly, Clarence L. Foster, Gale G. Spohn, Richard T. Rospiach, Garson S. Waldhorn.

Chief Radioman—Jack G. Maloney, Harry W. Curry, Merlin J. Cone.

Chief Carpenter's Mate—Roy F. Nelson, Chief Shipfitter—John Fisher.

Chief Machinist's Mate—Merrill Seymour, Harry G. Hamilton, Albert F. Nordgren.

Thomas J. Ford, Harry V. Books, Earl J. Stevens, Adam Novak, Albert D. Robbins, Ruben A. Drumlow, James L. Harbin.

Chief Watertender—Lauris Q. Tankersley, Marvin J. Hankins, George Vavrek, John Williams.

Chief Metalsmith—William H. Berry, Chief Yeoman—Donald G. Tate, Louis Freeman, Arthur E. Stone, Max "M" McCoy, Harold Carter.

Chief Storekeeper—Howard Leich, James S. Smith, Harold E. Manzy, Herbert J. Hoard.

Chief Pharmacist's Mate—Mathias Forst, Joseph E. Packard, George W. Weise, Jesse W. Zachry, Andrew R. Taylor, Arvin L. Maines.

Chief Commissary Steward—Charles T.

Myers, Charles H. Clifford.

Aviation Chief Machinist's Mate—Kenneth H. McCordle.

Chief Aerographer—Lloyd, White. Aviation Chief Ordnanceman—Tillman Goley.

Financial Digest

The daily average volume of Federal Reserve bank credit outstanding during the week ended March 4, as reported by the Federal Reserve banks, was \$2,478,000,000, a decrease of \$4,000,000 compared with the preceding week and an increase of \$19,000,000 compared with the corresponding week in 1935.

On March 4 total Reserve bank credit amounted to \$2,475,000,000, unchanged from a week ago. Increases of \$70,000,000 in money in circulation and \$13,000,000 in non-member deposits and other Federal Reserve accounts were offset by increases of \$4,000,000 in monetary gold stock and \$4,000,000 in Treasury and national bank currency and decreases of \$26,000,000 in member bank reserve balances and \$51,000,000 in Treasury cash and deposits with Federal Reserve banks. Member bank reserve balances on March 4 were estimated to be approximately \$3,040,000,000 in excess of legal requirements.

Relatively small changes were reported in holdings of discounted and purchased bills and industrial advances. An increase of \$20,000,000 in holdings of United States Treasury bills was offset by a decrease of \$20,000,000 in holdings of United States Treasury notes.

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Service Sports

Annapolis, Md.—Navy's varsity athletic teams emerged victorious in three of its four events on Saturday, March 7, and tied the other, while the Plebes lost both of its contests. Princeton was the victim of Navy's strong gymnast team 31-23; Maryland University was out-shot at rifle, 1,385-1,371; Pennsylvania wrestlers were defeated in a close match, 14-12, and Columbia's fencers tied the Navy, 13½-13½. Maryland University's freshman rifle team triumphed over the Plebes, 1,363-1,349, and Mercersburg Academy swimmers trimmed the Plebes, 37-25.

West Point, N. Y.—Both Army's varsity and Plebe boxing teams were held to a 4-4 tie here Saturday, March 7, by the Penn State varsity and freshmen salt slingers. In other events Yale's fencers defeated the varsity, 15-12; Army swamped the M.I.T. gymnasts, 33-1; Essex Troop riflers were beaten, 1,350-1,294, and the Yale Junior Varsity fencers triumphed over the Army Junior Varsity, 15½-11½.

Annapolis, Md.—Sixty-six midshipmen reported to Lt. Thomas J. Hamilton, head coach, for spring football practice on March 6. The practice period was given over mainly to loosening up exercises and fundamentals. Real work of the practice began this week.

Newport, R. I.—The Training Station here got sweet revenge for an earlier defeat at the hands of the Providence College Freshmen on March 5 by taking them over the jumps, 32-28.

Ft. Myer, Va.—Scoring three knock-outs, the Ft. Myer boxing team defeated Ft. Howard on March 10, 5-1.

Annapolis, Md.—Navy announced its rowing schedule for the coming season on March 9. In addition to the Poughkeepsie Regatta, the Olympic tryouts

and the Henleys, Navy crews will meet six college eights in dual and triangular matches. The schedule follows:

April 18—Columbia (varsity, junior varsity and freshmen), at Annapolis.

May 2—Cornell (varsity, junior varsity, freshmen and 150-pounds), at Annapolis; 9—Princeton and Syracuse (Triangular), at Princeton; 16—Adams Cup races with Harvard and Pennsylvania (varsity, junior varsity and freshmen), at Cambridge; 30—Henley Regatta (150-pound crew), at Philadelphia.

June 22—Poughkeepsie Regatta (probable), crews to be decided later.

Panama—Despite the 9-5 licking it handed the third place Albion nine on Feb. 22, 2nd Field Artillery still remains in last place of Pacific Sector baseball league.

Cristobal—Ft. Randolph's crack gold team took the lead in the Atlantic Sector tournament on Feb. 26. Only one point separates the two leading teams, Ft. Randolph and Ft. Davis, and three other teams are only two and a half points apart.

Panama—Fleet Air Base took the Sub Base baseball team over the jumps on Feb. 26, winning 9-2. Five errors by the Sub Base nine aided the victors no little.

CCC Purchases

Robert Fechner, Director of Emergency Conservation Work, has announced that contracts were awarded during January and February for more than \$1,000,000 worth of trucks and other heavy equipment for use in the operation of the CCC work programs.

Most of the contracts called for the delivery of equipment such as dump trucks, power shovels, tractors, compressors and other machinery needed in the conduct of the CCC work programs. These heavy machinery purchases totalled \$1,111,599.57. In addition, several thousand dollars' worth of miscellaneous equipment and tools was purchased.

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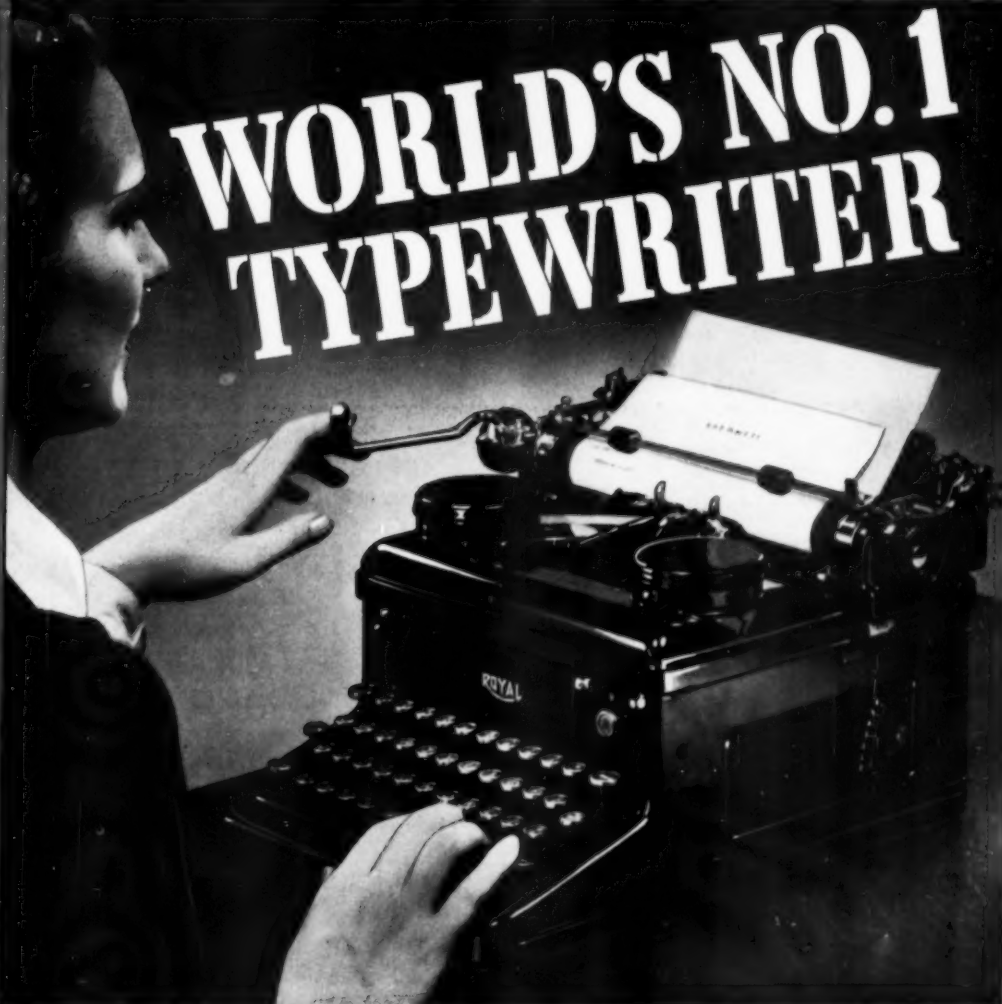
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menu in hand, as he speaks to one of the diners. William says of Camels: "Camels and good food go together. Our patrons naturally prefer quality tobaccos, judging by the popularity that Camels enjoy here. So we try to keep well stocked with Camels."



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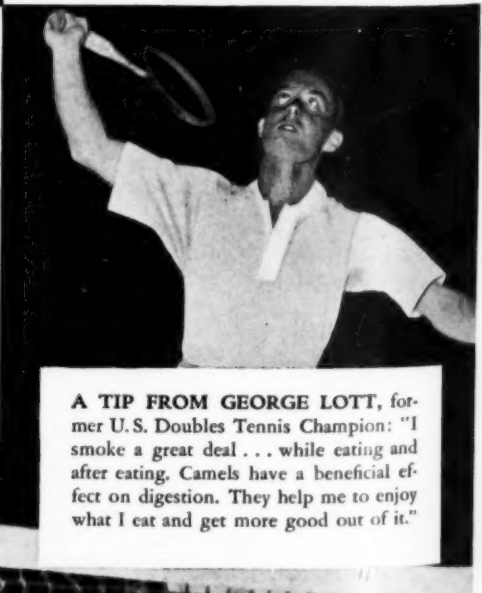


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